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ANNUAL
CATALOGUE
1923
of
CELEBRATED
O.K. SEEDS

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Remember
O.K. Seeds
Are Reliable

Special Attention
is called to the
low prices of
Seeds etc.
in this
Catalogue

Everitt's **O.K. SEEDS** Store

227 WEST WASHINGTON ST.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

PERSONAL TO ALL WHO BUY SEEDS

MR. AND MRS.
SEED BUYER AND PLANTER:

You want seeds that will grow, that will make a **good garden** when planted, that will supply your table with **delicious vegetables** and your home with **beautiful flowers** and make **glad harvests** in your fields. Then order the **O. K. SEEDS** from this catalogue. **O. K. SEEDS** are **thorobred seeds**. They are not cheap seeds, but the **best seeds** and sold at **moderate prices**.

O. K. SEEDS ON EVERY FARM AND IN EVERY GARDEN!

This is our ambition. The edition of this catalogue runs into the hundreds of thousands. We want to make it a couple of millions in a few years. We know this can only be done by **selling the best seeds at moderate prices**. **High Quality and Moderate Prices** are the inducements this catalogue offers you and on this policy we ought to realize our ambition. Nothing can stand against an article of equal quality at a lower price. Witness the tremendous success of the 5 and 10 cent stores; of Henry Ford as a manufacturer and seller of Automobiles at lower prices, and other examples of great business from small margins. Small profits and many sales. One of the largest seed growers of the country who does not retail seeds wrote us: "The time for getting high-prices for staple garden seeds, in my opinion, has gone by. The seedsman who reduces his prices will get the largest part of the trade." We have met the demands of the times in issuing a neat, inexpensive catalogue and reducing the prices. We believe seed buyers will appreciate this and send us their orders.

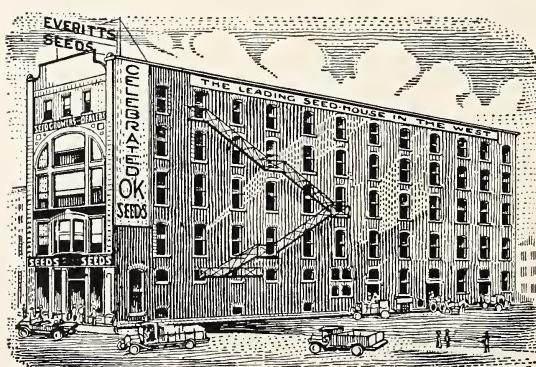
Order O. K. SEEDS. Plant O. K. SEEDS in 1923

Register your letter, or remit by post office or express money order, bank draft or check. 1c or 2c postage stamps accepted in small amounts.

Be sure to sign your name and give full address every time you write. Write plainly. When your address changes give old as well as new.

Don't order goods sent to a station where there is no agent unless you send enough to prepay the freight.

We **deliver** all seeds priced in packets to 4 lbs. unless stated to the contrary. Keep this in mind when comparing prices. We can send any larger quantity by parcels post if you send postage extra. See **Parcel Post** map and table on 3rd cover page.



Home of O. K. Seeds. On This Spot 36 Years

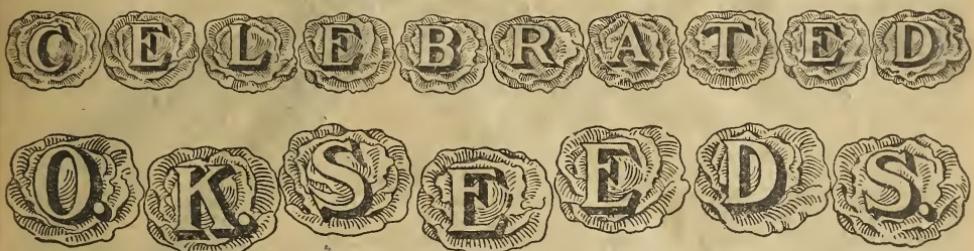
AS TO WARRANTY We exercise care to have all of our seeds pure, true and reliable, but in growing, buying, handling, shipping and cleaning seeds, also in growing the crops from them, so many things may occur over which we have no control, that we, in common with all other responsible seedsmen, do not give any warranty, express or implied, as to the description, quality or productivity, or any other matter, of any seeds bulbs or plants we send out, and will not be responsible for the crops.

Address All Orders to

Everitt's (CK) Seed Store

227 West Washington Street, Indianapolis, Indiana

General List of



In submitting this catalogue and asking you for an order, we cannot wish you anything better for 1923 than the satisfaction that will come from a garden planted with O. K. SEEDS.

Everitt's (CK)

CULTURE—Sow early in hotbed, or outdoors in May. Transplant to rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet apart in row. Cultivate clean. It is hardy in the north. Three oz. of seed will sow 100 feet of row for plants.

Artichoke Seed

GREEN GLOBE—The unripe flower heads are used, and when properly prepared are delicious. Pkt. 5c.

Everitt's (CK)

We recommend starting with the plants. One hundred plants should, with care, supply an ordinary family.

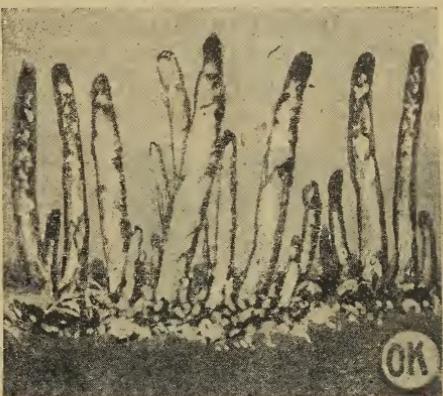
Asparagus Seed

COLUMBIA MAMMOTH WHITE—The sprouts stay white as long as fit to eat. It is among asparaguses what self-blanching celery is among celeries. Large and very tender. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 90c.

PALMETTO—One of the earliest and best. It resists rust and diseases better than some others. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 90c.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—The best known and a very satisfactory variety. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 90c.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS—Two year old, by mail, doz. 35c; 50 for 75c; 100 \$1.50; per 100 by express, not paid, \$1.25; 1000 \$9.00.



Columbia Mammoth White, Ready to Cut

Everitt's (CK) TRADE MARK

Seed Beans

CULTURE—Beans will grow on almost any kind of soil. Well rotted manure is best. Plant late enough in the season so the ground is warm and dry, although some plant earlier and risk a frost, for the sake of earliness. Plant in rows 15 inches to 2 feet apart, and thin to 3 to 6 inches apart. Cover 1 1/2 to 2 inches deep. Lima Beans should not be planted until the latter part of May. A quart of Lima Beans plants 100 hills, of the smaller sorts 200 hills. A quart of Snap Beans plants 150 feet of drill.

Dwarf or Bush Beans—Green Pod

IMPROVED EARLY RED VALENTINE—A very hardy, early, productive standard sort. Pods 4 1/2 inches long, round and crease backed, medium green, slightly stringy and good quality. Pkt. 8c; 1/2 lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

REFUGEE, EXTRA EARLY—A very hardy, early and productive popular bean. Pods 4 to 5 inches long, uniform, round and slightly crease backed, slightly stringy, brittle and fine grained. Pkt. 8c; 1/2 lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

LONG YELLOW SIX WEEKS—An old standard sort, very vigorous, hardy, productive and early. Pods 5 to 6 inches long, flat, with more or less string and of medium quality. Pkt. 8c; 1/2 lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

HORTICULTURAL—An old standard snap and shell sort. Pods about 5 inches long, almost stringless, greenish-yellow splashed with carmine. Pkt. 8c; 1/2 lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD—Early, hardy, vigorous and productive. Pods large, 5 inches long, stout, round and crease backed, dark green in color; strictly stringless, tender and brittle. Pkt. 8c; 1/2 lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

Giant Stringless

Somewhat similar to Burpee's Stringless, but pod is a little longer, straighter and more slender, more depressed between beans and slightly lighter in color; early, hardy and of highest quality. Pkt. 8c; 1/2 lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

FULL MEASURE—A fine stringless, early, medium green, high quality bean. Pods straight, 6 inches long, very fleshy, round, crease backed and showing depressions around the beans. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 46c; 5 lbs. @ 44c.

BOUNTIFUL—A most desirable variety of sturdy upright growth, hardy and productive. Free from rust and mildew, it bears early and continues for several weeks. Pods are seven to eight inches long, straight and flat, light green in color, tender, brittle and stringless. This is a popular variety for the market gardener as well as the home garden. Ready to use in about 45 days. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

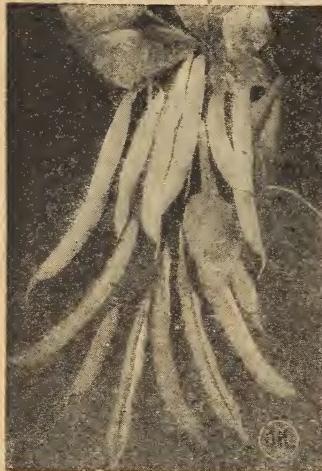
LONG WHITE MARROW—Large, oval-shaped white beans, grown as a field crop for baking. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

NAVY OR PEA BEAN—A small, round, white bean, extensively grown as a field crop. They are the Navy Bean of commerce. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 18c; lb. 30c; 5 lbs. @ 28c.

RED KIDNEY—The beans are deep red in color. Much raised as a field crop. Pkt. 7c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 18c; lb. 30c; 5 lbs. @ 28c.

Dwarf or Bush Beans—Wax Pod

GOLDEN WAX, RUSTLESS (Keeney's)—A fine variety, but has a tendency to make a runner, which in wet seasons, for a while, leads some to believe they have a pole bean. Pods 4 to 5 inches long of superior quality. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.



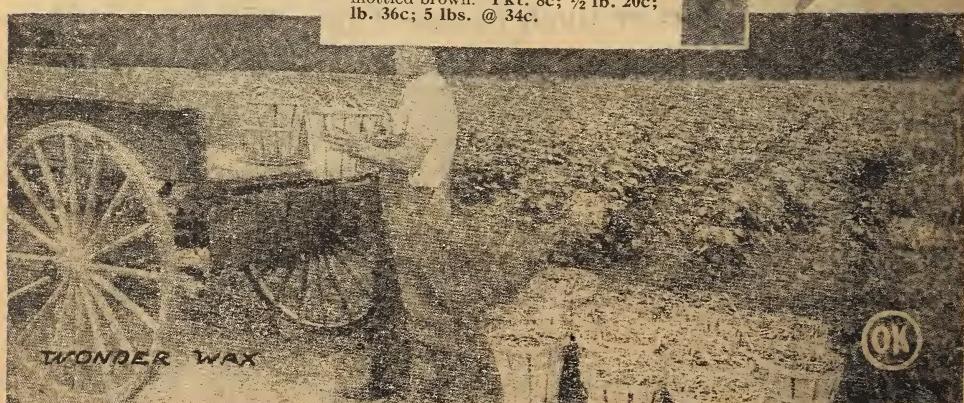
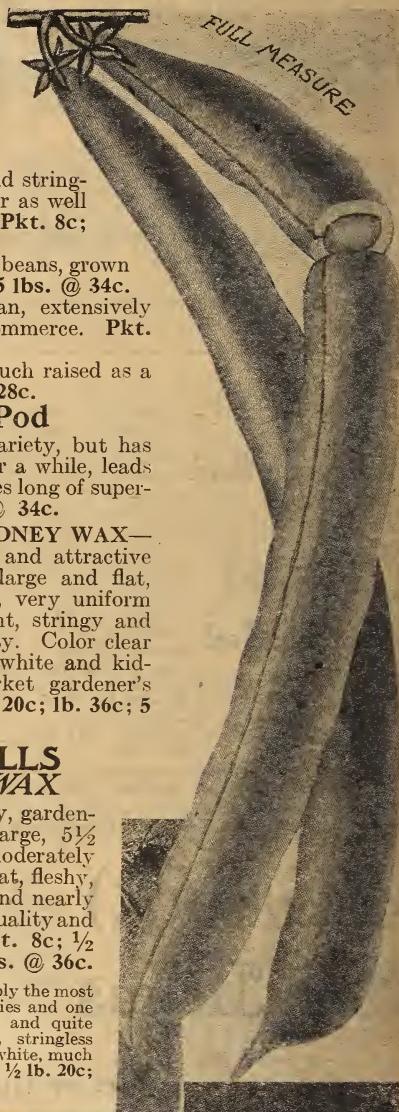
Keeney's Rustless
Golden Wax

DAVIS' WHITE KIDNEY WAX—An early, productive and attractive wax variety. Pods large and flat, $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 inches long, very uniform and extremely straight, stringy and fibrous and fair quality. Color clear bright yellow. Seed white and kidney shaped. A market gardener's sort. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

WARDWELLS KIDNEY WAX

A very popular, early, gardener's variety. Pods large, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 inches long, moderately stout, straight and flat, fleshy, brittle, fine grained and nearly stringless. Of good quality and very attractive. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 22c; lb. 38c; 5 lbs. @ 36c.

GOLDEN WAX—Probably the most popular of the wax varieties and one of the best. Very early and quite productive; flesh brittle, stringless and of good quality; seed white, much mottled brown. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.



WONDER WAX

Dwarf or Bush Beans—Wax Pod (Continued)

BLACK GERMAN WAX—Early; pods round, about five inches long, fleshy, brittle and stringless, deep yellow in color and attractive; a standard sort. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

WONDER WAX BEANS—Brings highest market prices—is a wonderfully heavy yielder—stringless and tender—fills every need for home and market. WONDER WAX belongs to the flat podded class. Grows 18 inches high and 2 feet across loaded with pods, 5 to 7 inches long; slim, flat, plump, handsome and meaty. This is the earliest wax-podded bean, in bearing for a long season. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 45c; 5 lbs. @ 43c.

Bush Lima Beans

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA—A vigorous, hardy, very early and small type of Bush Lima; much in favor with canners. Pods small, about 3 inches long, containing three to four small, flat, white beans of good quality. Much raised as a field crop for dry beans. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 38c; 5 lbs. @ 36c.

BURPEE'S IMP. BUSH LIMA—Both beans and pods larger than the old type; average one more bean to the pod; beans larger and thicker than in the old form. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 22c; lb. 42c; 5 lbs. @ 40c.

Pole and Corn Hill Beans

BURGER'S GREEN POD, or WHITE KENTUCKY WONDER—A very early, white seeded variety. Pods 6 to 7 inches long, round, slender and straight; very tender, fleshy and stringless; of high quality; color dark green. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.



Burgher's Stringless—This Shows How Prolific the Vine Is



Sieve or Butter Bean Showing a cluster of pods as they grow

WHITE DUTCH CASE KNIFE—Green snap, pods 7 to 8 inches in length, very straight and flat, stringy, brittle; mid-season; best as a shell bean. Beans ivory white. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 45c; 5 lbs. @ 43c.

KENTUCKY WONDER or **OLD HOMESTEAD**—The most popular, green-podded climbing, or corn-hill bean; early and productive. Pods 8 to 9 inches long, very slender. Tender and good quality. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX—One of the earliest of the pole wax sorts. Pods 8 to 9 inches long, thick, crease backed, very fleshy, brittle, some strings. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 22c; lb. 42c; 5 lbs. @ 40c.

RED SPECKLED CUT-SHORT, or CORN HILL—A well known, hardy, late and productive sort. Green pods, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 inches long, stout, straight and flat, stringy, fine grained. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 22c; lb. 42c; 5 lbs. @ 40c.

HORTICULTURAL POLE, or CRANBERRY—An old, well known, standard sort. Mid-season in maturity, hardy and productive. Pods 5 to 6 inches long, stringless and of good quality; color dark green, splashed with bright red. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 36c; 5 lbs. @ 34c.

Pole Lima Beans

KING OF THE GARDEN—An improved strain of large, white Lima; pods about an inch longer, proportionately wider and uniformly four seeded. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 22c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. @ 38c.

DREER'S IMPROVED—Plants very vigorous, very hardy, late and productive. Pods about $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, containing 4 to 5 very thick medium sized beans of excellent quality. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 22c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. @ 38c.

Small Lima, or Sieva Beans small and white on the order of Henderson's Bush Lima. Plant of large growth, very early, vigorous and productive. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 22c; lb. 42c; 5 lbs. @ 40c.

Yard Long Beans or Chinese 3 Feet

An attractive and curious and delicious Pole Bean. With this bean the pods grow to be nearly a yard long. The whole pod and beans are crisp, tender and delicious, rivaling almost any of the little podded beans when cooked. If you want something in your garden that will be the wonder and admiration of the whole neighborhood plant a package of this bean. Pkt. 10c; 3 for 25c; 7 for 50c.

A SUGGESTION—Buy by the dollar's worth and sell them.



Everitt's (CK) TRADE MARK Beet Seeds

Extra Early Eclipse There are several excellent extra early beets, but I consider this in some respects just better than any of the others. It is round, very early, grows good size, and is very tender. Has small top, bright red flesh. It is excellent for home and market. The O. K. strain is unexcelled. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; 1lb., 90c; 5 lbs. @ 85c.

Edmand's Blood Turnip Second early. When we come to the turnip shaped beet, I give first place to this. The flesh is extra dark red, which causes it to be the most desired by market gardeners. For Winter it is very excellent, if planted late. Also splendid for forcing. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; 1lb. 85c; 5 lbs. @ 80c.

Crosby's Egyptian Extra early. If you want to raise any beets in a hot bed or greenhouse, pick this kind. Grows very quickly. The color is the rich vermillion so much admired by market gardeners and consumers. It can be grown in garden also; in fact, is one of the best. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; 1lb. 85c; 5 lbs. @ 80c.

DETROIT DARK RED

This variety is one of the best deep red turnip beets, not only for market gardeners, but also for home use and canning, making a strikingly handsome product, much superior to that obtained of most other varieties. Its early maturity, and the splendid shape and color of the root make it popular everywhere. On account of its small, upright growing tops the rows may be close together. Root globular or ovoid and very smooth; color of skin dark blood red; very crisp, tender and sweet, and remains so for a long time.

Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; 1lb. 85c; 5 lbs. @ 80c.

Long Blood Red If you want a large beet and at the same time an excellent one for table, especially in winter, select this. It requires longer to grow than the round ones, but you can get more of these from the same ground than of any other kind. It is so productive that it is profitable to grow for live stock. For Winter table use or for stock it can be planted as late as July or August. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; 1lb. 85c; 5 lbs. @ 80c.

GLOBE ON

The most beautiful beet of all, if beets can be called beautiful. Especially on light soil this handsome beet will be appreciated by all who try it. Round as a ball. The skin and flesh are both very dark. Quality the finest. Has a small top. Season, late. A good keeper. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; 1lb. 85c; 5 lbs. @ 85c.

Early Wonder An Improvement, by Selection, of Crosby's Egyptian

The beet that beats them all. This improved beet is destined to be wonderfully popular with our thousands of customers as rapidly as they come to know how excellent it is. It is the earliest, most perfect shaped, finest appearing beet of all. As a variety to bunch for the market it has no equal. The color is a rich dark red, small top, single tap root and a fine keeper. It is truly the ideal beet. It is not only recommended for first early, but for late fall sowing because it comes two weeks quicker than any other beet worth while. It merits a place in every garden, private or for market. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; 1lb. \$1.20.

Nutting's Early Gem Beet

Unexcelled in Quality and Appearance

This new beet will be esteemed on account of its desirable shape, smooth, beautiful appearance and unexcelled quality for the table. The color of skin and flesh is bright red. It reaches market and table size in a short time and continues to grow to good medium size, retaining its good qualities. Solid, sound and crisp. Highly recommended for stewing, canning, pickling and, if planted late, it makes a good Winter beet. It is one of our best specialties. Pkt. 6c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; 1lb. \$1.50.

KLEIN WANZLEBEN SUGAR—This is the richest in sugar, but is not profitable to grow for stock, as it is small and roots deep in the soil. Only recommended for making sugar. It is stated that 18 tons of sugar have been made from 100 tons of this beet. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; 1lb. 75c; 5 lbs. @ 65c.

Money Saved Price your needs from any other catalogue and then from this and note how much you can save.

CULTURE—For best results select a deep, rich loam and fertilize with well decomposed manure. Sow $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 16 inches apart, cover inch. Thin to 4 to 5 inches apart. Or sow in beds and transplant to garden, plant as soon as ground is fit in Spring for early. For Autumn plant May and June for Winter about July 1st, according to variety. One pkt. will make about 250 plants, one oz. about 800 plants; 7 lbs. per acre.



DANISH SLUDSTRUP



Crimson Globe

Everitt's (CK) Mangel Seed

MAMMOTH LONG RED MANGEL—If your soil is fairly deep, this is the one to plant. Grows very long and large, much out of the ground. Makes a great yield, as much as 60 tons to the acre. The favorite with dairymen and sheep raisers. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; 1b. 75c; 5 lbs. @ 65c.

GOLDEN TANKARD MANGEL—This variety grows almost entirely on top of the ground, it therefore is well adapted where the soil is not loose to much depth. Shape oval, color deep yellow, quality good, productive, early, easily harvested. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; 1b. 75c; 5 lbs. @ 65c.

CHAMPION YELLOW GLOBE MANGEL—The best yellow globe mangel. Heavy yielder and has high feeding value. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; 1b. 75c; 5 lbs. @ 65c.

Giant Danish Sludstrup Mangel

By Actual Test Excels Any Other Variety in Weight and Feeding Value

THIS variety was brought from Denmark. The Danish Government, to encourage the improvement of root crops, gives certificates of merit to growers who produce varieties of special merit. Sludstrup was awarded the highest certificate for the best mangel. In this country it is easily and far excelling other mangels in weight of crop that can be produced per acre, besides, this mangel has higher feeding value than an equal weight of other kinds. In color it is distinct, being reddish-yellow. Root large. It is easy to harvest because it grows more than half above the ground and has small tap root. More roots should be raised and will be raised, particularly by our dairymen. Pkt. 6c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; 1b. \$1.00.

Everitt's (CK)

CULTURE—Sow the seed in May. Plant to garden late in June or early in July, in rich mellow soil. Set 18 inches by 2 feet. Similar to Cauliflower.

LARGE WHITE—Heads compact and very certain to head. Delicious. White color Pkt. 8c; oz. 40c.

PURPLE CAPE—Similar to the white except in color, which is brownish purple. Pkt. 8c; oz. 40c.

Money Saved

Price your needs from any other catalogue and then from this and note how much you can save.

Here Are Some Letters That All Came in

Everitt's (O. K.) Seed Store:

Please send your catalogue. I got my seeds from you last year and had great success.—Mrs. Herman Hinbach, Lafayette, Ind.

Everitt's (O. K.) Seed Store:

You probably missed me with your catalogue so please send it right out. I like your O. K. Seeds because they grow so well.—Mrs. T. D. Breedlove, Granby, Mo.

Everitt's (O. K.) Seed Store:

Kindly send by return mail one of your catalogues. I like your seeds better than any others I ever planted.—Mrs. K. Richey, Route 2, Gladewater, Texas.

Everitt's (O. K.) Seed Store:

I have used your O. K. Seeds for some years and will not plant any other when I can get them. I have missed your catalogue this winter so I want you to send it as soon as possible. I remain your pleased customer.—Orin C. Leffew, Forbes, Tenn.

Everitt's (O. K.) Seed Store:

Will you please send your catalogue of O. K. Seeds? I want to buy some more seeds from you. I used to buy

Brussels Sprouts

CULTURE—Related to the cabbage family and produces a great number of small heads on the main stem. Plant the seed in moderately rich soil, in hills 2 feet apart each way. Leave only one plant to a hill. They are considered a great delicacy. Prepare like cabbage. One pkt. will give about 500 plants; one oz. about 2500 plants.

IMP. DWARF MARKET—The favorite variety in most parts of the country. Delicate flavor. A sure cropper. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

PARIS MARKET—A half dwarf kind. Most excellent and a sure cropper. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

One Mail and They Come in Every Mail

them and they were always O. K.—W. O. Richardson, Big Clifty, Ky.

P. S. The wheat obtained from you last fall looks the finest in the neighborhood.

Everitt's (O. K.) Seed Store:

Please send me your seed catalogue which I have missed. I want to buy my seeds from you because they grow better than any other seeds I have ever planted.—Nannie Craft, Chambers, Ky.

Everitt's (O. K.) Seed Store:

Please hurry one of your O. K. Seed catalogues for I need several kinds of your seed. Last year I raised them and they were the finest I ever had. I must have some more and I want the fresh seed from you.—L. S. Forbes, Canner, Ky.

Everitt's (O. K.) Seed Store:

Please send your catalogue quickly. I want to order my seeds. I have used your seeds and I had the finest quality of vegetables I ever raised.—Clarence Smiley, Austin, Ind.

Everitt's (CK)
TRADE
MARK
WASH.

Cabbage Seed

Extra Early and Early Varieties

EXTRA EARLY EXPRESS—About ten days earlier than Early Wakefield; heads small, heart-shaped and very solid; having but few outer leaves plants can be set very close. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Everitt's Selected Jersey Wakefield
early variety; heads pointed and very solid. oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.



Glory of Enkhuisen

CULTURE—Cabbage will succeed on any land that will grow good corn. New land is particularly good. The richer the soil the bigger will be the crop. Sow seed in hot bed or house for early, in beds for late or main crop. Early kinds set 18 inches apart. The late and large kinds in rows 2 to 3 feet apart and 2 to 3 feet in rows. Some growers plant the seed where it is to grow, with good results. Cultivate clean and thorough. Do not follow cabbage or turnips with cabbage. For early get the plants out as early as ground will permit. For late set about middle of June in latitude of Indianapolis. O. K. Brand Cabbage Seed is unexcelled. One pkt. will make about 300 plants, one oz. about 2,000 plants, one-quarter lb. for one acre.

CHARLESTON LARGE WAKEFIELD—Only about one week later than Early Jersey Wakefield, but the pointed heads are fully one-half larger. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

EARLY SUMMER—Heads medium in size, round, somewhat flattened, compact and solid; outer leaves spreading and light glaucous green. Ten days later than Jersey Wakefield and one of the best large, second early sorts. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

COPENHAGEN MARKET—Very fine, nearly as early as Jersey Wakefield stem short, heads large, round and solid, with few outer leaves of an upright growth. Pkt. 4c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

LOUISVILLE DRUMHEAD—Withstands summer heat splendidly; second early, heads large and solid. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

ALL SEASONS—Heads round and very deep; can be planted for second early or early or late crop; a splendid keeper; about as early as Early Summer, forming much larger heads; a favorite with kraut manufacturers. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

EARLY WINNINGSTADT, TRUE STOCK—Medium early, short stemmed; heads solid, fine grained, cone shaped and pointed; very productive and excellent quality. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

All Head Early Also called the Faultless. If you have limited space and want to make one variety of cabbage do for all purposes you can scarcely do better than to select this one. It is as early as early summer cabbages and makes such large, uniform, handsome, solid heads that it competes with the later fall varieties. Unsurpassed in eating qualities. Among kraut makers it is most popular because, having few leaves and nearly all head, such a large tonnage can be raised per acre. For Fall and Winter should be sown late. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Glory of Enkhuisen Cabbage

An Early, Solid-Headed Cabbage from Holland, of Superior Qualities

This new cabbage from Holland is rapidly becoming popular in this country. In season it is very early, with heads about twice as large as native varieties of same season and so solid that it weighs three times as much. These things mean a whole lot for this cabbage, enough, in fact, to gain for it a place in every garden. It has a dwarf, stocky growth, head is round as a ball, leaves fine ribbed and exceptionally tender. Being dwarf and compact it can be planted close—about 18 inches apart each way will accommodate the plants and heads. When properly planted it will yield as much weight per acre as later and large kinds. Besides being so good for Spring and Summer, it can be profitably raised for Fall use, by setting late in July. We suggest setting after some other crops are off. This cabbage will please you in all respects. Pkt. 6c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$3.25.



Danish Winter Ballhead



All Head Early. Desirable in every garden and a fine market variety. Always pleases.

Late and Winter Varieties of Cabbage

Everitt's Premium LATE FLAT DUTCH

Heads large, round, flattened medium stem and is very hardy. Excellent for slaw and famous for kraut. Practically 99 out of 100 plants will head, of our Premium stocks. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Surehead, Selected Stocks All Head and always sure to head. This is an exceptionally fine late cabbage of the Flat Dutch type, but with the outer leaves of more upright growth. Heads are large, round and flattened, very hard and fine-grained; splendid keeper. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

Danish Winter Ballhead As a cabbage for late Winter and Spring, this one from Denmark is distinctly the best variety. The heads are not as large as Late Flat Dutch, but are very solid and heavy. It is a rough and ready sort, thriving very well on thin soil and in adverse seasons. It is well and favorably known on nearly all markets

and is sought after in March and April, when it comes out of the pits as fresh as when put in. The "Hollander" and "Solid Emperor" so-called, varieties of some other catalogues are the same as this, or very similar to it. Pkt. 15c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

Large Late Drumhead

A favorite winter cabbage; recommended for its fine, large, deep, heavy and solid, long-keeping heads on short stems. It has few outside leaves. They can be kept in good condition till late in the spring. We recommend it for the home garden. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.35 postpaid.

SAVOY CABBAGE PERFECTION DRUMHEAD—The best Winter keeper of the Savoys; heads late, round, compact and solid; leaves numerous, deep green and coarsely crimped. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

MAMMOTH RED ROCK—A few heads of red cabbage come in very nice for pickling and odd purposes. This is the best kind; largest, most solid and surest to head.

Good Cabbage Seed

Is one of our GREATEST SPECIALTIES

We realize the importance of good seed in raising a crop of this staple article; also that it is universally grown in every garden for home use and for market. Hence, a reputation gained on good cabbage seed will influence orders for many other articles. Gardeners can not do better than to plant Everitt's Celebrated American Grown O. K. Cabbage Seed.

O. K. SEEDS are live seeds. They are SURE to grow.

O. K. SEEDS are good seeds. They are the BEST seeds that grow, and represent the least cost.

O. K. SEEDS are National seeds. They are planted by farmers and gardeners in every county in the country.

O. K. SEEDS planted in the Spring is the surest way to have a satisfactory garden all through the season.

O. K. SEEDS planted is the surest way to beat old High Cost. If there is any surer way we want to know it.

Order O. K. SEEDS early. Don't wait, like some do, until the season is on you and then be obliged to rush to the grocery store. Plant O. K. SEEDS and the crop will be O. K.

Besides selling O. K. SEEDS at the lowest prices we give FREE SEEDS to every customer. In this way we give away many thousands of packets, and they are of the best kinds, such as will give you the most satisfaction.

Everitt's (OK) Carrot Seed

CULTURE—This delicious and nutritious vegetable is not appreciated as it should be. Properly cooked, it is a great delicacy. Also, its feeding qualities for stock are excellent. A sandy soil is best, but any good rich soil will produce good crops. Sow in early Spring in rows 15 to 18 inches apart and thin to 3 to 4 inches, according to size of variety. Cover the seed half an inch and give careful cultivation throughout the season. They may be eaten either when a half inch or so in diameter, or when fully grown. One plkt. will sow about 40 feet; one oz. 150 feet.

For Table Use

Extra Early Scarlet or **FRENCH FORCING**—An early forcing variety; small round root, not much larger than a radish. For stewing alone or when served with new peas, it is a rare delicacy hard to imagine unless you have eaten thereof. Sown outdoors as well as under glass. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.

SELECTED DANVERS
HALF LONG

Improved Long Orange This is a late variety and the largest of the table varieties. If it is a matter of keeping for late Spring, sow Long Orange. It is a very heavy producer, particularly in deep, light soil. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c.

Chantenay or **MODEL**—This carrot comes between the very early and later varieties. Of the same style as Danvers, not quite so large, but finer quality. Color rich, dark orange, very smooth, cylindrical, blunt on end, with very small tap root. Grow 6 to 8 inches long. Skin rich orange color and smooth. For table very fine and free from woody fiber. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c.

Half Long Nantes A beautiful half-long variety, almost perfectly cylindrical, blunt on end, with very small tap root. Grow 6 to 8 inches long. Skin rich orange color and smooth. For table very fine and free from woody fiber. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c.

Ox Heart also called **GUERANDE**—If it is the home table you wish to provide for I do not think you can do better than to plant this one. It is very early, short, thick and extra fine quality. It is also very popular as an early bunching kind for market. Deep orange color. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c.

If you grow for market this is the best kind for main crop, color rich dark orange, very smooth, cylindrical, very handsome; easily harvested. It is a very heavy yielder. We cannot recommend it too highly. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.



Short White Vosges

Carrots for Stock Feeding

CULTURE—Sow any time before July 1st, and cover one-half inch deep. Two lbs. to the acre.

BELGIAN WHITE—This and the Belgian Yellow are the best stock carrots. Nothing equals them for keeping live stock, including horses and colts, in fine condition in Winter. They differ only in color of skin. Ten to 15 inches long, very large and productive. Can be pulled by hand. Pkt. 4c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 75c.

BELGIAN YELLOW—Same except color. Same price.

Improved Short White (Vosges)

Shorter and thicker than the Belgian. Enormously productive. Easily harvested. Splendid stock carrot. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

CULTURE—Plant thickly in drills 6 to 8 inches apart. Prized for the piquancy of its leaves. It makes an appetizing salad and is used for garnishing. One oz. to 100 feet of row. That grown in the cool of the season is best. Sow often as it soon goes to seed.

Everitt's (OK) Cress Seed

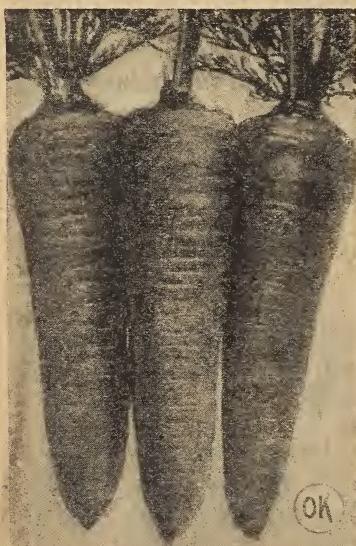
CULTURE—Sow in August, September or October and treat like lettuce, except that it may be planted closer as it is smaller. It may be carried through the Winter in cold frames or by covering with leaves or litter. Used as Fall and Winter salad. Serve like lettuce. One oz. to 30 feet of row.

LARGE ROUND LEAVED—The well known variety. Ready to use in 4 to 5 weeks. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

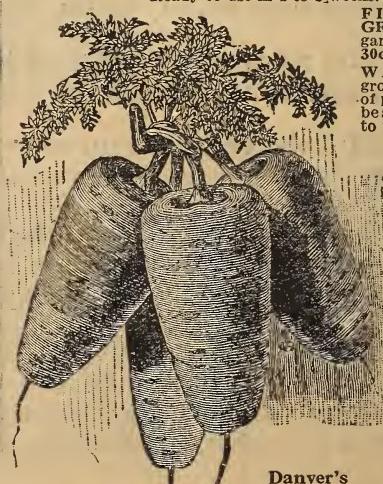
FINE CURLLED PEPPER GRASS—Can be grown in any garden. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c.

WATER CRESS—Must be grown by water—along the banks of ponds or streams. Seed should be started in bed and transplanted to where wanted. Pkt. 8c.

Having used your O. K. Seeds for years, I can recommend them above all others I have ever used.—H. G. HARRIS, Ambrose, Ky.



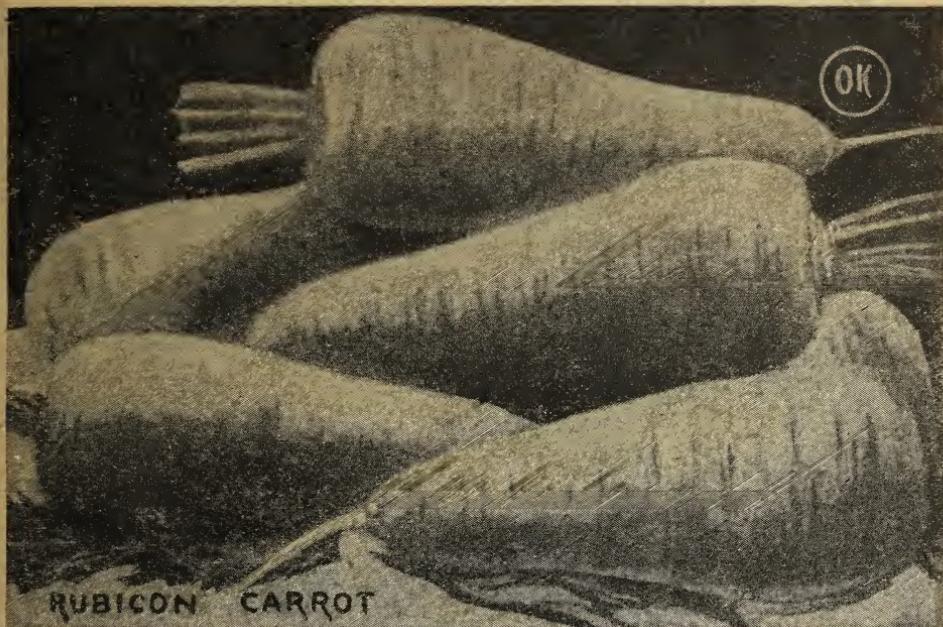
Imp. Long Orange Carrot



Danver's Half Long



Ox Heart



Rubicon The Best in Shape— Finest Quality Carrot

THIS fine carrot is earlier than the famous Danvers and about the same size. The flesh is deep red orange color of the finest quality. It grows to a uniform size, is extra solid, heavy and a grand producer. It yields heavily enough to make it a good one to grow for stock, while for forcing and garden cultivation it stands without a peer. We are pleased to offer and recommend the Rubicon Carrot to discriminating gardeners. Pkt. 6c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00.

Pe-Tsai or Cabbage Celery

A New Vegetable that is Gaining Popularity by Leaps and Bounds

It is a species of Cabbage with a fine delicate flavor, as tender as head lettuce, and in great demand for numerous dishes, such as salads and cold slaw, or it may be cooked quickly. The culture, storing for winter, etc., are same as for late Cabbage. It cannot be grown successfully as a spring crop. For fall crop, seed should be sown early in August. We offer two varieties.

PE-TSAI—Produces a long, slender very solid head, often measuring 20 inches in length; outer leaves light green, inside is of a beautiful creamy yellow. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

Everitts (OK)

CULTURE—The roots, dried and ground, are used as a substitute for coffee, also are very palatable when cooked. Sow early in the Spring in rows 18 inches apart and thin, to 6 inches between plants. The plants are perennial and spread from the roots.

Chickory Seed

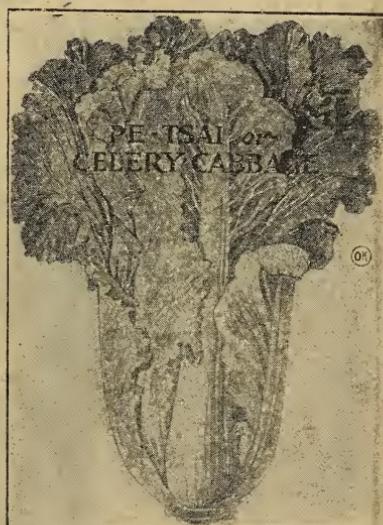
LARGE ROOTED—The dried roots are roasted and used as a substitute for coffee. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c.

WITLOOF—(French Endive)—The plants form long, parsnip shaped roots; the roots are forced in frames or greenhouse and the few growth of lettuce-like leaves are cut and served as a salad. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c.

Everitts (OK)

CULTURE—A vegetable closely related to cabbage. Sow seed as for cabbage, in June, July and August for succession. When a month old transplant in rows a foot apart each way and cultivate thoroughly.

Collard Seed



GEORGIA, called also SOUTHERN—Bears large bunches of leaves in the South throughout the Winter, which are used as greens. It also furnishes green forage for stock and poultry. As fast as the leaves are pulled off, new ones make their appearance. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c.

Everitt's (OK) TRADE MARK

Cauliflower Seed

Earliest Snowball

The best variety. For forcing or growing in open ground it is the acknowledged leader. It has short outer leaves and can be planted 2 feet apart. Is early, solid, pure white and, most important, is sure to head. You will not make a mistake if you plant Early Snowball for forcing or open ground. Pkt. 12c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$2.00.

Ext. Early Dwarf Erfurt

Our stock of this variety is almost as early as the Snowball; heads are larger and creamy white. Has many friends and by some is even preferred to the above variety for forcing and outdoor growth. Pkt. 12c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.00; oz. \$2.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$6.00.

DRY WEATHER CAULIFLOWER

Everitt's (OK)

Seed Pop Corn

WHITE RICE—The standard variety, salable on all markets at the top price. Very prolific. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 18c; lb. 30c; 5 lbs. @ 28c.

WE CALL PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO CERTIFIED SEED OF

More About Grimm Alfalfa

Our certified Northwestern grown hardy Grimms Alfalfa will stand severest winters.

The advantages of the Grimms Alfalfa are many. The greatest of which, however, is its hardiness. Another advantage is, that it requires less seed to sow per acre and you can figure on one more crop of the Grimms Alfalfa than of the common varieties.

The growing of Grimms Alfalfa is increasing at very rapid rate. That is the reason why the seed has always been high in price. This, however, should not stand in the way of any person who wants to have immediate and permanent success with the crop. In permanency the Grimms Alfalfa is much better than the common varieties as its growth is so luxuriant that it keeps down Blue Grass, weeds and other plants that operate to limit the usefulness of a field of common alfalfa.

Probably the reason for the greater hardiness of this variety can be seen in the root development. Notice that it has the tap root like the common alfalfa. See the illustration. Also, it has numerous other roots that develop near the surface of the soil. The other roots rise and fall with the ground in freezing and thawing weather, without particular injury to the plant. The plant perishes.

We recommend seeding at the rate of 5 to 8 pounds per acre. PRICE—Postpaid, lb. 60c; 4 lbs. \$2.00; by freight or express per bushel \$35.00.

CULTURE—Treat very similar to cabbage. Ground should be rich. Cauliflowers make their best growth in the cool, moist days of Fall. One oz. will produce about 2,000 plants, one pkt. about 300 plants.



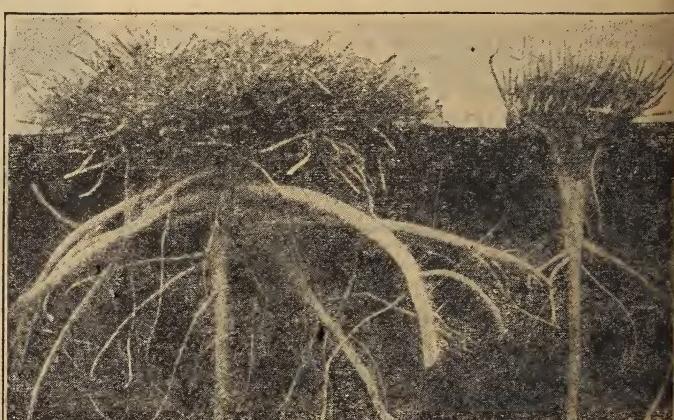
Snowball. Large, solid, white heads. Sure to succeed

This variety is of vigorous and dwarf growth, and produces stone-hard and snow-white heads, unsurpassed in quality. The foliage is very heavy, fully protecting the heads, which are less liable to blight in hot weather than those of the earlier sorts. As indicated by the name, it is a leading type for dry weather districts, being a sure header when other sorts frequently fail. Matures in about 110 days. Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.25; oz. \$2.50.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN—The largest-eared and largest-grained variety. Very productive. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 18c; lb. 30c; 5 lbs. @ 28c.

JAPANESE HULLESS—A splendid new variety much in demand by poppers. Used exclusively in many sections where known. Yieldy and commands 50% to 100% better price per pound than common sorts. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. @ 35c.

GRIMM ALFALFA



Grimm Alfalfa

This illustration shows how the roots grow. Does it tell you why the Grimm is harder than the common alfalfa?

Common Alfalfa

In the case of common Alfalfa the tap root is broken off as the ground freezes and rises, and the plant perishes.

We recommend seeding at the rate of 5 to 8 pounds per acre. PRICE—Postpaid, lb. 60c; 4 lbs. \$2.00; by freight or express per bushel \$35.00.

Everitt's (CK) TRADE MARK Celery Seed

yellowish-green foliage; stalks perfectly solid, of a fine, nutty flavor, attains a good size, and when blanched is of a handsome golden yellow color. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c.

EASY BLANCHING CELERY

Notwithstanding the splendid varieties of celery that were before the gardening public, this new variety is already enjoying an enviable popularity, purely on account of its great merit.

Plants of Easy Blanching set out at the time of Golden Self Blanching will be ready for market two weeks later than that variety, but will produce about twice as much weight and will sell at higher prices, because of its magnificent appearance and high quality. On good soil the stalks will average 15 to 20 inches tall with a wealth of rich, crisp, nutty flavored hearts and stems, every bite of which will be relished. It blanches with the greatest ease, to an attractive golden color so desirable and necessary in a market celery, quite a time before it is possible to get other green celeries ready for market or the table. It is a celery for Summer, Fall, Winter and Spring. Pkt. 7c; 1/2 oz. 20c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00.

DWARF GOLDEN HEART—A long keeping Golden Dwarf celery of established merit. The heart is large, surrounded by a shapely solid stalk. The heart blanches a beautiful yellow after storing; it requires little trimming for market, as it is so shapely and solid. It has attained

great popularity in many celery-growing sections. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c.



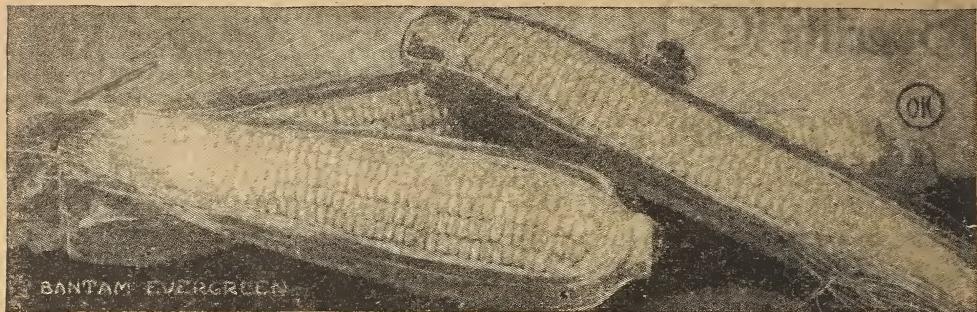
GIANT PASCAL, or WINTER KING—A compact, vigorous, productive variety and one of the best for Winter use; leaves upright, short and dark green; stalks short, thick and very broad; blanches a beautiful yellowish-white. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c.

Winter Queen Celery

Some growers consider this grand variety even better than the Winter King. It is certain that the Winter Queen keeps just as well through the Winter, up to April and even May, if desired. It grows stout, thick and heavy, with more heart than any other kind. This latter characteristic gives it truly exceptional value. It bunches up handsomely, presenting an attractive appearance when offered for sale, while it has that sweet, nutty quality so much desired in celery. The leaves are light green, which, with the stems, blanch easily to a creamy white. It will become a great favorite in home and market gardens as fast as its qualities are known. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 85c.

NEW ROSE—This is the best of the red or pink varieties. Early, hardy, solid, crisp and fine nutty flavor. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c.

CELERIAC (Turnip-Rooted Celery)—Large Smooth White. The best variety, extensively used for soups and salads. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c.



Everitt's (TRADE
MARK)

Seed Sweet Corn

Bantam Evergreen Sweet Corn Sweeter than Golden Bantam, Almost as Tender as Stowell's Evergreen

This is a cross between Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen, the combination having produced a new variety of finest qualities. The ear is a third larger than the Golden Bantam but only 10 days later. Grain broad and deep, Color, rich, golden-yellow. A true sweet corn. When once you know how excellent Bantam Evergreen is you will not do without it. Think of this: A market gardener grew 8 acres and sold the entire crop at 22 to 25 cents a dozen when other kinds sold at 15 to 20 cents. Large pkt. 8c; 1/2 lb. 20c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. @ 38c, prepaid.

COUNTRY GENTLEMEN (SHOE PEG)—An especially fine quality corn. Ears 7 to 8 inches long, cob small, white and densely covered with long, slender, white grains. Season with Stowell's Evergreen. Pkt. 5c; 1/2 lb. 18c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

BLACK MEXICAN—Where color is not an objection, but luscious sweetness the chief consideration, this black corn (or blue when in roasting ear stage) is unsurpassed. Recommended for home use. Pkt. 5c; 1/2 lb. 18c; lb. 30c; 5 lbs. @ 28c.

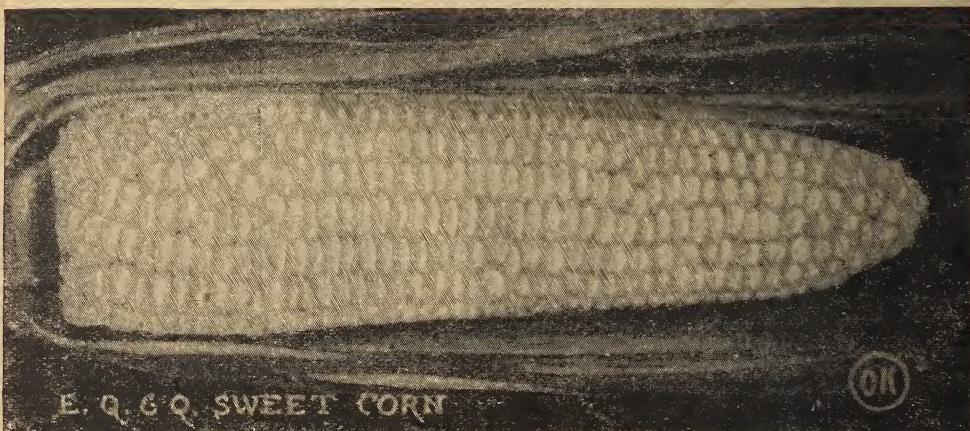
CULTURE—If you do not care for the seed that may be lost, plant some sweet corn even before the ground is very warm. If it comes you will have earlier roasting ears. Ordinarily plant when ground is warm. The small early kinds plant in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, 10 inches apart in rows. Large kinds 3 feet by 12 inches apart. Plant frequently for succession. One pkt. will give about 200 stalks; one qt. will plant about one-fifth acre.

ADAMS' EXTRA EARLY—Not a sugar corn, but largely grown for early use; hardy, standing early planting. Ears 7 to 8 inches long, 12-rowed. Pkt. 5c; 1/2 lb. 18c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 33c.

BIG EARLY ADAMS—Similar to Extra Early Adams, but a little later; makes larger ears; harder than sugar corn; makes a small stalk; can be planted close. By mail postpaid, pkt. 5c; 1/2 lb. 18c; lb. 30c; 5 lbs. @ 28c.

Everitt's Quantity and Quality Sweet Corn The Largest Eared Early Sweet Corn

IT is a very difficult matter to combine earliness and size with good flavor and sweetnes's in any one variety of corn, but in these very valuable characteristics, Everitt's Q. & Q. we believe excels all sweet corn to date. It is a vigorous and healthy growing sort, with stalks about $5\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. When well grown, ears are 7 to 8 inches long, set about 18 inches from the ground, and are well filled up to the tip with large, deep grains almost as tender and sweet as Stowell's. Frequently bears three ears to the stalk and almost always two. Can be planted very early, as it germinates strongly. Will become a very popular sort both with home and market gardeners. Large pkt. 8c; 1/2 lb. 25c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. @ 38c.



CORY, MAMMOTH WHITE

The earliest and best of all extra early sweet corn. Ears 10 to 12-rowed, 7 to 8 inches long, fairly sweet, tender and white. Stalks about 4 feet high, usually producing two large ears on each stalk. Pkt. 6c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 18c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 33c.

Golden Bantam

Has taken the country by storm. A little

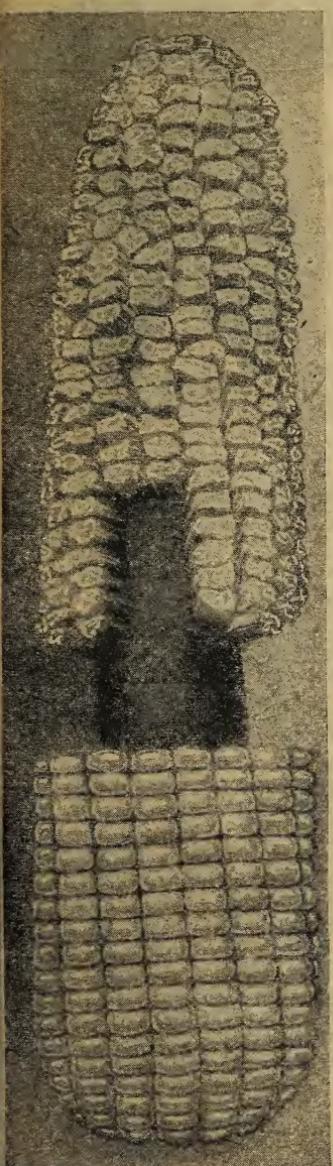
later than Cory, but the size of the ear compensates for it. It is very early, very sweet, very hardy and very productive. It becomes a favorite with all who grow it or eat it. Dwarf, can be planted closely. The prime favorite for small gardens and early market. Cannot be too highly recommended. Pkt. 7c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

Everitt's SELECTED STOWELL'S EVERGREEN**The Leading Main-Crop Sweet Corn**

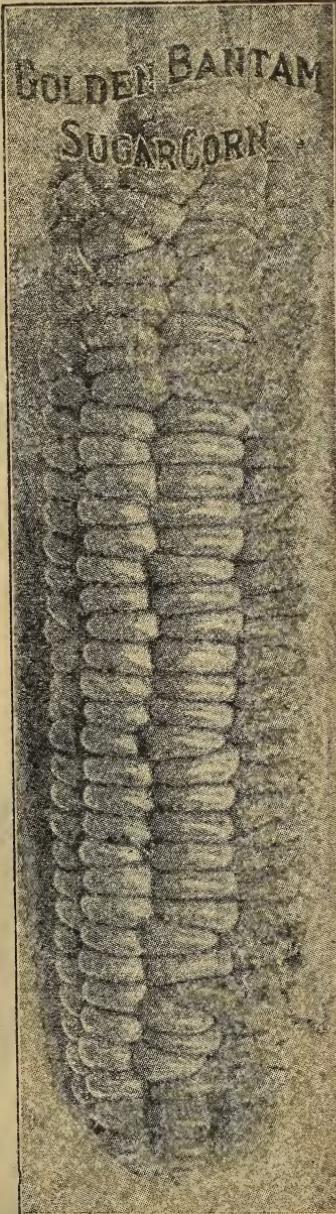
I know that nearly every person who raises any sweet corn plants some of this variety. Every person just dotes on the big juicy "roasting" ears when the Stowell's Evergreen comes. It is more largely grown for home, market and canning than any other kind. It remains tender a long time. Season late. Our O. K. Brand is unexcelled. Pkt. 6c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 18c; lb. 30c; 5 lbs. @ 28c.

HOWLING MOB—A big-eared medium early corn with the sweet flavor of the late varieties; ears 7 to 9 inches long; usually two pearly white ears to the stalk; the shuck extends well over the tip and protects it from the green worm so destructive to early sweet corns. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

HOOSIER ROASTING EAR CORN—Is grown by the field by many farmers and gardeners and marketed in wagon loads. This is not a true sweet corn, but is of the Early Adams type and fills the same place in the late class of table corns as the Adams does in the extra early and early kinds. This variety is of our own introduction and is now grown by the field by many gardeners and farmers and marketed in wagon loads. Pearly white, white cobs, large, 14 to 16 rows. Sure cropper. Pkt. 6c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 15c; lb. 25c; 5 lbs. @ 23c.



Stowell's Evergreen. Bottom shows in green state for table; next, the size for cob and top, as the seed is dry for seed.



Everitt's (TRADE
MARK)

Cucumber Seed

Jersey Pickling This is the variety that produces the long and very slender pickles. A wonderfully productive variety. One that is sure to please. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.00.

EARLY FRAME, or SHORT GREEN—This is a famous pickle cucumber, producing cukes of medium size and of fine quality when sliced. Medium early. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.00.

Arlington White Spine A strain that has been bred up for greenhouse growing. When well grown the fruit will measure 6 to 7 inches long. Early; vines very productive. Quality splendid. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

Green Cluster A valuable variety, being very early, very productive and of splendid quality. The fruit grows in clusters near the base of the vine. A favorite for pickling. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

Green Prolific (Or Boston Pickling)—One of the most prolific varieties and is largely grown for pickles, being of right size. Also a splendid kind for slicing. Gather the cukes when medium size for pickles, and they will bear through a long season. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Davis Perfect Pickling Splendid for outdoor cultivation and forcing under glass. The fruits grow long and slim, sometimes measuring 12 inches. Color rich, dark, glossy green. Very tender and fine flavor. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

GHERKIN—The fruit is 2 to 3 inches long, oval and closely covered with spines. Used exclusively for pick-

CULTURE—Cucumbers must have rich soil. Nearest ground is the best. Plant when ground is warm, in hills 3 to 4 feet apart. Thin to 3 or 4 plants to the hill. As vines grow cover occasional joints to induce new roots. Do not let ripen on vines, or they will stop bearing. One pkt. will plant about a dozen hills, two lbs. per acre.



Green Cluster

ling, for which purpose it is very fine. Pkt. 6c; oz. 15c.

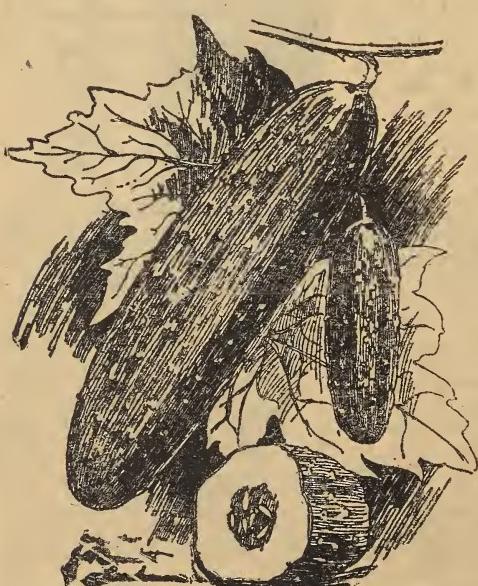
Early Fortune The finest type of White Spine yet produced. Early, very productive and disease-resistant; fruits nine inches long, slightly tapering; flesh white; very firm and crisp, with very few seeds; color rich, dark green, which does not fade when shipped a long distance. 9 x 2½ in. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

White Wonder Fruit, produced in clusters, is symmetrical, short, blocky and rounded at both ends; color ivory white from time of forming until maturity. Moderately productive. 6 x 2½ in. Pkt. 6c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

Everitt's Selected E.WHIT SPINE (Extra Select)—you want a good sized, plum cucumber, such as is used for slicing, get the White Spine. They also are good for pickling when small. It is early, a splendid bearer, and fine crisp quality. Very productive. Color dark green. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Giant Pera One of the longest of the Long Green (or Black Spine) family. Fruit often 15 inches long, slender and very smooth, crisp and solid, with few seeds; color dark green; distinct and desirable. Pkt. 8c; oz. 40c.

Everbearing For a continuity of crop this variety is hardly equaled. It produces pickling and slicing cucumbers of medium size until frost. Fruits of all ages and blossoms may be seen on the same vine. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.



Imp. Early White Spine



King of Picklers

This new cucumber is one of the grandest of all for pickling. It is fine in form, solid and thick in texture, excellent in flavor and combines all the qualities necessary to make a good pickle. It is very productive, yielding over 250 bushels per acre. It is also adapted for slicing, as it grows from 9 to 12 inches long, retaining its rich, green color throughout its entire length, which is straight and smooth and symmetrical. Is desirable both for slicing and pickling for home and market. All gardens will be better by having the KING OF PICKLERS Cucumbers.

Pkt. 8c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.50.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN

This is the old, long cucumber that has always been the stand-by in tens of thousands of gardens. Our strain gets better each year from selection. On good ground it will grow a foot long, slender, almost seedless, brittle. Grand for pickles, when small, and for sweet pickles when full grown. Very productive.

Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.



Imp. Long Green



CHINA CUCUMBER Climbing

A MOST remarkable new, long green Cucumber from China. Don't confuse this with the Japanese Climbing Cucumber. It is a much finer variety. The Cucumbers grow about twice as long, about 20 inches, and are slimmer, 2 to 3 inches, and handsomer.

Color deep green. The flesh is solid, crisp and fine flavor, free from any bitter taste. Vines grow strong and are very productive. They will vine on the ground or may be trained on a trellis or any support. The cucumbers are early, bearing for use almost as early as shorter kinds. We recommend this cucumber as a variety of much merit for the table as well as one of the most novel vegetables of the year. Pkt. 12c; 5 for 50c; 12 for \$1.00.

A SUGGESTION—Buy by the dollar's worth and sell them.

WE ARE LOOKING FOR YOUR ORDER

Farmers and Gardeners, when preparing to order their seeds, do not confine their investigations to one seed catalogue, but they examine several. We know this. So we have made a catalogue that for MODERATE PRICES we believe will merit your order. If you do send it to us we will spare no effort to execute it to your satisfaction.

EVERITT'S (O. K.) SEED STORE

A Page of Odds and Ends

Everitt's (CK) TRADE MARK

Egg Plant Seed

Everitt's (CK)
Endive Seed

CULTURE—Sow as soon as ground can be worked in the Spring for early crop. For the main crop sow in August, in drill 15 inches apart, 6 to 8 inches in rows. To blanch, tie the leaves, when dry, in matting or any soft open material, or invert something over the plants, or even tie them together at top. Leaves are used as salads and are of the best in Fall and Winter. One pkt. to 20 feet of drill, one oz. to 100 feet.

MOSS CURLLED—Very ornamental as well as good. Pkt. 4c; oz. 14c; 1/4 lb. 40c.

GREEN CURLLED WINTER—A standard variety. Pkt. 4c; oz. 14c; 1/4 lb. 40c.

Everitt's (CK)
Gourd Seed

CULTURE—Start the seed early and transplant. The following varieties will be found very useful about every house. All are ornamental climbers.

NEST EGG—They closely resemble the eggs of hens and are very useful as nest eggs, never breaking or freezing, and are never injured by wet. The plant grows very rapidly, and is useful in covering unsightly places, being quite ornamental. Pkt. 6c; oz. 25c.

DIPPER—This variety makes a splendid tool for dipping hot liquids. The handles do not heat through. Vines attractive. Pkt. 6c; oz. 20c.

DISHCLOTH—Makes an admirable vegetable dish-cloth. The peculiar lining is the part used, which is sponge-like, porous, very tough and elastic. The vines are very ornamental. Pkt. 6c; oz. 30c.

SUGAR TROUGH—Grows to great size. Cut off the top and you will have a receptacle that will hold from 1 to 10 gallons, and will be useful for many purposes. Pkt. 6c; oz. 20c.

MIXED—All varieties mixed. Pkt. 6c; oz. 20c.

CULTURE—Plant seed early in house or hotbed. Set in open ground when warm. Set 2 feet apart each way. They must have rich soil and as warm as possible, although do very well on any good soil. One pkt. will make about 200 plants; one oz. about 1,000 plants.

Black Beauty This is the earliest variety that attains any worth-while size. The color is jet black and very attractive. A dwarf kind. All gardeners for home and market who want an early egg plant are coming to grow it. Pkt. 6c; oz. 35c.

New York Imp. Purple Most popular variety. Grows to great size and fine quality. Bear until frost. Pkt. 6c; oz. 35c.

CULTURE—These plants are extensively used, especially in the South, for garnishing and for greens.

They are of the cabbage family, do not form heads, but furnish an abundance of attractive green leaves.

Seed may be sown from April to October, being handled the same as cabbage, except that some of the varieties will stand a good deal of frost and they are hardy on well drained soil. The young shoots which come up from the old stalks in the Spring make excellent greens. One pkt. will plant about 40 feet of row; one oz. about 200 feet.

DWARF, or CURLED SCOTCH—This is the variety usually sown in the fall for Spring use. The young leaves are very tender and delicate in flavor. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c.

DWARF CURLED SIBERIAN—A vigorous grower of spreading habit. The leaves are large, rather plain in the center, but cut and frilled at the edges. Very hardy. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c.

Everitt's (CK) **EARLY WHITE VIENNA**—Very early, small, handsome skin and flesh white. Splendid quality. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c.

Kohl Rabi Seed

Everitt's (CK) **TRADE MARK**

Leek Seed

CULTURE—Sow early in April in drills one foot apart, one inch deep. When plants are 6 inches high transplant 12x6 inches. Set deep in the ground. The seed may be sown in August or September and transplanted in the Spring. Leeks are generally considered superior to onions for flavoring soups, etc. One pkt. will make about 200 plants; one oz. about 800 plants.

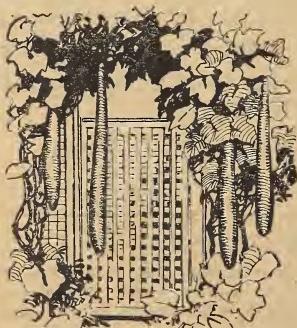
AMERICAN FLAG—The standard variety. The gardener's favorite. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 45c.

LAGENARIA

Called by Some "New Guinea Butter Bean"

"**S**ON, go into the garden and bring me one bean."
"Yes, mother, but where is the wheelbarrow?"

Above we copied from our Indianapolis News and it referred to the New Guinea Butter Bean, as grown by Mrs. E. G. Lewis of this city. The News continued: "Indianapolis gardeners who have raised this bean can testify that it can better be handled in a wheelbarrow. The bean in question weighed 10 pounds, was 28 inches long and 13 inches round. Five families in the neighborhood shared in eating it. . . . The people say the bean has a pleasant taste."



Directions for Cooking on Pkt.

This is really not a bean, but is an edible product when cooked as French butter beans, or fried as egg plant, or boiled like squash. It also has much merit in the size and attractiveness of the vine. The leaves and blooms are larger and handsomer than Moon Vines which, in connection with the curious fruits, make it the talk of a whole neighborhood. See the illustration from a photograph. Succeeds everywhere. Will grow about 50 feet in one season. Pkt. 15c; 4 for 50c; 10 for \$1.00.

A SUGGESTION—Buy by the dollar's worth and sell them.

"The Herb Garden"



Everitt's (TRADE MARK) Seed of Herbs

ANISE—Used for cordials, garnishing and flavoring. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.

***BALM**—Leaves have a fragrant odor. Make a tea beneficial in fever. Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c.

BASIL (Sweet)—Leaves used for flavoring soups, stews and highly seasoned dishes. Pkt. 15c; oz. 40c.

***CATNIP**—Leaves and young shoots are used for seasoning. Cats delight to roll in it. Is a good bee pasture. Pkt. 5c; oz. 60c.

***CARAWAY**—Grown for the seeds, which are extensively used for the flavoring of bread, pastry, candy, etc. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

CORIANDER—The seeds are used in the manufacture of confections and for culinary preparations. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c.

DILL—Leaves used for pickling cucumbers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

FENNEL (Sweet)—The leaves boiled are used in fish sauces. A beautiful garnish. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c.

No garden is complete without a corner devoted to herbs. Remember the charm of the old-time herb gardens—how fascinating they were. And what magic there was in a bit of savory or a pinch of sage, to "dress up" an ordinary dish and make it a delight. And it was almost a treat to be a sick-a-bed child, if grandmother brought you a cup of steaming catnip tea; or perhaps it was balm or horehound, or pennyroyal or thyme, according to your ailment. Every woman on the farm knows what it means when the children are a bit feverish, or have "bad colds"—with no doctor just around the corner—to have an herb garden, or dried herbs in the attic to rely upon, in such a case.

The varieties marked with an asterisk (*) are perennial, and when once started in the garden will continue for years with but little care.

***HOREHOUND**—Used for seasoning, also in cough remedy. Horehound tea is a remedy for colds. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c.

LAVENDER—Valuable for its perfume. The flowers are used. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c.

***MARJORAM (Sweet)**—Leaves and ends of shoots highly esteemed for seasoning. Dry for Winter use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c.

***PENNYROYAL**—A tea made from it is valuable for colic. The fresh plant placed close to people chases mosquitoes. Pkt. 10c; 3 for 35c.

ROSEMARY—The leaves are used for seasoning. Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c.

SAGE—Extensively used for seasoning and dressing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c.

SAVORY (Summer)—The leaves and flowers are used for flavoring soups and dressings and string beans. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c.

***THYME**—For seasoning; a tea from the leaves is a remedy for headache. Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c.



HYBRIDIZED POTATO SEED New varieties of potatoes are originated by planting the seeds taken from the seed ball that grows on the tops. Hybridized seed has far the best chance to produce valuable varieties. This seed contains the blood from two or more of our best kinds mingled. A pkt. of this seed may produce such a valuable kind as may make a fortune. At any rate nothing is more interesting to grow. Full directions on pkt. **PRICE**—Pkt. 10c; 3 for 25c; 7 for 50c.

Plant the Best

O. K. Seeds are **O. K.** with me. The Six-Weeks Potato has proved to be just as you represented. Farmer's Interest and Yellow Dent Corn are all of the best. The Monte Cristo Melon is the best that ever grew East, West, North or South, and all my neighbors so affirm. The grass seed was clear of thith and weeds and the finest I ever bought.

JOHN W. DANNER, Argillite, Ky.

I find your **O. K. Seeds** the best I ever used, and will continue to be a customer for them. The Man-Weight Cultivator and Drill did good work, saved me much work and is easy to handle.

L. C. BRITTON, Columbus, Ohio.

For the past three years I have bought seeds from three different firms and tested them side by side. **O. K. Seeds** have proved the best. I haven't had a poor package of seeds from you and I will continue to use them.

THOS. W. ASH, So. West Harbor, Me.

Our use of **O. K. Seeds** has been entirely satisfactory. Early Six-Weeks Market Potatoes are just splendid, and the earliest variety I ever saw. You may expect my orders in the future.

H. BURK, Salmon, Idaho.

Everitt's (CK)

Lettuce Seed

PERFECTION BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON

THE BEST
CULTURE
Black seed, loose head, crumpled leaves. I recommend this very highly for an early, delicious

lettuce. It does not form a head but a bunch of delicate green, almost white, crisp, tender and sweet leaves. It does not run to seed quickly. It is also a favorite for forcing. Largely grown for market. It is a kind that can be cut and it will come again. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; lb. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.

Grand Rapids Black seed, loose head. This variety looks much like Simpson, but it is much better for forcing. It is, in fact, the chief forcing variety of loose leaf lettuce. Its upright habit permits of close planting. Does very well in the garden, too. Crisp, delicious flavor. Handsome. A favorite market kind. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

All Seasons Black seed. Head. A very large, medium late heading sort. The heads are a light golden tint, well folded, with inner leaves blanched to a rich, buttery yellow, which is so

CULTURE—Lettuce likes a moderately moist, fertile soil. Seed may be sown as early as the ground is fit, sowing every 2 weeks for succession. The heading varieties should be thinned to 8 inches apart, but if heads are not wanted leave the plants 2 inches apart to grow in a mass. For Winter use, sow under glass from November to February. Keep in a moderate temperature, giving as much light and air as possible. From time of seeding to maturity at 40 or 50 days. One pkt. will produce about 600 plants, one oz. about 3,000 plants.

much desired in serving various salads with mayonnaise dressing. Quality splendid. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Iceberg An extremely hard heading variety. Has fine appearance in leaf. There is hardly another lettuce that gives better satisfaction both for home and market. Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Salamander or EVERLASTING—Black seed. Head. If you want a variety of lettuce that will last the very longest time from one sowing select this one. You will find it sweet and tender long after other kinds become tough and bitter and go to seed. It forms mammoth heads of light green color, with golden hearts. One of the most satisfactory varieties. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Brown Dutch (B. S.) A late heading, medium-sized variety; leaves broad, very thick and smooth, with plain edges color dark-green, overlaid bronze red; head firm and buttery-yellow inside; quality good. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Wonderful or New York Heads Sometimes Measure 15 Inches Across

THIS new variety grows immense heads. It is distinguished from others by the rich, golden-yellowish color on the inside of the heart. The outside of the leaves is a dark green. The head grows somewhat conical in shape. It is crisp, tender and delicious. It is one of the best to resist heat and dry weather and grows very vigorously. The whole head is free from any trace of bitterness. We recommend it highly for mid-summer. It is one of the things that every garden should have. Pkt. 6c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.00.

Imp. Hanson White seed. Head. We have had the Hanson lettuce as long as the writer remembers and there is no likelihood of its popularity waning for some years. It is a strong grower, resists heat and is one of the best mid-summer head sorts. It does not form as solid a head as some others, but its head is as large as an early cabbage. Light green outside, white within. Deliciously sweet. Free from any bitter taste. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

MAY KING THE EARLIEST HEAD LETTUCE

—Extra fine for cold-frames. Makes large solid heads, 6 to 7 inches in diameter, with broad, light green outer leaves; grown outdoors, it is extremely early; for forcing it is in every way desirable. The center blanches rich yellow. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

ALL the good seeds are not owned by us, but all the seeds we have are good seeds—O. K. Seeds.

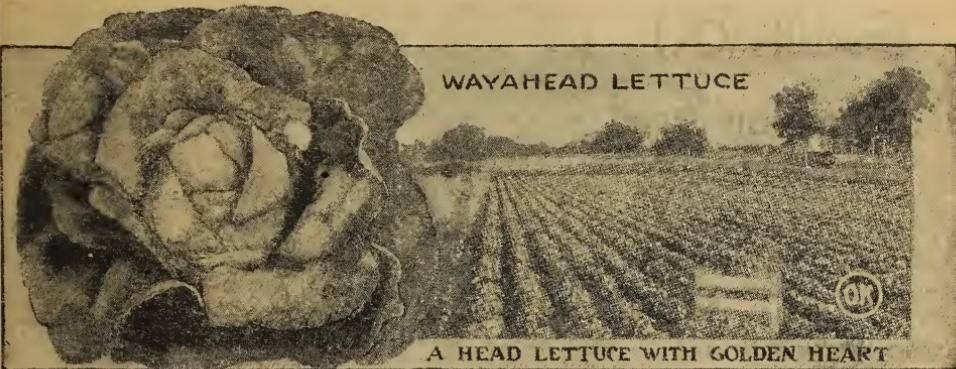
COS OR CELERY LETTUCE

CULTURE—It is grown in the Northern States for use in late Spring and early Summer; in the South in the late Winter months. It is prized for its mild flavor and fresh crispness. Sow same as lettuce. All varieties have an upright growth.

Trianon Self-Closing An extremely large, strictly self-blanching Cos Lettuce. Leaves oval in form; flat and smooth, forming into a loaf-shaped head. Color dark green, quality excellent. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

PARIS WHITE—White seed. Produces long, pointed leaves, which form in a compact bunch. It blanches nicely when the tops are drawn together and tied with a soft string. Fine flavor. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

New Wonderful, or New York



Wayahead Lettuce The Earliest Hard-Heading Variety

THE name of this lettuce was suggested by the fact that it comes way ahead of any other hard-heading variety, as well as it excels them in quality. Every gardener will appreciate the combination of earliness, firm head, handsome appearance, and splendid, crisp, table quality. For growth in cold frames, for early Spring and in the open ground for Spring, Summer or Fall crops it has honored its name by giving a lettuce of the finest quality throughout the season. The outer leaves are light green, while the tightly folded leaves blanch the head to a rich, buttery yellow. It stands long before running to seed. Get it for every garden. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50.

California Cream Butter Black seed. Head. I consider this the best of all in the class of cabbage heading lettuce for Fall and Winter. It forms large, nearly round, solid heads, which are green, speckled with brown on outside, while inside they are a rich, cream color. Most beautiful. It is slow to run to seed. Medium early. Fine for the home gardens and market. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c.

**BIG BOSTON THE
BEST HEAD LETTUCE**

The Best, Smooth-Leaved Market Garden and Shipping Lettuce

THIS grand lettuce, since its introduction a few years ago, has rapidly gained in popularity until now it is more extensively grown than any other kind in many sections. This covers both for commercial sale and the home table. It is suited to grow in the open ground for early Summer and Fall use, in greenhouses for Winter or cold frames for early Spring. It produces, under ordinary conditions, fine large, creamy-white heads, of completely blanched leaves, crisp, tender and sweet, and it has few outer leaves. Stands a long time, retaining its good quality. Is peculiarly suited for Fall culture. A slight covering of waste hay will protect the heads in the field, from frost when they can be marketed in November, bright, fresh and unharmed. Big Boston is the leading variety for Winter growth in the South to ship to northern markets. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.



Everitt's (CK) TRADE MARK

Muskmelon Seed

CULTURE—Select a light, warm soil; a poor light soil is better than a rich, cold, heavy one. Fertilize well. Lay off hills six feet apart. Plant a dozen seeds to the hill, but thin to two plants. Pinch the ends off of vines if they encroach on their neighbors, and this will also induce bearing. One pkt. will plant about 15 hills; an oz. 50 hills; 2 lbs. an acre.

Rocky Ford Our O. K. Strain of Rocky Ford is Unexcelled

GREENFLESH. It is the best known and most extensively grown and marketed variety of muskmelons. There are several strains of this fine melon, the result of different growers breeding to different types. Our O. K. strain of the Rocky Ford gives all that can be desired. The melons are small, slightly elongated, solidly netted. Flesh is rich, green, thick, luscious and melting. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Early Sugar Nutmeg Greenflesh. Small size, deeply ribbed globe shape. Skin dark green, covered with a shallow netting. Flesh thick, sweet, light green color. Extremely early. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Hackensack (Extra early.) Greenflesh. A selection from the well-known old Hackensack. Ready for use ten days earlier than its parent. Fruit good sized, round, flattened on the ends, netted, thick meat, delicious flavor. Extremely productive. A favorite with market gardeners and the home grower. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Grant Montreal Market Greenflesh. If you want to raise the very largest muskmelon that grows, and at the same time one that is a delight to eat, pick this one. On good ground they will average around 10 pounds each, but have often reached 20 pounds and one was reported as weighing 44 pounds. They are nearly round, heavily netted, deeply ribbed, thick flesh, season

late. When they come to market they command high prices because of their magnificent size and delicious quality. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Burrell Gem This is the yellow-flesh Rocky Ford. It has the same shape and about the same appearance, but the flesh is salmon-colored. It is not quite as early as its green-fleshed relative. It is a great yielder and where its good qualities are known it out-sells others. One of the very best shippers, carrying well without ice. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Osage or MILLER'S CREAM—Orange salmon. First gained its popularity in Chicago, where they were served in high-class hotels and restaurants. Its fame has spread well over the country. Skin is dark green, slightly netted, but nearly smooth. Medium size, egg shaped. The luscious salmon flesh is what made it famous. The flesh is heavy, juicy sweet, luscious and so thick that there is scarcely any cavity for the seeds. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Extremely Thick, Sweet Orange Flesh

HEART OF GOLD THE BEST ORANGE FLESH MUSKMELON

(Orange flesh.) An ideal basket and crate melon of medium size, round, heavily netted, flesh very thick, of rich orange color, handsome appearance and of the sweetest flavor. Average size of melon 6 to 8 inches in diameter. Matures in 75 days. The seed cavity is small and the rind is very tough, making it a good shipper; its vine is a vigorous grower and a heavy cropper. A very convenient sized melon for the table and for packing in shipment. Pkt. 8c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

Knight, or Maryland

GREENFLESH. This fine, new melon is extremely early, but grows to fine size and has superb qualities. When we tell you that it is ten days earlier than Rocky Ford, about twice as productive and nearly double the size you will surely be interested in it. The vine is a vigorous grower, branches freely and sets and matures a generous number of fruits. The melons are nearly round, skin netted; of light, golden hue when ripe. The flesh is light green, blending to light pink at the center. The best early muskmelon for the North. A good shipper and is just splendid for home use. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50.



KNIGHT OR MARYLAND OR SWEET AIR.

Tip Top

Greatest Late Market
Melon—O. K. Strain
is Unexcelled

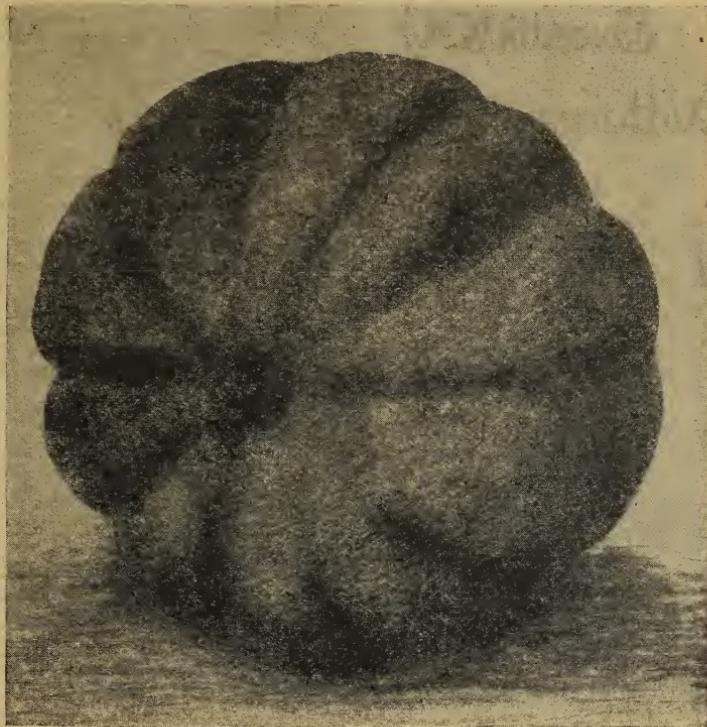
SALMON flesh. This, I may say, is the melon for the millions to grow and eat. It is sure cropper and practically every melon is a good one—sweet, juicy, melting. Grows large, round, ribbed. Appearance is attractive. So popular is it on some markets that other kinds will not sell when it comes. The season is fairly late, but when it comes its size, appearance and good quality command the market for it. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; ib. \$1.50.

Emerald Gem

Salmon color. About the size of Rocky Ford, but with smooth skin. Shape, flat, round. The flesh is very thick, good almost to the rind with a very small seed cavity. A poor melon of this kind is a rarity. It is delicious. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

Long Yellow Cantaloupe

Large, long, oval and deeply ribbed; flesh light salmon, very thick and sweet. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.25.



Tip Top. Claims the Market When It Comes

Honey Dew Melon

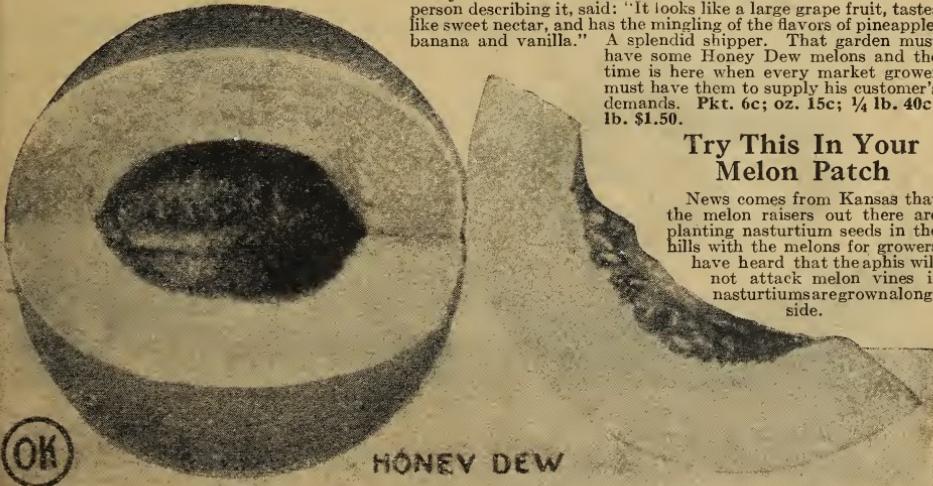
Has Come Into Popular Favor Faster Than Any Other
Melon—Greenflesh

WHEN you first taste this melon you will understand why it was named Honey Dew. It originated by crossing a melon that came from Africa with the Rocky Ford. It commands a high price in markets and when served in hotels and restaurants, because of its novel, fine appearance and juicy, delicious flavor, and also because it can be kept and marketed many weeks after other melons are off of the market. The average size of the melon is 8 to 10 inches in diameter, and being solid and juicy, they weigh very heavy for their size. It has a delicious flavor all its own. One person describing it, said: "It looks like a large grape fruit, tastes like sweet nectar, and has the mingling of the flavors of pineapple, banana and vanilla."

A splendid shipper. That garden must have some Honey Dew melons and the time is here when every market grower must have them to supply his customer's demands. Pkt. 6c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Try This In Your Melon Patch

News comes from Kansas that the melon raisers out there are planting nasturtium seeds in the hills with the melons for growers have heard that the aphis will not attack melon vines if nasturtiums are grown along-side.



HONEY DEW

Everitt's (O.K.)
M A R K

Watermelon Seed

Indiana Sweetheart

For Market and Home Use.
The Superior Round Melon

THREE are two general classes of watermelons—round and long. Some prefer a round melon, others the long, but this preference is not so positive, except quality goes with the choice. Of round melons the Sweetheart is the choice of many. It grows large, is early, heavy, a long keeper, fine quality and a good shipper. Skin mottled green. It is very productive. Sweethearts usually bring a good price when others will be neglected. This is because of their handsome appearance and fine qualities. This melon remains in good condition longer than most others, even improving in its quality for a time. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Peerless Or ICE CREAM (Long)—Very early. One of the very best for growing in the North for home use, or the home market. It grows oblong shape; of good size; color mottled green. The rind is thin, the flesh is scarlet and exquisitely sweet. Also very productive. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Cole's Early Another splendid round melon. It is not only very early, but it continues to bear all season. It is strictly a home melon, though, as the rind is so thin that it will not bear shipping. The flesh is brilliant red and melting sweet. The melons are about 12 inches long by 9 inches in diameter, but they make up in number what they lack in size: I recommend the Cole's Early very highly for home use and home market. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Everitt's Orange WATER MELON A novelty yet of superior quality. The peculiarity of this fine melon is that when well ripened the inner core separates from the rind. Frequently one can lift the entire heart of the melon out of the shell or rind by carefully cutting the melon rind only. The inner portion of the melon quite resembles an orange after peeling, hence the name. The flesh of this melon is of a beautiful pink shade and fine quality. It grows to a medium size, is productive. If you want something to please the taste and eye raise some Orange Melons. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

Everitt's Earliest AND SWEETEST The Best Home Watermelon. Very Early and Deliciously Sweet. It Fairly Melts in Your Mouth.

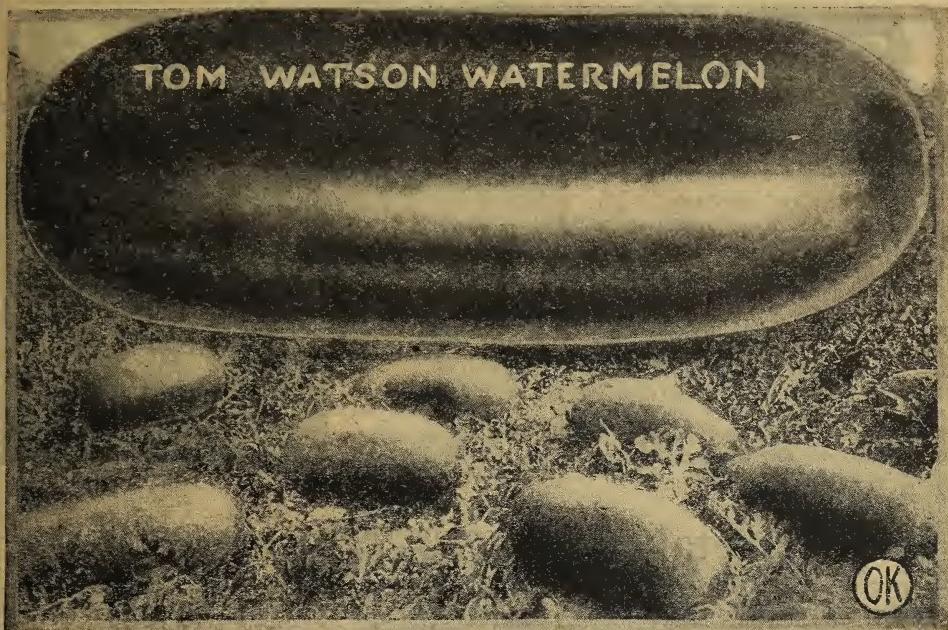
THIS melon is the earliest and sweetest of all. It has been selected for many years for these qualities. The size averages from 10 to 15 pounds. The flesh is scarlet, of extra sweetness and fairly melts in your mouth. It is also one of the most prolific known, as the plant is of hardy and vigorous growth, is adapted to grow on ground that will not produce other melons and in northern latitudes where larger and later kinds will not succeed. Wherever you live plant some of them. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.



Your O. K. Seeds all seem to make us friends. You are surely a friend in need to us farm folk and I sincerely hope you will be successful in your undertakings for the benefit of the farmers.—MRS. JOHN L. COOK, Cook's Station, Mo.

I have used O. K. Seeds and they are all right. I know when I plant your seeds that they will come up and I can say "this will be a stand," and then go on with some other work. I wish you success with your seeds.—O. H. TATE, Springfield, La.

TOM WATSON WATERMELON



The Most Popular Market Melon—Sweet, Crisp, Coreless

TOM WATSON MOST POPULAR WATER MELON

This is of the Keckley Sweet class and the same description applies quite well to it. However, it grows larger, frequently reaching 2 feet long. It is the giant among melons. It is also a little lighter in color.

Also it has a tough rind and ships splendidly to distant markets. The quality is equal to Keckley, which is a high recommendation. It is an ideal melon for all purposes. Wonderfully productive. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c; 5 lbs. or more @ 70c.

New Excel The Melon That Met the Ideas of a Critical Grower —Size, Shape, Rind and Quality Just Right

AN extensive grower of watermelons found that, of the varieties in cultivation, none of them combined all of the necessary qualities to his desired degree. If the eating quality was good enough, the size or shape was not just right, or the rind was not strong enough. So he set about to produce a variety that would meet all of the requirements—a perfect watermelon. The result was this new melon, the "Excel." "The Excel," he says, "will produce more large, marketable melons under the same conditions than any other watermelon, while its carrying and shipping qualities are unsurpassed." The melons grow 18 to 22 inches long and 12 to 16 inches in diameter and weigh from 40 to 100 lbs. The rind is dark green, indistinctly striped with a lighter shade. The deep-red flesh is crisp and with finest flavor. Have no hard centers. Pkt. 7c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

Keckley Sweet Or MONTE CRISTO (Long) I have summed up good qualities of this melon up in these words—unsurpassed in productiveness for nearby market selling and for eating quality. Its popularity is increasing each season. It is early, but grows very large. Skin is rich, dark green shaded with faint lines of lighter green. Very handsome. I consider that no melon has a sweeter or more pleasant flavor, or is a better table melon. It should be universally grown. It is not a shipping melon. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c; 5 lbs. @ 70c.

MUSTARD

CULTURE—Sow in drills 1 foot apart. Cover lightly. For a succession sow each two weeks. Water copiously if weather is dry. Cut when not over 3 inches high. Used for salads.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED—The best kind. Leaves about twice the size of the old kind. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 80c.

COLORADO PRESERVING CITRON—Grown for making preserves. This is the best variety. It is very productive. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 85c.

Halbert Honey Shape oblong, well filled to the ends, skin very dark green showing a faint longitudinal tracing, or indentation in the rind: medium early and fairly large; flesh crimson and very sweet. Keckley's Sweet is quite similar though more pear-shaped; seeds white. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; 1 lb. 75c; 5 lbs. at 70c.

Everitt's (OK)

CULTURE—Grown for its green pods, which are used in soups, stews, etc. Sow thickly when ground is warm in drills 3 feet apart, 1 inch deep. Thin to 10 inches, cultivate like sweet corn. **IMP. LONG POD**—Pods long, white and smooth. Prolific.

Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

WHITE VELVET—Grows tall with long round pods, smooth and of a velvety white color. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Okra Seed

CELEBRATED "C" ONION SEED.

CULTURE OF ONIONS—The ground for onions must be rich and it should have been in cultivation for a year or two. Pulverize not more than 5 inches deep. The seed bed must be fine. For large onions in Fall, drill about 4 lbs. per acre in rows 14 to 15 inches apart. Weeds must be kept out. Pull when tops begin to dry down. For sets, sow 40 to 60 lbs. per acre in drills 12 inches apart. Some growers sow the seed under glass or in hot beds and transplant. The advantages of this plan are so many that it will become more general. In this way earlier and larger onions can be grown. Six to 10 bus. of sets will plant an acre.



Prizetaker

Magnificent Onions can be grown from
Black Seed Planted in Spring

THE most interesting to grow from seed, the handsomest and the most reliable onion for the amateur and professional to grow from seed is the Prizetaker. It grows quickly, attaining a large size. It is beautiful and the table quality, delicate and mild. Also any that can be spared for sale always bring an extra price. It is the main reliance of many commercial growers, as the beautiful yellow onions in fancy groceries and fruit stands, which are of this kind, prove. No sets are required of Prizetakers, as they grow large from the seed. This is one of the best to raise plants and transplant to garden or field, when they may be made to weigh 4 to 5 lbs. under favorable conditions. Season for Fall and early Winter, as they will not keep until Spring. **The O. K. Strain of seed is unexcelled.** Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00.

Yellow Strasburg or DUTCH—A little darker color than the Danvers, more flattened and a little later. This is sown largely to raise yellow sets because of its splendid keeping qualities. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

Ohio Yellow Globe This is a strain of the Globe Onion that has come to be generally used by growers in Ohio and Indiana, while the Globe Danvers has the call in most other places. It is earlier, also is better suited to heavy muck soil. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00.

White Portugal or SILVER SKIN—Very early, grows to large size, flat, mild flavor. Largely grown for white sets, also is extensively used for bunching and pickles. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00; 5 lbs. @ \$1.85.

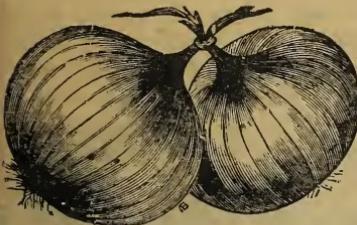
Southport Yellow Globe This is more globe shaped than the Danvers and oftentimes excels in its yields. All that can be asked for in table and market and keeping qualities it possesses. Extensively grown for best market demand. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00; 5 lbs. @ \$1.85.

Southport White Globe Identical in appearance with the Southport Yellow Globe, except it is as white as a clean snowball. Sells at the highest price in all markets. A late variety and a heavy cropper. Quality for table all that can be asked. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00; 5 lbs. @ \$1.85.

Southport Red Globe And this also is identical in appearance to the Yellow and White, except its color, which is Red. A very heavy yielder. Even a better keeper than the Yellow and White. It is the leading market variety in the Central and Western States. The three colors of Southport Globe Onions are reliable to grow and to market, making heavy yields and getting the top prices. Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00; 5 lbs. @ \$1.85.



Types of Southport
Globe Onions



Yellow Globe Danvers

Large Red Wethersfield

Noted for Its Productiveness and Keeping Qualities

THIS is the largest of the Red Onions. This fact can decide a person who wants a red onion, who may be in doubt what variety to plant, although there may be a preference for others on account of season or shape. The Large Red Wethersfield, like the Prizetaker, grows to full size from seed the first year. The bulbs are large, flat in shape, purplish, red skin. Flesh a purplish white color, not so mild as Prizetaker, but not too strong flavored to meet the popular taste. One of the best keepers. It succeeds almost everywhere and is sought for in all markets. Very productive. The O. K. Strain of seed is unexcelled. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75; 5 lbs. @ \$1.50.



Large Red Wethersfield

Everitt's (OK) Onion Sets

Why plant Sets?

By planting sets you can have onions to eat, or market in one-fourth the time required from seed. Set onions come off so early that a second crop can be grown on the ground.

BOTTOM ONION SETS
White, 1b. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 30c, postpaid.
Yellow, 1b. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 30c, postpaid.
Red, 1b. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 30c, postpaid.

Ask for prices on larger quantities.

Everitt's (OK) Parsnip Seed

CULTURE—Give rich soil, and to the long kinds deep soil. Plant very early in rows 18 inches apart, cover seed one-half inch. Thin to 3 to 5 inches. Will keep in the ground over winter and improves in quality. One pkt. for 50 feet of drill; oz. 200 feet; 5 lbs. per acre.

IMP. HOLLOW CROWN or LARGE SUGAR—This is the best table variety. Also is a great producer and profitable to grow for stock. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

GUERNSEY, or STUDENT—Not so long, but thick, suited to shallow ground. Heavy yielder. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

Everitt's (OK) Parsley Seed

small plat sown broadcast, thin, will do very well for a family supply. Prized for garnishing and for flavoring soups. One pkt. will produce many plants.

PLAIN or SINGLE—This has plain leaves instead of curled. It is extensively grown for soup bunches. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c.

MOSS CURLLED—An elegant, decorative variety. Also has high flavoring properties. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c.

HAMBURG TURNIP ROOTED—This forms a root resembling a small parsnip. It is this root that is used for flavoring and is highly esteemed for soups, stews, etc. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c.

Imp. Hollow Crown Parsnip



Guernsey or Student Parsnips

Everitt's (CK) TRADE MARK Pepper Seed

ROYAL KING

THIS new, sweet mango pepper sprang from a plant found growing with a crop of Ruby Kings. The old Ruby King does not compare favorably with this new pepper in any particular. The Royal King averages nearly twice as much meat as the old Ruby King. It is also a heavy bearer, is most beautiful in color and its shape is all that can be asked for, while it also has all good qualities for shipping to distant markets. So fine is this pepper that it can usually be sold at good prices even when markets are "glutted" for others. Pkt. 7c; oz. 30c.

Ruby King A good old variety. Very productive, very handsome and very good. Bright ruby red color when ripe. Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

Golden Dawn, or Golden Queen If you want a yellow mango instead of the red select this one. It is the same shape as Ruby King and is as good in every respect; the only difference is in its color. It is not too much to say that the red and yellow mangoes ought to be served together as they are then very ornamental. Pkt. 7c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

RED CHILI—Sharply conical, about 2 inches long, brilliant scarlet, very hot; used for chili and pepper sauce. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50.

CORAL GEM BOUQUET—If you want a beautiful garden ornament as well as a very useful plant, these will please you. The plant grows 10 inches high and will be literally covered with small scarlet fruits 1 inch in length, slender and round, that are hot and pungent. It begins to bear early in the season. Pkt. 4c; oz. 50c.

LARGE BELL, or BULL NOSE—An old standard sort. Mild flavor. Red color when ripe. Excellent for mangoes. Pkt. 4c; oz. 40c.

CAYENNE—This is the hot pepper used for seasoning. Long and tapering. Very yielding. Pkt. 4c; oz. 40c.

Plant the Best

I have used O. K. Seeds several years and also have used others, but yours are the best. Your Late Flat Dutch Cabbage is my favorite. I wish you success.—P. H. SHEELY, Peaks, S. C.

I have been planting your O. K. Seeds about 16 years and always found them "O. K." in all respects. I obtained Green Mountain Potatoes of you four years ago and they are the best I ever grew.—WILLIS M. GUICE, Hendersonville, N. C.

My Farmers' Interest Corn is yielding 90 bushels per acre, after being through a great cyclone.—REV. J. LEWIS WAMPLER, Winkinson, Ind.

I have been a customer of your house 12 years and I have not got one article that was not satisfactory in all respects. We bought all of our garden seeds of you last spring and they were all O. K. Hoping you will have success.—J. E. THOMPSON, Clark Centre, Ill.

Am in receipt of your valuable catalogue of O. K. Seeds. Your catalogue always rates seeds of all kinds so much cheaper than other catalogues. I don't see how you can sell the way you do and furnish such good seed. I have handled a good deal of your seed and I never got any poor ones.—JNO. M. JAMES, Winterset, Ia.

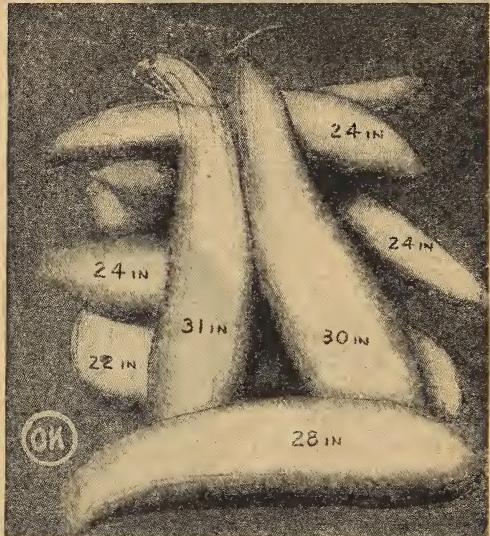
CULTURE—Start in cold frame, hot bed or house. Transplant to garden when warm weather has come to stay. The rows may be 18 inches apart and plants 12 inches apart in row. One pkt. will produce about 250 plants; one oz. about 1000 plants.



Royal King



Golden Dawn



Banana Muskmelon

Novel Appearance; a Prize Winner; Good Quality; Succeeds on Ground Where Others Will Not. A Curiosity, and Prized by Many.

SHAPE and appearance somewhat like an overgrown banana. It attains a length of from 18 inches to 4 to 6 inches at the largest part. The flesh is salmon, firm, juicy and sweet. The flavor is liked by many people better than the regular muskmelons. It is not merely a curiosity, but many growers find they bring higher prices on the market than the regular muskmelons. Also it is a melon that succeeds where others fail. If you have failed with other kinds plant the Banana, and enjoy many treats.

PRICE—Pkt. 6c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50.



Large Bell



Cayenne

You may have a 25c pkt. or any pkt. of Seeds FREE

This Certificate

entitles you to your choice of one packet of seeds, anyone, your selection, from the catalogue FREE. We make only one condition, viz: that you accompany this certificate with an order to the amount of \$1.00 or more.

We make this offer to get you to look through the catalogue carefully. We believe if you will do that you will see good reasons why you should send us your seed order. Also we know, if you look in this way, that you will find some packets of seeds priced at 25 cents, one of which you may have FREE if you want it. But select the one packet that you most desire.

This offer is good for the year 1923.

Return this certificate with your order.

EVERITT'S (OK) SEED STORE, Indianapolis, Ind.

TIME TO BUY

THE SEEDS NAMED BELOW

The following named seeds are the ones most subject to market changes, so we are quoting you the present prices and will accept orders at these prices. Compare our prices with any others from any source. Freight is not very high from Indianapolis.

Remit Extra for Bags at 40c each.

Terms—Cash with order, or remit one-fourth and we will draw for the balance.

CLOVERS

Medium Red, OK Brand, \$14.25. Prime Brand, \$14.00.
Mammoth Red, OK Brand, \$14.50. Prime Brand, \$14.00.
Alsike, OK Brand, \$11.75. Prime Brand, \$11.25.
Alfalfa, OK Brand, \$12.75.
Alfalfa, Grimms Certified seed, \$30.00.
Sweet, White Blossom, \$8.75. Prime Brand, \$8.25.
Crimson, \$8.50.
Hubam, per pound, 40c.
White Dutch, per pound, 60c.

GRASS SEED

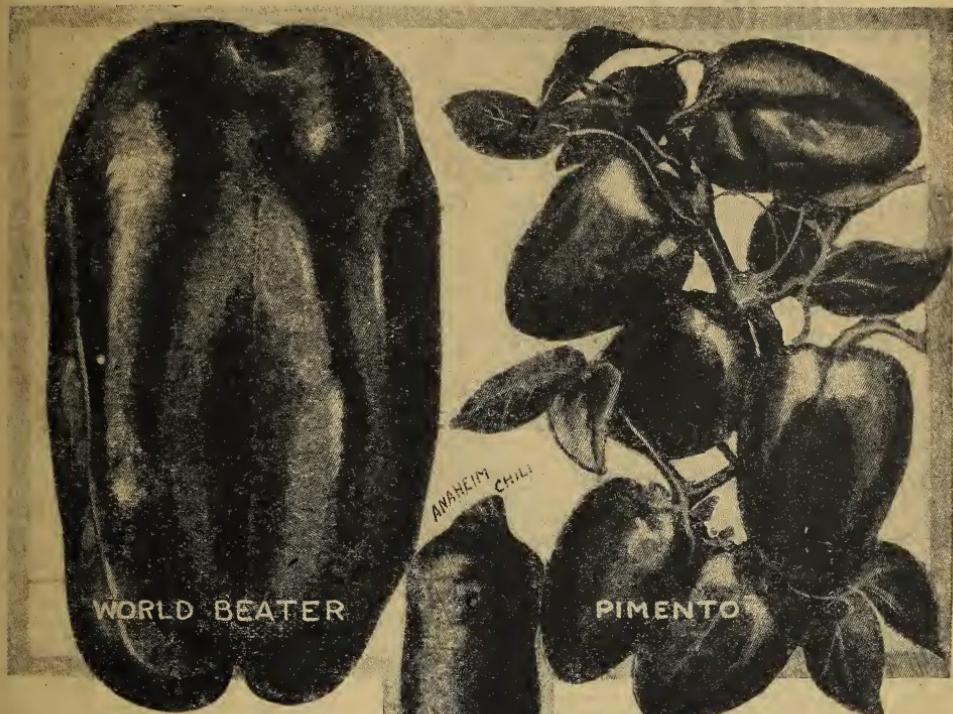
Timothy, OK Brand, \$3.85. Prime Brand, \$3.65.
Kentucky Blue, Fancy Seed, \$26.00 per CWT. Prime, \$25.00 per CWT.
Orchard Grass, OK Brand, \$15.00 per CWT.
Red Top, Heavy Seed, \$22.00 per CWT.
Sudan Grass, \$17.50 per CWT.

MISCELLANEOUS

Rape, Dwarf Essex, 200 pound sacks per CWT., \$9.50.
Broken bags, per CWT., \$10.00.
Millets, ask for prices.
Cane, Early Amber, Early Orange, Honey Dew, ask for prices.
Soy Beans, mammoth yellow, \$3.25 per bu.
Hollybrook or Midwest, \$3.00 per bu.
Ito San, \$3.00 per bu.
Manchu, \$3.25 per bu.

COW PEAS

Whipporwill, \$3.50 per bu.
New Era, \$3.25 per bu.
Early Black, \$3.50 per bu.
Mixed, \$3.25 per bu.
Canada Field, \$3.75 per bu.
Spring Vetch, ask for prices.
Winter Vetch, \$20.00 per CWT.
Spring Wheat, Marquis, \$2.50 per bu.
Spring Rye, \$2.50 per bu.
Spring Barley, \$1.60 per bu.
Nitragin. We ask you to use it with our clovers, cow peas and Soy Beans. Inoculates all. Prices reduced to \$1.00 for bushel size instead of \$1.00 per acre.



World Beater Pepper

THE introducer of this pepper said: "It is the finest introduction of a pepper in ages." It is a cross of Chinese Giant and the Ruby King, retaining the shape of the Ruby King, except it is broader at the point end but growing almost to the size of Chinese Giant. Its chief improvement is in the fact that it is much more prolific than the C. Giant, some plants having yielded two dozen marketable peppers. The flavor is so mild that it can be sliced and eaten raw. The fruit is green until it ripens, when it takes the scarlet color. The flesh is so thick that it holds up a long time, making it one of the best shippers. Order this and have something you will be proud of. Pkt. 7c; 3 pkts. for 15c; oz. 50c.

Anaheim Chili Pepper

THE plants of this new pepper grow vigorously and the fruits grow 6 to 8 inches long, tapering from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches in diameter at top to almost a point at the other end. Pkt. 4c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

Chinese Giant One of the very largest of the mild red varieties. Plant of short, stocky growth, with light green foliage; fruits pendent, thick, blocky and square ended, 4 to 5 inches in diameter and of equal length; color, brilliant glossy scarlet. Pkt. 7c; 3 for 15c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

THIS new pepper is becoming very popular because of its valuable qualities. Its productiveness, bearing until killed by frost, makes it very profitable to the market gardener, while its desirable size and shape, thick flesh and agreeable flavor make it a favorite in every kitchen. The form is distinct as shown in illustration. Color crimson-scarlet. The fruits grow from 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches across and about 3 inches long. Very fleshy. Their meat is never hot but of a very agreeable, sweet flavor. If you want the finest pepper and one that makes the best mangoes, just the right size for individual serving, send to us for the Pimento. Pkt. 7c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75.

PEANUTS

Peanuts are chiefly grown in the Southern States, commercially and for stock food. Hogs will harvest them and will fatten on them. The following varieties will also succeed in the North.

SPANISH PEANUT—This is the earliest kind and is particularly recommended for the Northern States. It grows upright and can be cultivated with machinery. Small but plump nut. Pkt. 8c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. @ 35c.

LONG PODDED—This is later and larger. It is one of the kinds in general commerce and is not early enough to mature in the North. Pkt. 8c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. @ 35c.

Everitt's (CK) TRADE MARK

Seed Peas

EXTRA EARLY AND EARLY SORTS

Alaska (2½ ft. smooth)—A pea of fine quality. Largely grown for market, commercial canning and in the home garden. It ripens evenly and one picking practically gets the crop. Pkt. 8c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

First and Best (2½ ft. smooth)—This is of the Alaska type, but is a little later with larger pods and much more productive. Very largely planted for home and canning. Pkt. 8c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

American Wonder (1-ft. wrinkled)—The well-known dwarf pea. Extra early and exquisite quality. Pkt. 8c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

Nott's Excelsior (1½ ft. wrinkled)—I consider this the best extra early wrinkled pea. It is nearly as early as American Wonder, while the pods are larger, with 6 to 7 peas, and many more of them. The quality is very fine. Every garden should have this pea for the first on the table. Of high quality. Pkt. 8c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

Little Marvel (14 in. wrinkled)—This is a new variety that may prove to be even a better pea than Nott's Excelsior. A peculiarity is in it bearing many twin pods. The pods contain 5 to 7 peas and are of excellent flavor. Prolific. Pkt. 8c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

CULTURE—Plant peas early in the Spring so the crop will be off before hot, mid-summer. Peas never do well in mid-summer, but may be planted late to grow in the cool Fall. The smooth varieties plant earlier than the wrinkled, as they endure more cold and wet. See that the ground is rich, particularly for the short ones. Plant the dwarfs in rows 2½ feet apart; the tall ones 3 feet apart, plant 3 to 4 inches deep. Plant same variety in succession. One pkt. will plant about 20 feet; a pound about 60 feet; 100 to 120 lbs. for an acre. The wrinkled peas are the sweetest.

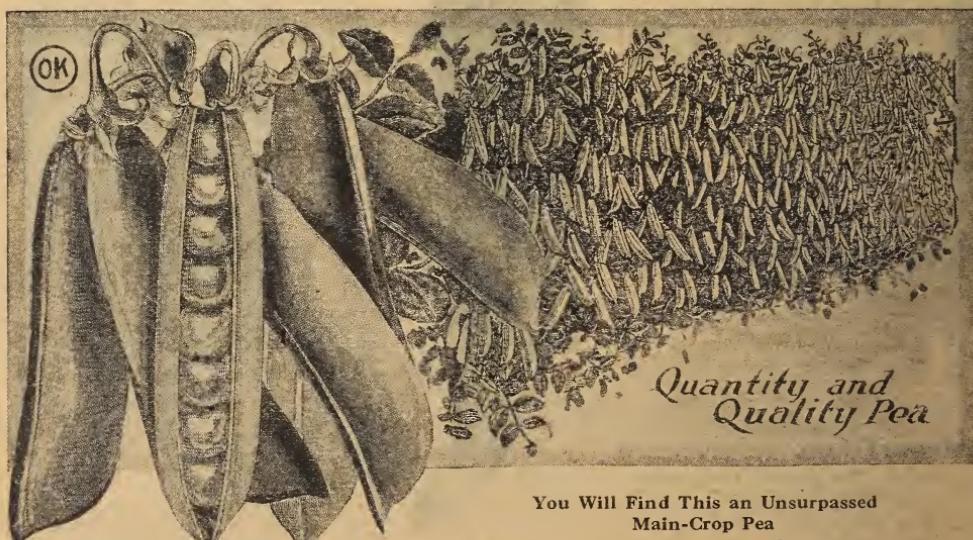
Gradus, or Prosperity (2½ ft. wrinkled)—Extreme

earliness, only 3 to 5 days later than the early smooth peas. Finest quality and great productiveness are combined in this pea. These things recommend it to the home and market gardener. Pkt. 8c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

Premium Gem (1½ ft. wrinkled)—This is an improved strain of the well-known Little Gem. Of dwarf growth, and matures very early, also is productive of large pods—2½ to 3 inches long—filled with 6 to 8 light green peas. The quality is splendid. Pkt. 8c; ½ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

Quantity and Quality

THIS pea was so named because of its large productiveness and splendid table qualities. It is medium early and grows uniformly about 24 inches high. Pods are large and of blocky shape. The peas are wrinkled, green and for eating are near perfection, being rich, buttery and marrow-like. With a large canner it holds the record for producing the largest number of bushels of shelled peas per acre. The home and market gardener will find this a most profitable variety. The pea is properly named. Every grower should get it. Large pkt. 8c; ½ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 40c; 5 lbs. @ 37c. postpaid.



Quantity and Quality Pea

You Will Find This an Unsurpassed Main-Crop Pea

LATE VARIETIES

Horsfords Market Garden (3 ft. wrinkled)—Perhaps the most worthy of the mid-season peas from the points of productiveness and quality is this H. M. Garden. It is a very heavy cropper. In a test of 28 kinds it doubled all others in yield. A single plant bore more than 150 pods. It is extensively grown for canners. Grows 2 to 3 feet, but is stiff and does well without support. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

Alderman, or Imp. Telephone

(4 ft. wrinkled)—A fine mid-season variety, maturing just after the extra early ones and before the late kinds come in. It grows 4 to 5 feet tall, hence should have support. The pods are 4 to 6 inches long, borne in pairs, and contain 7 to 9 large, green peas in each. Extraordinarily productive. Of exquisite flavor. I recommend Alderman highly for the home and market garden. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

CHAMPION OF ENGLAND—Universally admitted to be one of the best late peas grown. Highly prized by those who are fond of a large, tender and luscious pea. Hardy and vigorous in growth; pods 3 inches long, broad, nearly straight; medium dark green color. Of delicious flavor; a very profuse bearer. Especially recommended for the home garden. Height 4 to 5 feet. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT—An old variety. A heavy and sure cropper. It is a smooth pea and while the quality is not as good as the wrinkled peas, its heavy yields, long bearing and productiveness are qualities to recommend it. 5 to 6 feet. Requires supports. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. @ 32c.

SUGAR PEA (Edible Pods)—(3 ft. smooth)—This distinct pea is used like stringless beans. The pods are tender and are broken and cooked with the peas. Very sweet and delicious. Try them and you'll like them better than shelled peas alone. Pkt. 8c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. @ 37c.

Write for Prices of Peas by $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. and
larger quantities



Alderman, or Improved Telephone



Gradus, or Prosperity

I have planted your O. K. Seeds and like them. Send me a Catalogue and I will send another order. — W. S. THOMPSON, Riley, Okla.

We are well pleased with the O. K. Seeds. Don't think we could have done better anywhere.—W. B. HELM, Greensburg, Ky.

Your seeds are O. K. as represented. I am especially pleased with Everitt's Earliest of All Cabbage and the Sweet Corn was extra nice.—A. K. DAVIS, Riceville, Miss.

A PAGE OF GOOD PUMPKINS,



CULTURE—Plant when the ground is warm in hills 6 to 10 feet apart depending on the variety. Some varieties, like large Cheeses, Tennessee Sweet Potato, Sugar Pie and Big Tom may be planted in the corn field. A pkt. will plant about 10 hills; one oz. about 5 hills; two to three lbs. to acre.

(The numbers identify the illustrations.)

KING OF MAMMOTHS (1)—If you want to grow pumpkins of mammoth size, from curiosity or to exhibit, or even to make pie pick this one, or the Mammoth Tours. This K. of M. grows to enormous size, often 2 feet or more in diameter. The flesh is salmon-color and finer grained than you would think, considering its size. To get the largest specimens, allow only one vine to the hill and only one or two pumpkins on the vine. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.50.

MAMMOTH TOURS (2)—A French variety which also grows to immense size. The pumpkins may be either long or round. Are very heavy if well grown, frequently exceeding 100 lbs. Quality very good. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.30.

MAMMOTH ETAMPES (3)—Another French kind that is quite an attraction. The skin is bright, glossy red and excites favorable comment on exhibition or on sale. Flesh very thick. Heavy. Quality is excellent. Attains very large size. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25.

LARGE CHEESE, or KENTUCKY FIELD (4)—This is the large flat solid, heavy, cream-colored "sweet" pumpkin, extensively grown in corn fields for stock, but is only second to the Sugar Pumpkin for pies. Sells well on market. It is the variety used by most canners. Keeps well in winter. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 50c; 5 lbs. @ 45c.

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO (5)—A pear-shaped variety of splendid qualities. The flesh is white, fine-grained, solid and thick. When cooked has the appearance of sweet potatoes and some people say it tastes better. Excellent for pies and custards. Prolific. Keeps well until late Spring. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

SUGAR PIE (6)—The chief end of pumpkins is to make pies, and I consider this is the best pie pumpkin. It is small. Perhaps it was made small so enough good quality could be supplied. Very solid, orange skin, fine grained and exceedingly productive. Even every small garden should have a hill of Sugar Pie pumpkins. A good keeper. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00.

BIG TOM (7)—An improved strain, of the Connecticut Field, or Yankee. Grows to large size and extremely productive. Their chief value is for feeding stock. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 60c; 5 lbs. @ 45c.

GOLDEN OBLONG (8)—A medium size, solid, productive, long-keeping variety. Keeps as well as the hard-shell squashes. Excellent variety for cooking, Summer and Winter. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 85c.

JAPANESE PIE (9)—The best crook-necked pumpkin. Called "Japanese" because the seeds are curiously marked with characters like Japanese writing. The flesh is salmon color, fine grained and more dry than some sweet potatoes when baked. First class for pies, etc. This is a good kind to cut in strips, or pieces and dry like apples, for future use. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00.

CUSHAW, or GOLDEN CROOKNECK—A popular variety with a hard shell. The pumpkin often grows two feet in length with small seed cavity in the boll, while the long neck is solid meat.

Flesh golden yellow. Fine for pies and, because of great productiveness, profitable to grow for stock feed. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

40 CENTS WORTH 35c

Here are the best ten varieties of pumpkins. One pkt. of each is worth 40 cents, but will send the collection for only 35c—10 pkts. for 35 cents.

SOMETHING OUT OF THE ORDINARY

A RAINCOAT

A Necessary Garment for Every Member of the Family

We have used some of these coats and found them so satisfactory that we have made arrangements with a large exclusive manufacturer to supply our customers. Every coat guaranteed water-proof, and made in snappy, up-to-date models.

The following are a few special numbers:

No. 1213. Men's Dark Brown Gabardette Cloth with Maroon Rubber back. Belt all around. Slash pockets. 45 inches long. **Price, \$3.75.**

No. 302. "Twintex" Reversible Gabardette. Two coats in one. One side perfect imitation of Tan Gabardine, other side Olive Drab Rubber; all seams steam vulcanized. Belt all around. 46 inches long. **Price, \$6.00.**

No. 235. Men's Oxford Grey Wool Cashmere. Self back. Belt around. 46 inches long. **Price, \$7.50.**

No. 236. Men's Tan Wool Cashmere. Silk back. Belt around. 46 inches long. **Price, \$7.50.**

No. 401. Men's Tan Wool Gabardine. Cravanned. Young men's model. Double breasted. Belt all around. Pleated back. 45 inches long. **Price, \$13.50.**

No. 502. Ladies' Navy Blue Twill Poplin. Stitched seams. Belt all around. 52 inches long. **Price, \$4.50.**

No. 526. Ladies' Green Mixed Silk Mohair. Belt around. 50 inches long. **Price, \$7.50.**

No. 527. Ladies' Red Mixed Silk Mohair. Belt around. 50 inches long. **Price, \$7.50.**

No. 156. Boy's "Red Top" Coat and Hat to match. Three coats of rubber. Buckle fasteners. Sizes, 6 to 16. **Price, \$3.50.**

No. 157. Boy's Black Rubber, same as above.

No. 159. Boy's "Dri-Boy" Tan Army Bombazine. Full cape over back and shoulders; seamless. Guaranteed waterproof. Sizes, 6 to 16. Coat and hat to match. **Price, \$5.00.**

No. 608. Misses' Maroon Rubber Cape and Cap to Match. Sizes, 6 to 16. **Price, \$3.50.**

No. 628. Misses' Green Rubber Cape and Cap to match. Sizes, 6 to 16. **Price, \$3.50.**

No. 2002. Misses' Navy Blue, Seamless school cape with silk lined hood. Sizes, 6 to 14. **Price, \$2.00.**

No. 2005. Misses' Red Seamless School Cape, with silk lined hood. Sizes, 6 to 14. **Price, \$2.00.**



When
Ordering
Men will
give Chest
Measure
and Girls
and Boys
give Age.

No. 302 "Twinter" Reversible



Girls 2002
2005



Boys 156
157

Everitt's (CK) TRADE MARK Radish Seed

EARLIEST AND FORCING

Crimson Giant

Better Not Neglect
Getting This One

A NEW, extra early radish that grows very large, often 5 to 6 inches in circumference. It is good for garden and forcing. Nearly round, crisp and juicy. Stands a long time before getting pithy. Every garden should have it. A bonanza for market gardeners. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

VICKS SCARLET GLOBE THE BEST GLOBE RADISH

This is one of the earliest of the forcing varieties and does equally well in the garden. Of quick growth, fine size, has small top. It is always crisp and tender. Very popular with market gardeners who know it. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

SCARLET TURNIP—Extra early. A famous variety for forcing and gardens. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

SCARLET TURNIP (WHITE TIPPED)—The name describes it. A beautiful extra early radish of fine quality. For forcing and garden. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

WHITE TURNIP—Both skin and flesh are pure white. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

FRENCH BREAKFAST—Extremely early, olive-shaped, scarlet with white tip. This is a popular radish for first on the table. Crisp when young, but soon becomes pithy. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

WHITE OLIVE-SHAPED—Handsome, small white radish with a small top. Of very rapid growth. For forcing and garden. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

SCARLET OLIVE-SHAPED—Like above except the skin is scarlet. Very popular for forcing and outdoor growth, North and South, as a bunching radish. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

Sparkler Ready for Table in 25 Days

I CONSIDER it a little better and a little prettier than any of the other little radishes that come extra early. It is globe-shaped, brilliant cardinal with more white tip than the old S. T. White Tipped. Ready to use in about 25 days. See the illustration to right. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.



Sparkler, New Scarlet Globe

LATER VARIETIES

LONG SCARLET (Short top)—This is the old, popular, long, slender, dark-red, quick-growing radish. It comes very early, 25 to 30 days, and is of the choicest quality. Popular on market and on the table. The O. K. Strain seed is unsurpassed. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

CINCINNATI MARKET (Also called GLASS RADISH)—Very similar to L. S. S. Top, but preferred by many growers. It is a darker color, a little larger and a little smaller top. Preferred by Southern and Western growers. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

CHARTIER—While the long early radishes are all similar in some respects, yet our list would not be complete without this handsome one which is so distinct in color. The top part is crimson, about half way down it blends off to pink and the bottom runs to waxy white. It is very quick growth, stands a long time and quality is splendid. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.



SELECTED ICICLE THE BEST LONG WHITE RADISH

Extremely quick growth. Very profitable kind. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

WHITE VIENNA (or LADY FINGER)—A new long white variety. Compared with Icicle it is a little later and larger. The radishes remain in prime condition a long time. I can not recommend it too highly. Coming to be a great favorite with market gardeners. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

WHITE STRASBURG—This is also a white radish. It is semi-oblong, thick at top and tapers regularly. Very late, but can begin to use it when young and small. In this respect it is truly an all-season variety. It never gets pithy. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

GOLDEN SUMMER TURNIP—A large, round, solid radish that always makes fine roots and is always solid and crisp. Perhaps the best for slicing. Yellow skin, white flesh, matures late. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.10.

GIANT WHITE STUTTGART—A turnip-shaped, large white Summer radish. Of fine quality, remaining in edible condition a long time. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

If you want the earliest long white radish, select this one, which, in all respects, except color, is like the scarlet ones. It is very handsome, attractive and good. The flesh is about as brittle as an icicle, which its name suggests.

If you want the earliest long white radish, select this one, which, in all respects, except color, is like the scarlet ones. It is very handsome, attractive and good. The flesh is about as brittle as an icicle, which its name suggests.

name and address in full.

Before sealing be sure you have written your

From _____

R. R. _____ P. O. _____

Co. _____ State _____

Be Sure to Write Your Full Address Here

2 CENT
STAMP
HERE

CREAM,

Not skinned milk is what we deal in, and our catalogue list will be found to contain the cream of the varieties. Hence, if we don't catalogue as many varieties as some other seedsmen, you can still get the cream or the best, from us, and the best is not too good for our customers. O. K. Seeds give BETTER AVERAGE RESULTS than those obtained from any other source, at a less cost. WE COUNT ON YOUR ORDER SURE.

Everitt's (OK) Seed Store

WASHINGTON ST.
OPPOSITE THE CAPITOL

INDIANAPOLIS
INDIANA

MERIT WINS AND PRICES TALK

We have built up our great business on the foundation of good seeds at the lowest cost of production, with a fair margin added for profit after they are economically handled. Because of the immensity of our business, we can afford to deal liberally with our customers. Cut our trade in two and we would lose money. We believe the people will again rally to the support of



and double our trade for
1923.



WINTER RADISHES

CULTURE—This class of radishes has an important place in the garden, and should be grown more extensively. They are of as good flavor as the early varieties and will grow at a time when the earlier sorts will not thrive. A great many gardeners make the mistake of planting them too early. They should be seeded about the last of June to middle of July and not after other ROOT crops.

CALIFORNIA MAMMOTH—The largest long Winter variety. Roots grow 10 to 12 inches long and 3 to 4 inches through. Color white. Quality good. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. @ 85c.

WHITE CHINESE—Grows large, oblong. Color white. Fine texture and flavor. One of the best Winter radishes. Roots grow 6 to 8 inches long and 3 inches thick. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. @ 85c.

ROSE CHINESE—Same as the former except in color. Roots 4 to 5 inches long. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50; 5 lbs. @ \$1.25.

ROUND BLACK SPANISH—A round variety. Splendid keeper and splendid quality. Roots 3 to 4 inches in diameter. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

LONG BLACK SPANISH—Like the former, except the shape. Keeps crisp until Spring. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10; 5 lbs. @ \$1.00.

Everitt's (CK)

Rhubarb Seed

soil must be deep and rich. A good way is to buy the roots and set as above.

VICTORIA—The old, satisfactory variety. There is no better under any name. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

RHUBARB ROOTS—Each 20c; 1/2 doz. 75c; doz. \$1.25. Postpaid.

Everitt's (CK)

Salsify Seed

early in the Spring on rather light, fertile ground, in drills 18 inches apart; thin the plants to 1 or 1 1/2 inches in the row. Light freezing greatly benefits the flavor. One pkt. for about 25 feet of row; one oz. to 75 feet.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND—The best variety. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Everitt's (CK)

Spinach Seed

August and September and protect with straw during severe weather. The ground for spinach cannot be too rich. One pkt. sows about 20 feet of drill; one oz. 100 feet; eight to ten lbs. per acre.

CULTURE—Sow the seed in drills 18 inches apart and cover ½ inch. Thin to 4 or 5 inches, leaving the strongest. In Fall or Spring following set in permanent beds, 4 feet each way. The

LONG STANDING—One of the best for Summer, as it is slow to run to seed. Also sown in the Fall, but should have protection in Winter. Leaves are large, thick and crimped. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

NEW ZEALAND—Another variety especially recommended for Summer. A wonderful large plant and should be planted 2 by 3 feet apart. Both leaves and stalks are tender and eatable. Do not plant this until ground is warm. It may be used the entire summer until cold weather. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

PRICKLEY WINTER—For sowing in the Fall. Thick leaved. A hardy winter variety. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

BLOOMSDALE, or SAVOY—Another hardy Winter variety. Leaves, numerous, curled, blistered and succulent. Glossy, dark green color. Sow in early Spring and use before hot weather, or in Fall for Winter use. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

TOBACCO

CULTURE—Sow the seed in early Spring on a clean bed. A favorite way is to burn brush or trash on the bed to kill weed seeds, also wood ash is the best fertilizer. When plants are 4 to 5 inches high, set in hills 4 to 5 feet apart. Give clean, thorough cultivation. An oz. of seed will produce plants for 1 acre.

HAVANA—One of the earliest. Fine texture and superfine flavor. Pkt. 8c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 85c.

WHITE BURLEY—A favorite in parts of Kentucky, Ohio and Indiana. Fine quality and commands high prices. Pkt. 8c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 85c.

Indianapolis is situated in the center of the richest and most extensive agricultural region on the face of the globe; and besides it has shipping facilities unsurpassed by any other city in the country. We can save you time and money if you give us your order for farm seed.

Everitt's (CK)
TRADE
MARK

Squash Seed

Golden Summer Crookneck Bush
and yellow. Most popular of all the Summer kinds.

CULTURE—Keep in mind that all vine crops delight in warm, rich soil. Plant squash in hills the same as melons and cucumbers. The bush kinds 4 feet apart, the others 10 to 12 feet, 8 to 12 seeds to the hill and later thin to 2 to 4 to the hill. Some kinds can be grown with corn. A pkt. will plant about 10 hills; one oz. to 50 hills; three to four lbs. per acre.

SUMMER VARIETIES

Mammoth White Bush Scalloped This is about twice the size of the old variety and not much later. Quality fine. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

WINTER VARIETIES

Delicata Just the Right Size
for a Family Squash

This is a small squash of particularly fine, rich, dry delicious qualities. It is desirable because it is small and early and solid and for its good quality, for Summer or Winter. It comes about as early as the Summer squashes, and, because of its better quality should largely supplant them. Class, while its solidity makes it as good a keeper as the Winter varieties. The rind is orange-yellow, splashed and striped with dark green. Very prolific. Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Boston Marrow This is standard Fall variety and is without a peer for canning and pies. A rich orange color. Very productive. Has been grown ever since 1834. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00.

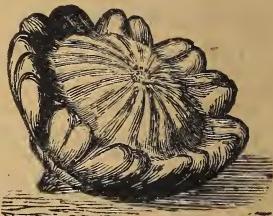
Delicious A very early maturing variety that is also one of the best Winter sorts. The shell is very thin. Moderately hard. I consider it unapproached for fine grain, dryness, sweetness and richness of flavor. Is medium size, 5 to 10 lbs. It is in its prime from mid-fall to mid-winter. Plant some Delicious for some treats. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Mammoth Chili The Jumbo of the squash family. Sure to get the prize for the largest squash at the fair. Sometimes grow to weigh 200 lbs. The flesh is rather coarse. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

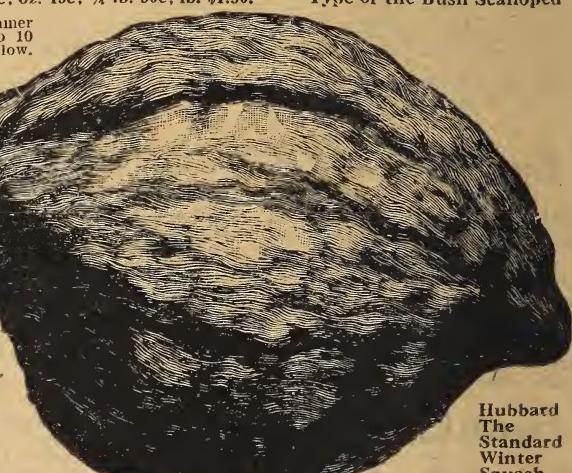
Fordhook Small, oblong, excellent for Summer and Winter. Fruits grow 8 to 10 inches long, slightly ridged; skin smooth thin, yellow. Flesh straw color, very thin, exceptionally dry and sweet. The skin is so thin it need not be peeled for cooking. Deserves a place in every garden. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Hubbard There have been many varieties of squashes introduced since this one and most of them have disappeared. The genuine Hubbard has more than held its own against all comers as a Winter squash. Whatever other varieties may appeal to your fancy, you should also plant some of the Hubbard. Vines grow strong and set fruit numerously. Frequently specimens weigh 25 to 30 lbs. Shape, oblong; color, bright orange. The standard for quality and Winter keeping. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

Golden Hubbard Now, while I am dealing with Hubbard Squashes, let me present also the yellow member of the family. This Golden Hubbard is the same as the original, with the exception of color, which is rich, orange yellow, instead of dark olive green. The flesh is a little deeper orange and equally fine-grained and sweet. All of the Hubbards are long keepers. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.

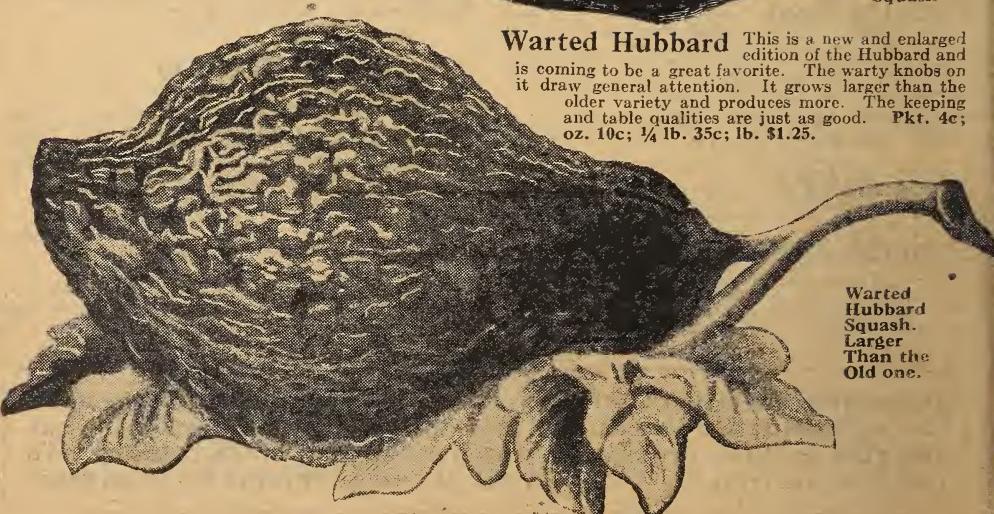


Type of the Bush Scallop



Hubbard
The
Standard
Winter
Squash

Warted Hubbard This is a new and enlarged edition of the Hubbard and is coming to be a great favorite. The warty knobs on it draw general attention. It grows larger than the older variety and produces more. The keeping and table qualities are just as good. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.



Warted
Hubbard
Squash.
Larger
Than the
Old one.

Protect Your Trees

FROM destructive rabbits, mice, borers and cut worms—from cultivator bruises and skinning. Eliminate costly replacement and save time lost in growth of young trees by using

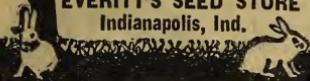
Hawkeye Tree Protectors

Quick and easy to attach—wrap this chemically treated wood veneer protector around the tree and tie at top and bottom. It will last for years.

Special Trial Offer

Send us \$6.50 and we will ship you 500 protectors or \$12.50 for 1000. Use these and you'll want more.

EVERITT'S SEED STORE
Indianapolis, Ind.



Facts Don't think that because one seedsman asks a higher price than another that his seeds must necessarily be better. It is often the case that one seedsman charges 50 per cent more than another for seeds that come out of the same bulk. Yet don't buy low-priced seeds unless you have good reason to think the quality is high. The quality of EVERITT'S O. K. SEEDS is always high, regardless of the price. Please remember this.

THE SECRET

If you want the best garden for the least cost, buy O. K. SEEDS

Cinnamon Vine

The Cinnamon Vine is one of the most popular vines in cultivation. No other vine more completely fills the want of a rapidly growing, beautiful, fragrant vine as the Cinnamon. It succeeds well anywhere.

This climber has dark green foliage, and late in the season bears a profusion of small white flowers of a delicious cinnamon fragrance. Although the vines die down to the ground each autumn, they grow up very rapidly in early spring, soon covering any trellis or arbor. Where you wish to hide unsightly places we suggest planting the Cinnamon Vine. Plant any time in spring. Strong Tubers, each, 15c; 3 for 40c. Large Tubers, 20c each; 7 for \$1.00, postpaid.



Everitt's (CK) Tomato Seed

BRIGHT RED VARIETIES

JOHN BEAUTIFUL TOMATOES
IN 30 DAYS FROM
BAER SETTING THE PLANTS

Best Extra Early and a Strong Competitor for Late Honors

NOTICE—This variety has produced perfect, solid, beautiful brilliant deep red tomatoes in 30 days, from well developed, strong plants that were set from the hot bed in veneer boxes, and with the roots undisturbed.

TH E earliest tomato that is worth while. If you have not grown it you have missed very much of having the greatest satisfaction from your tomatoes. It is wonderfully productive, yielding 50 to 100 fruit to a plant. Every tomato ripens evenly right up to the stem with no "cripples." The flavor is mild and deliciously sweet. We recommend it unreservedly for the home garden and also for shipping. The tomatoes grow remarkably uniform and on good garden soil their uniform weight is 6½ ounces. It is also a superior tomato for packers, being such a heavy yielder. A bushel of these tomatoes can be gathered quicker than almost any other. Plant a package of this tomato and it will help you a lot to have the best garden you ever raised. **Pkt. 8c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.**

WAYAHEAD—This is a new variety of tomato with the peculiar potato leaf foliage. In season it is very early. Color red, surface smooth, solid and heavy. The fruit is medium size and borne in abundance. We recommend it highly for home and market gardens. **Pkt. 8c; oz. 50c.**

Earliana One of the best early tomatoes, taking into account season of ripening, size, productiveness and quality. Earliana grows in clusters, is bright red, as round as a ball, solid and splendid quality. **Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.**

Chalk's Jewel An exceptionally fine early variety, about ten days later than Earliana; fruit uniformly smooth, round and solid; color crimson; a good canning sort for the north. **Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.**

Bonny Best This tomato is very beautiful scarlet color. Perfectly good flavor. Plants very productive, as they set in clusters of 4 or more at frequent intervals. One of the best for forcing. Excellent for all purposes. **Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.**

The Stone This is the standard late or main crop tomato. The fruit is bright scarlet, very large. Smooth, solid, heavy, of the finest quality. The plant is a strong grower and very productive. This variety is in great favor for home, market and canning, North and South. Bears shipment to distant markets. **Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.**

Dwarf Stone The best stiff-stalked, upright dwarf tomatoes in size of fruit and productiveness. The fruit is produced in clusters of 3 to 5 and each plant produces quite a number. The color is deep scarlet. Quality the best. **Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25.**

PINK OR PURPLE AND YELLOW VARIETIES

BEAUTY—Color, a glowing crimson with a tinge of purple. Shape, perfectly round, large size, solid. Quality splendid. Medium early, productive. This is the best-liked purple tomato in many sections. **Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.50.**

GOLDEN QUEEN—This is a large, beautiful, yellow tomato of superior qualities. Very showy and very good. It is the best yellow tomato. **Pkt. 4c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.50.**

SMALL FRUITED SORTS—These are used for preserves.

YELLOW PLUM—Plum shaped. **Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c.**

RED CHERRY—Look like large cherries. **Pkt. 4c; oz. 25c.**



Chalk's Early Jewel



Golden Queen



Stone



Beauty



Earliana

Bonny Best



Two Clusters of "John Baer"

Ponderosa

Wonderfully Popular. Has Been the Most Popular of the Mammoth Tomatoes

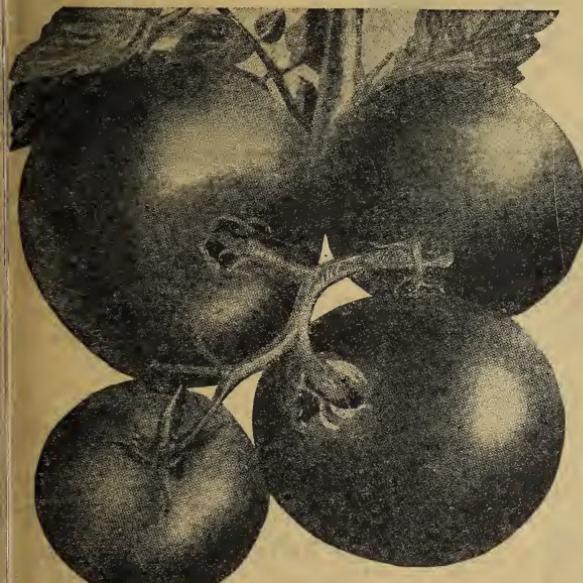
NO TWITHSTANDING its large size, it bears early and then continues all through the Summer. It seems that each vegetable has its "Giant" and Ponderosa has been the giant of the tomato family. This is true as regards the extraordinary growth of vine and the size of fruit. A popular way to raise the Ponderosa is to plant it by a fence or trellis, when it will grow higher than a man and bear fruit all along, many weighing a pound or more. The quality is splendid. On account of its solidity and few seeds, is especially good for slicing. They are very productive. The varieties called Beefsteak, Tenderloin, Majestic and some others are so similar that we think it not necessary to list them. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

BELLS COLOSSAL
THE NEWEST-BIGGEST-BEST TOMATO

See Inside Back Cover Page
Include This Grand Tomato in Your Order

Greater Baltimore

May Just Double the Yield of Your Former Best Cropper



A Cluster of Greater Baltimore Tomatoes

THE CANNERS' AND MARKET GARDENERS' FAVORITE—This has come to be the great canning tomato. Since its introduction many canners make it obligatory on their growers that this variety be raised for them. The color is brilliant red. The vines have great vigor, are healthy, grow compact and bear a cluster of tomatoes at every other joint. It is an immense yielder of shapely, smooth, heavy tomatoes, deep from pole to pole, free from ridges and cracks. Second early in season. Of course they are as fine for the home and market garden, where they are sure to surpass your expectations by yielding about double what you expected to get. The illustration shows their shape, but cannot begin to express their brilliant beauty.

Pkt. 4c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 55c;
lb. \$2.00.

If you want more than a pound up to 50 pounds get our price.

Plant the Best

I have used your O. K. Seeds 5 or 6 years and they have always given me satisfaction. They are always fresh and up-to-date.—**GEO. W. WADE**, Freemansville, N. C.

I have used your O. K. Seeds for several years and have always found them fresh and of superior quality.—**REASIN HARD**, Canton, Kan.

All your O. K. Seeds have been satisfactory.—**W. E. SANTS**, Catlin, Ill.

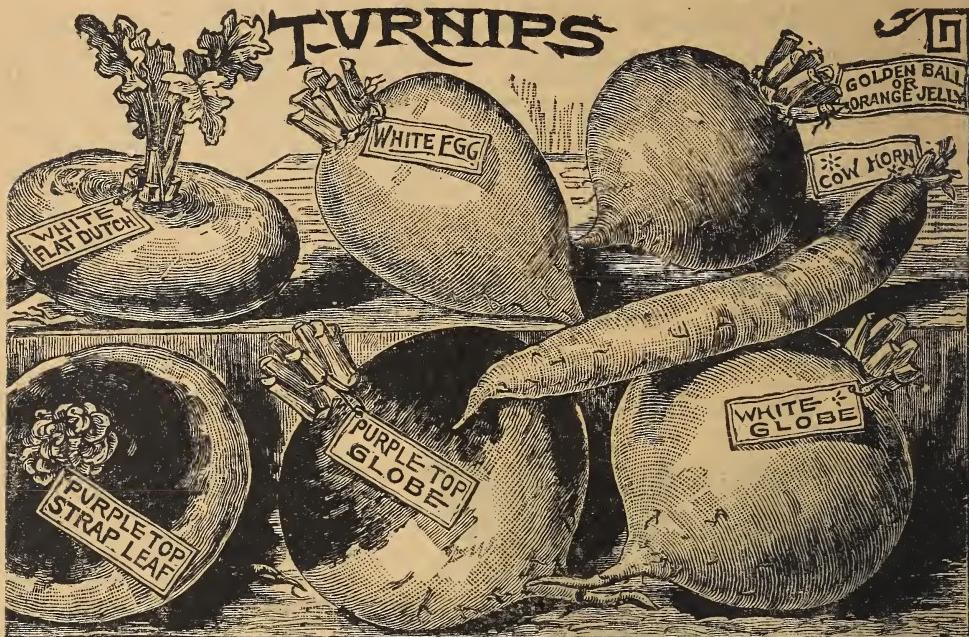
I have planted your O. K. Seeds for 3 years, and to say that I am delighted with them but feebly expresses my feelings. On the seed question I have been humbugged much, but I never had any trouble with O. K. Seeds. May

you have abundant crops of O. K. Seeds and the success you so richly deserve.—**HALL LAURIL**, Vienna, La.

I have handled your O. K. Seeds for several years and no fault has been found with any of them. I think they are the best seeds in the market.—**B. F. KESSLER**, Greensburg, Ky.

I believe you are the fairest man I ever bought seeds from. Your O. K. Seeds are always good. Prize-Taker Onion and C. W. T. Cabbage beat all I ever saw. I will always want O. K. Seeds when planting time comes.—**W. D. BRUMLEY**, Bono, Ark.

Buy your Clover and Grass Seeds of us and you will get QUALITY Seeds worth every cent of your money paid. Also you will get them near the centre of the country with a saving of time and money in transportation. Let us have an opportunity to quote you whenever in need.



Everitt's (OK) Turnip Seed

EARLY SNOWBALL—A pure white, very early variety. It makes sizable turnips in 6 to 7 weeks. Nearly round, very tender and sweet. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAF—This is the most popular variety. Good for early Spring and Fall and Winter. Top is purple, bottom white. Very beautiful and perfectly good quality. So productive that it is also largely grown for stock. We cannot recommend it too highly. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE—A large purple top globe-shaped turnip that is scarcely second to the P. T. S. L. in popularity. It grows to large size, of choice quality and is very productive. A long keeper. For home, market and stock feeding. We recommend it highly. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

LARGE WHITE GLOBE—(Strap leaved)—A perfect globe in shape; skin and flesh pure white, firm and sweet. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH—Differs from the Purple Top Strap Leaf only in color. Same season in same good qualities. For those who prefer a white garden turnip we recommend this. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

AMBER, or YELLOW GLOBE—Grows to a large size. Very productive. Good quality. Keeps until Spring. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

SEVEN TOP—Grown for the tops, which are used for greens. Very extensively grown in the South. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

COWHORN—If you want a large, coarse, heavy-yielding turnip for stock, pasture, or Winter feed, also to improve your ground, sow this one. It grows about one-

CULTURE—For early, sow as soon as ground will permit in Spring in drills 14 inches apart. The Ruta-Baga, 24 inches apart, or sow broadcast. Thin the plants to 6 inches and Ruta-Baga to 12 inches. For Fall and Winter sow July and August for turnips, one month earlier for Ruta-Baga. Use one to three lbs. per acre.

We will sell Turnips at 65c a pound in 5 lb. lots, made up of one or more kinds. Postpaid.

half above ground and 12 to 15 inches long and is not difficult to harvest. Also will be eaten by cattle, sheep and hogs in the field. Sown with rape the pasture and manorial value of the crop is considerable. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

GOLDEN BALL, or ORANGE JELLY—If you want a yellow-fleshed turnip, select this one. Tops are small, roots round, smooth, deep yellow color, medium size. Flesh is firm, crisp and fine quality for table. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

EXTRA EARLY MILAN—This is the earliest turnip and the best variety for early. Tender and sweet. Purple top and white root. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c.

Everitt's (OK)

RUTA-BAGAS, OR SWEDISH TURNIPS

These are a different class of turnips. The leaves are smooth. They grow slower and must be planted earlier than turnips. Also they grow larger and usually yield more. Adapted to Northern States only. Good for table, but used chiefly for stock feed.

IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE TOP—A hardy, productive variety with a small neck. The roots are large, oblong or globular, with very little tap root. Color bright yellow with a purple top. Very solid and heavy. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

LARGE WHITE FRENCH—Bulbs grow to large size, very solid, and are excellent for table as well as make a cheap feed for stock. The skin and flesh are white. Pkt. 4c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

JUST THINK Every postoffice or rural route box is a branch store for O. K. Seeds. Drop a letter in and in a few days take out the best seeds under the sun—O. K. Seeds.

A Select List of Flower Seeds

EVERY person, whether in country or city, can raise flowers. The expense for seed need be but a trifle, while the labor will be so interesting that it will really be recreation and a real pleasure. I believe the most interesting flower garden I ever saw was in Indianapolis, and it was cultivated on a narrow strip of ground between the sidewalk and the street. This would seem to suggest that there is hardly any person so situated that he or she cannot indulge in this highly educational, refining, pleasant and frequently profitable pastime or business. In our list we have aimed to present the popular, easy growing kinds that are sure to respond to the care that the amateur can give them, rather than the varieties that demand the skill of the expert to insure satisfactory results.

In the following list "a" stands for annual, "b" for biennial and "p" for perennial; "c" with any of these means climber.

ANNUALS—These are plants that flower and mature the first year and then die.

BIENNIALS—These are plants that flower the second and sometimes the third year after the seed is sown and then perish.

PERENNIALS—These generally do not bloom until the second year and then live outdoor and bloom yearly.

Seeds for Special Purposes

If you want **PLANTS OF TALL GROWTH**, suited for backgrounds and centers, select Asters, Balsams, Larkspur, Marigold, Hollyhock, Scabiosa, Stocks, Sweet Williams, Zinnias, etc.

If you want **CLIMBING PLANTS**, select Canary Bird Flower, Cypress Vine, Gourds, Ipomeas, Nasturtiums (Tall), Sweet Peas, etc.

If you want **SPREADING AND TRAILING PLANTS** for vases, hanging baskets, etc., select Alyssum, Lobelia, Verbenas, etc.

If you want **LOW GROWING PLANTS OF SPREADING HABITS, ADAPTED TO SMALL BEDS. RIBBONS, MASSING OR BORDERS**, select Ageratum, Alyssum, Calliopsis, Campanula, Candytuft, Lobelia, Mignonette, Nasturtiums (Dwarf), Pansy, Verbena, Petunia, Phlox, Poppy, Portulaca, etc.

If desired to have **BEDS OF SINGLE KINDS AND BLOOM A LONG TIME**, select Phlox, Pansy, Petunia, Stock, Balsam, Verbenas, Zinnias, etc.

If you want **FRAGRANT FLOWERS**, the Mignonette, Sweet Pea, Alyssum, Carnation and Heliotrope should be selected.

ABRONIA UMBELLATA—A trailing plant with charming fragrant flowers. a. Mixed. Pkt. 4c.

ACROCLINIUM—One of the best everlasting. a. Pkt. 4c.

AGERATUM—Flowers all season. One of the best bedding plants. h. h. a. Mixed. 4c.

ALYSSUM—Little Gem. Grows only a few inches high and covers ground like a carpet. a. 4c. $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 20c.

AMARANTHUS—Beautiful foliage plant. Mixed. 4c.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)—Early to bloom. Mixed. h. p. 4c.

ANTIRRHINUM (Snap Dragon)—Giant flowered. a. White, rose, yellow, scarlet, separate colors. Each 6c. Dwarf, all colors mixed. 4c. Tall, mixed. 4c.

Asters

All of our aster seeds are grown by professional growers and should not be compared with seed picked up from amateurs. a.

Dwarf Chrysanthemum Flowered—All colors mixed. 8c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40c.

Dwarf Bouquet Flowered—All colors mixed. 8c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40c.

Giant Branching or Semple Asters—White, pink, rose, blue, violet, crimson, lavender, purple. All mixed. 8c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40c.



This girl's parents buy
O. K. Flower Seeds and
she has loads of flowers
all summer.

Giant Commet—All colors mixed. 8c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40c.

Ostrich Plume Asters—All colors mixed. 8c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40c.

Peony Flowered Asters—All colors mixed. 8c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40c.

Balsams (Lady Slipper)

An old favorite garden flower producing masses of brilliant blooms. a.

Double Cametia Flowered—Mixed. 4c.

Double Carnation Flowered—Mixed. 6c.

Everitt's Invincible—All colors. The best mixtures. 6c.

BALSAM APPLE—A beautiful climbing plant with apple-shaped fruit, which, if preserved in alcohol, makes a most useful liniment. a. 4c.

CALLENDULA (Pot Marigold)—Mixed. All colors. h. a. 4c.

CALLIOPSIS—For a mass of brilliant colors through the whole summer this is hardly equalled. a.

Hybrida Superba—Desirable for borders and groups. 8c.

Golden Wave—Flowers yellow with a circle of crimson brown. 4c.

Mixed Tall—Valuable for wild gardens and for cutting. 4c.

Mixed Dwarf—Valuable in mixed beds and borders. 4c.

CAMPANULA—See Canterbury Bell.

CALIFORNIA POPPY—See Eschscholtzia.

CANARY BIRD FLOWERS—One of the most beautiful climbers, with beautiful foliage and flowers. c. a. Pkt. 4c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15c.

CANDYTUFT—A treasure for bouquets. They soon flower from seed and remain in bloom a long time. h. a. Giant Hyacinth Flowered White—All colors mixed. 6c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c.

CANNA—Few people know that Cannas can be grown from seed and bloom the first season. Sow early. Preserve the roots in cellar for next year. Mixed. 4c.

CANTERBURY BILLS (Campanula)—Beautiful well-known flower. Bloom freely through summer. h. b. Finest mixed single. 4c. Finest mixed double. 4c.

Carnations

Popular favorites. Colors extremely rich and beautiful. Exquisitely fragrant. Hardy with protection in winter.

Marguerite—Large, double flowers which sometimes measure three inches across. Flowers very early, about 12 weeks after sowing seed. Annual, but hardy with winter protection. Choice mixed. 8c.

Everitt's Peerless Mixture—The plants will bloom the first summer and then may be potted in September when they will bloom all winter in the house. 8c.

CASTOR BEANS (Ricinus)—Some attain gigantic proportions, as much as 15 feet. Very decorative. Give a place a tropical appearance. a.

Zanzibariensis—The largest variety. 4c.

Cambodgensis—The medium size. 4c.

Sanguineus—A dwarf kind. 4c.

Several varieties mixed. 4c.

CENTAUREA CYANUS (Bachelor Button or Corn Flower). a.

Single Flowering Mixed. 4c.

Double Flowering Mixed. 4c.

CENTAUREA IMPERIALIS (Sweet Sultan)—a. Mixed. 4c.

Everitt's Choice Mixture of all Annual Centaurea. Will produce the loveliest cut flowers all summer. 6c.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Produce flowers of many bright colors. Splendid for cut flowers. a.

Double White. 4c.

Double Golden Yellow. 4c.

Everitt's Choice Mixture—Annual kinds. 4c.

Everitt's Choice Mixture—Perennial kinds. 8c.

COCKSCOMB (Celosia)—Very popular annuals of easy culture. Blooms are large, ornamental, comb-like.

Mixed Dwarf. 6c.

Mixed Tall. 6c.

Plumosa or Plumed Varieties—These plants are among the most ornamental. The numerous massive plumes resemble ostrich feathers, which wave gracefully above the foliage. a.

Plumed Varieties—Mixed. 6c.

Chinese Woolflower (Celosia Childsii)—Large plants 2 to 3 feet high. Blooms start early with a central head which often reaches the immense size of 2 feet in circumference. This throws out numerous branches, each of which bears a ball of scarlet wool. The plant then looks like an immense bouquet. None of the blooms fade until hit by frost. a. 8c.

COBEA—One of the handsomest and most rapid growing climbers.

Flowers bell-shaped. Plant seeds edgewise. a. White and Blue. a. c.

COLEUS—This is the handsomest foliage plant that can be obtained from seed. Their color combinations are wonderful. Much used as a border plant. Plant in heat and transplant.

Everitt's Fine Mixed. 8c.

COSMOS—A tall, graceful flowering plant. One of the most showy. a.

Giant Flowered Mixed. 8c.

CYPRESS VINE—A beautiful climber, both in foliage and flower. For trailing upon a light trellis it cannot be excelled. Profuse blooms of scarlet or white. a. c.

Hybrida—Known as Cardinal Climber. 8c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 20c.

Fine Mixed. 4c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 15c.

DAISY (English Daisy)—These flowers appeal to all. Excellent for cutting. p.

Giant Mixed. 6c.

The Shasta Daisy—Large pure white flowers. p. 8c.

Dahlia

Raising dahlias from seed is a fascinating occupation. The plants promptly appear and soon show strong and sturdy and bear the most novel flowers. The wonderful new varieties were produced from seed. a.

Double Mixed—All colors. 6c.

Single Mixed—All colors. 4c.

Cactus Flowered—Mixed. 8c.

Show Flowered—Mixed. 6c.

Decorative Flowered—Mixed. 6c.

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur)—These handsome plants are very effective in borders and planted among shrubs. The graceful spikes of blooms are very appropriate for vases. Continue in bloom long. a. p.

Everitt's Choice Mixture—Annual. 8c.

Everitt's Choice Mixture—Perennial. 8c.

DOLICHOS (Hyacinth Bean)—A rapid growing annual climber. Flowers followed freely by ornamental seed pods. Sweet scented. a. c.

Mixed—all varieties and colors. 4c.

Dianthus (Garden Pinks)

A popular annual class known to nearly all. The flowers have brilliant contrasting colors appearing in each. Very beautiful. a.

Chinese—Mixed Single.

Chinese—Mixed Double.

Japan—Mixed Single. 8c.

Laciniatus—Fringed Single Mixed. 4c.

Laciniatus—Fringed Double Mixed. 6c.

Everitt's Choice Mixture of best classes of double and single pinks. 6c.

Hardy or Clove Pink—Are easily grown in great profusion all during June and early July. p. 6c.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove)—Beautiful tall spikes of white, pink, rose and mottled flowers. Grows 4 feet high. Fine for cutting. p.

Grandiflora—Yellow. 4c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 15c.

Fine Mixed. 4c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 15c.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy)—The state flower of California. Poppy-like flowers are in shades of yellow, orange and crimson, from early spring until frost. a.

California—Large pale yellow. 4c.

Choice Mixed—All colors. Double and single. 4c.

FORGET-ME-NOT—See Myosotis.

FOUR-O-CLOCK—See Marvel of Peru.

FOXGLOVE—See Digitalis.

GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower)—They will produce from early spring to late fall a continuous profusion of brilliant flowers, red and yellow chiefly. Will not bear transplanting. a. and p.

Annual Varieties—Mixed. 4c.

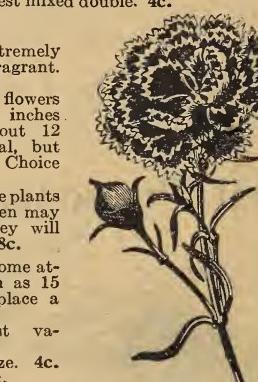
Grandiflora—Perennial Varieties. Mixed. 4c.

GERANIUMS—They will bloom from seeds in four to five months. a. Perennials if removed to cellar in winter.

Large Flowering—Mixed Single. 25c.

Large Flowering—Mixed Double. 25c.

Lady Washington (Palargoniums)—Large flowers, beautifully blotted. 25c.



CARNATION



GAILLARDIA

GLOBE AMARANTH (*Gomphrena*)—A fine everlasting. If cut when mature will retain its beauty for years.

Fine Mixed—All colors. 4c.

GODETIA (*Satin Flower*)—An attractive annual that deserves extensive cultivation. Plants bear showy colored flowers in profusion of satiny texture. Colors rich and varied. h. a.

The Bride—White and Red. 4c.

Lady Satin Rose—Bright Carmine. 4c.

Everitt's Fine Mixed. 6c.

GOURDS (*Ornamental*)—a. c. There are about 16 varieties of these curious and some useful fruits. Most of them are strong growers. From 20 to 30 feet. The small, fancy ones are nice playthings for children. We do not list them separate, but we offer a liberal packet, calculated to have all the kinds, for 8c; oz. 30c.

GYPSOPHELIA—Graceful plants of light fairy-like growth. Much used for combining with other flowers in bouquets and vases. a.

Elegans Grandiflora (*Angel's Breath*)—Pure white. 4c.

Mixed Annuals. 4c.

HELIOTROPE—Its exquisite fragrance attracts all and its freedom to bloom places it foremost with our choicest flowers. Easily grown. Start seed inside and transplant.

Fine Mixed. 4c.

HIBISCUS—The plants grow branching making quite a bush 4 to 6 feet high. They are entirely hardy everywhere. Bloom from June until fall. p.

Mallow Marvel—The largest and best of the Hibiscus family. The blooms are very large and in Red, Pink and White colors. Separate colors, each 6c.

All colors mixed. 6c.

Hollyhock

The hollyhock in its perfection is very unlike its parent of older times. It now ranks with the Aster, Dahlia, etc. The flowers are many, as double as the rose and of many shades and colors.

Allegheny—Flowers seldom less than 5 inches across and all beautifully colored and fringed. Blooms continuously. Mixed. a. 8c.

Everblooming—Single. Mixed. a. 8c.

Everblooming—Double. Mixed. a. 8c.

HYACINTH BEAN—See Dolichos.

LATHYRUS (*Hardy Pea*)—A very decorative climbing vine. Suitable to grow on fences, trellises, as floral screens. Blooms all summer. Good for cutting, etc. p. c.

Pink Beauty—A pink variety.. 6c.

Rubra—Bright Crimson. 6c.

Mixed—All colors. 4c.

LOBELIA (*Cardinal Flower*)—Bears brilliant fiery, scarlet flowers. Plant in moist place. a.

Cristal Palace—Dark blue. 6c.

Mixed. 4c.

MARVEL OF PERU (*Four-O-Clock*)—A good old-fashioned flower, bearing hundreds of flowers during the season of white, yellow, crimson, violet and spotted or striped. a.

Mixed—All kinds and colors. 4c.

MAURANDIA—Climber. Slender growth, profuse bloomer. Colors range white, rose, blue, and purple. a. c.

MIXED—All colors. 6c.

MARIGOLD—Blooms in late summer when many other plants are past their best and then afford a wealth of color. a. c.

African Varieties—Tall mixed. 4c; ½ oz. 20c.

African Varieties—Dwarf mixed. 4c; ½ oz. 20c.

French Varieties—Tall mixed. 4c; ½ oz. 20c.

French Varieties—Dwarf. 4c; ½ oz. 20c.

MIGNONETTE—One of the principal uses of this fragrant flower is for cutting and combining in bouquets with other flowers. a.

Giant Machet—The best variety. Flowers reddish green. Golden and white mixed 6c.
Giant Red—6c.

MOSS ROSE (See Portulaca)

Moon Flowers and Morning Glories

Beautiful, rapid annual climbers dense foliage. Flowers of wide range in colors. Some open when the sun rises, others when it sets. Some are fragrant. Soak seeds in warm water 24 hours before planting. Better yet notch the hard seeds with a file before soaking. a. c.

Bona Nox (*Evening Glory*)—Violet Flowers. 4c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c.

Japanese Morning Glories—Give warm place on sunny side of building.

Fine Mixed—4c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c.

Moon Flowers—Large White flowers appear every evening and on cloudy days. Start plants in house. 4c; ½ oz. 10c; oz. 20c.

Old Fashioned Morning Glories—Mixed. 4c; oz. 15c.

MYOSOTIS—(See Forget-Me-Not.)

Nasturtiums

Everybody knows these lovely, and universally popular flowers. They are probably more universally planted than any other kind. If you have not had liberal beds of them heretofore start this season and there will be many pleasant times coming to you and your friends. Succeed everywhere, even on poor soil. a. c.

Tall Nasturtiums.

Giant Yellow—4c; oz. 15c.

Giant Pink—4c; oz. 15c.

Giant Rose—4c; oz. 15c.

Giant Crimson—4c; oz. 15c.

Giant Scarlet—4c; oz. 15c.

Everitt's Finest Mixture of Giant Flowered. 6c; oz. 15c.

Dwarf Nasturtiums.

Golden King—Rich golden. 4c; oz. 15c.

King of Tom Thumbs—Deep Scarlet. 4c; oz. 15c.

King Theodore—Rich Red. 4c; oz. 15c.

Empress of India—Deep crimson. 4c; oz. 15c.

Everitt's Finest Mixture of Dwarfs. 4c; oz. 15c.

ORNAMENTAL GRASS—Extensively used in the arrangement of Winter bouquets and other home decorations. They can be used most effectively on lawns and in flower gardens.

Job's Tears—The seeds are ornamental when strung and used the same as beads. 6c.

Pampas Grass—p. Very ornamental. 6c.

Zebra Grass—Striped. 4c.

Mixed Ornamental Grasses—Annual. 4c.

Mixed Ornamental Grasses—Perennial. 6c.

Pansies

These lovely flowers are everybody's favorite and are so well known as to not need lengthy description. Our varieties are among the best. The following superior colors! Large flowered.

Light Blue—6c; ½ oz. 35c.

Bronze and Shades—6c; ½ oz. 35c.

Pure White—6c; ½ oz. 30c.

Violet—6c; ½ oz. 35c.

Black—6c; ½ oz. 30c.

Brilliant Red—6c; ½ oz. 35c.

Blotched—6c; ½ oz. 30c.

Yellow—6c; ½ oz. 40c.

Velvety Bronze, Edged Yellow—6c; ½ oz. 40c.

Everitt's Superior Mixture—Contains the very best sorts and a wide range of colors. Guaranteed to please. 8c. ½ oz. 40c.

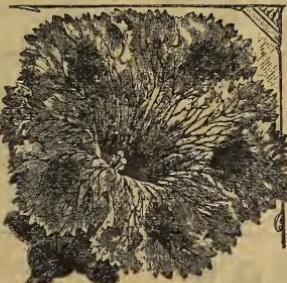
PETUNIAS—Succeed well everywhere. Commence flowering early and continue a sheet of bloom throughout the Summer. Particularly showy in beds or masses. Very fragrant. a.

Hybrida—Finest mixed. 8c.

Large Flowering—Single mixed. 8c.

Large Flowering—Double mixed. 20c.

Large Flowering—Fringed. 20c.



Phlox Drumondi Grandiflora (Annual Phlox)



Scarlet Sage

Comes into flower in early summer and is not excelled for brilliancy and continuity of blooms. They make beautiful borders. When sown in beds the colors are beyond description. a.

Bright Rose—4c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c.

Scarlet—4c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c.

Crimson—4c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c.

White—4c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c.

Yellow—4c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c.

Everitt's Superior Mixture—6c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c.

For Hardy Phlox see list of perennial plants.

Poppy

Poppies should be sown very thinly, early, where they are to remain and then sow frequently for succession. They are in almost numberless shades of colors. By mixing the fine seed with sand will insure a better distribution.

Double Annuals—

Pure White—4c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c.

Rose Tipped—4c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c.

Peony Flowered Mixed—4c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c.

Single Annuals—

Annuals—4c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c.

Perennials Mixed—6c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c.

Oriental Poppies—Also see plants—8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c.

Portulaca (Moss Rose)

Will grow and bloom profusely in dry hot situations where almost any other plant would perish. Brilliant in colors. Large flowering.

Double White—4c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c.

Double Yellow—4c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c.

Double Scarlet—4c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c.

Double Mixed—4c; oz. 20c.

Single White—4c; oz. 20c.

Single Yellow—4c; oz. 20c.

Single Scarlet—4c; oz. 20c.

Single Mixed—4c; oz. 20c.

RICINUS—See Castor Bean.

SALVIA (Scarlet Sage)—This is a universally grown bedding plant that keeps the garden bright with color until late in autumn. a. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c.

SNAPDRAGON—See Antirrhinum.

SHASTA DAISIES—See Daisies.

Stocks

(Ten Weeks.) Adapted for massing, bedding, borders and of special value for pot culture. Profusion of blooms, brilliant and varied colors. Giant Perfection Strain. a.

Red, 6c; **Rose**, 6c; **White**, 6c; **Yellow**, 6c; **Dark Blue**, 6c; **Light Blue**, 6c; **Pink**, 6c.

Everitt's Superior Mixture—All colors. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c.

SUNFLOWER (Helianthus)—Few people understand the great variations and beauties of the ornamental sunflowers, their observations having been limited to the large mammoth Russian, raised for chicken feed. The tall ones, and there are many varieties, are suitable for backgrounds. The dwarf kinds are charming when grown in beds or in mixed flower borders. a.

Tall Varieties—Mixed—4c; oz. 20c.

Dwarf Varieties—Mixed—4c; oz. 20c.

Miniature Varieties—These bear beautiful small flowers, fine for cut flowers. Mixed. 4c.

Sweet Peas

Universally admired. Everybody should plant them lavishly and revel in their beauty and sweet fragrance. Spencer Sweet Pea. a.

White, Red, Crimson, Pink, Rose Carmine, Salmon, Violet, Yellow, Blue, Striped. Each color, 8c; oz. 25c.

Everitt's Superior Mixture of Spencer Types—comprises all colors and forms. Nowhere can greater satisfaction be gotten for the price. 6c; oz. 20c.

Early Flowering Spencer Sweet Peas—Practically as large and beautiful blooms as the other but comes 2 to 3 weeks earlier and continues all summer. 4c; oz. 20c.



Verbenas

Verbenas

They thrive on any good garden soil. For beds and borders they have few equals. Fine for pot culture and window boxes. Bloom from June until frost. a.

Mammoth Flowered Sorts—8c.

White—8c.

Purple and Shades—8c.

Blue and Shades—8c.

Everitt's Superior Mixture—8c.

Zinnias

People how have been content to grow the old fashioned Zinnias would hardly recognize the improved varieties of the present day, if suddenly brought in their presence. They grow and bloom well even under adverse circumstances and may be counted upon from July to frost. a.

Mammoth Flowered Strains:

Crimson, Dark Purple, Flesh Pink, Pure White, Yellow, Scarlet. Each color separate, 4c; oz. 20c.

Everitt's Superior Mixture—All colors. 6c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c.

Dahlia Zinnia—Remarkable for their great size, measuring 5 to 6 inches in diameter. We guarantee great satisfaction in this strange flower. A great range of colors. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c.

GARDEN TREASURE—A wild flower Garden. A mixture of many beautiful free-growing annual and perennial flowers. This seed will give a constant bloom all season—each day new surprises appearing and the perennials will continue for years. **Pkt. 6c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 15c;** per oz. 25c.

PARAGON SPRAYERS

Paragon Sprayer No. 0



Net Price, \$12.50

Capacity, 3 1/2 Gallons

EQUIPMENT: 4 feet Special Spray Hose, 3 feet Spray Pipe, 1 Mist Spray Nozzle, 1 Steel Cap for Mist Nozzle, 1 Straight Spray.

Paragon Sprayer No. 1

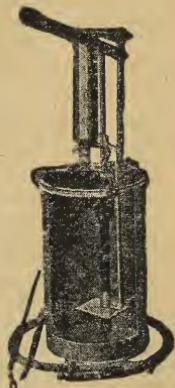
Net Price, \$17.50

Capacity, 6 Gallons

EQUIPMENT: 5 feet Spec'l Spray Hose, 5 feet Pipe, 1 Mist Nozzle, 1 Steel Cap for Mist Nozzle, 1 Straight Spray Nozzle. Any additional length of hose can be furnished at a reasonable extra charge.

Paragon Sprayers are good investments. They pay large dividends. Better light, better sanitation, more cheerfulness, decreased light bills, decreased insurance, better and more fruit, are a few things that are easily and economically obtained by using the Paragon Sprayer.

This cut shows the simplicity of pump, also the strainer and agitator. No other pump can show this feature. This pump is strong, simple and durable. Can easily be handled by one man.



Paragon Sprayer No 3

Net Price, \$30.00

Without Truck, \$26.00

Capacity, 12 Gallons



EQUIPMENT: 10 feet Spec'l Spray Hose, 7 1/2 feet Extension Pipe, 1 Mist Nozzle, 1 Steel Cap, 1 Straight Spray. Any additional length of hose can be furnished at a reasonable extra charge.

This represents our most popular outfit, and thousands are in use, giving best of satisfaction. It is mounted on strong steel truck and easily wheeled to any desired place.

Paragon Sprayer No. 5

Net Price, \$50.00

Capacity, 50 Gallons

EQUIPMENT: 25 feet Spec'l Spray Hose, 10 feet Extension Pipe, 1 Three-Way Spraying Nozzle, 1 Single Spraying Nozzle. Any additional length of hose can be furnished at a reasonable extra charge.

This sprayer is designed especially for large orchards. It has solid cast brass pump and large air chamber. A fine pump for nurserymen and fruit growers.

The Paragon Sprayer will develop a pressure of 150 to 250 lbs.



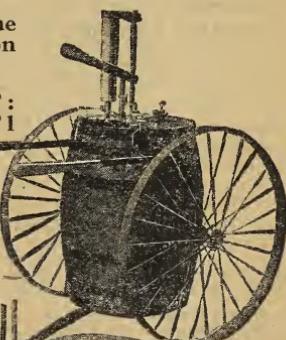
Paragon Sprayer No. 4

Net Price, \$44.00

Capacity, 28 Gallons

This machine not mounted on wheels, \$34.00.

EQUIPMENT: 20 feet Spec'l Spray Hose, 10 feet Extension Pipe, 1 Mist Spray Nozzle, 1 Extra Steel Cap, 1 Straight Spray. Any additional length of hose can be furnished at a reasonable extra charge.



Paragon Sprayer shown above is especially designed for large factories, but it is also suitable for tree spraying. It is mounted on strong 30-inch wheels. This is a very handy outfit.

Everitt's Hardy Perennials

"THE FLOWERS GRANDMOTHER LOVED TO GROW"

The perennials we sell you are strong field-grown. Planted in the spring they will flower the same year, and will continue for years, ever increasing in number of plants and blooms. In three years the bed should be thinned—the plants divided and the surplus transplanted.

With a start of a dozen plants, your home and your friends' homes may be supplied with beautiful flowers from early spring until freezing winter.

Price of all varieties in the list: Each 25c; dozen \$2.50; per 100 \$12.00. All delivered to your post or express office to and including the fourth zone. Beyond that add 10c per doz.

ACHILLEA—The Pearl—Pure white double flowers all during summer; fine for cutting. 2½ feet high.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)—All colors, fine for border and rock garden. Excellent cut flower. Two feet high. Blooms June-Oct. Mixed.

ALYSSUM—A dwarf plant suitable for rock garden or front of border. Plant in sunny place. Bears abundance of yellow flowers.

ASTERS (Michaelmas Daisy)—Very desirable for various forms of gardening. Five feet high. Blooms Sept.-Oct.

| | |
|-----------|-------------|
| Dark Red | Deep Purple |
| Pale Blue | Mixed |

Pure White

ANTHEMIS (Hardy Marguerite)—Beautiful daisy-like flowers of clear yellow. Useful for cutting. Two feet. June-Oct.

CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bell)—Largest and most beautiful family of border-plants. Very free flowering and easy growing. Two feet high. Blooms in June. Mixed.

CHRYSANTHEMUM (Hardy October Rose)—The development of the Hardy Chrysanthemum has made it possible to have color, life and beauty in the garden when the other hardy plants have passed. Fine for cut flowers. Large Flowering Varieties.

Autumn Beauty—Golden Brown.

Autumn Glow—Red.

Quinola—Large Golden Yellow.

Old Homestead—Soft Pink.

India—Fine Indian Red. Very effective in mass.

L'Argentuilaise—Deep Chestnut. Early.

Sylvia—Scarlet Bronze.

COREOPSIS—(Tickseed)—The flowers are a rich, golden yellow of slender graceful form, making them an excellent cut flower. Two feet high. Blooms all summer.

CANDYTUFT (Iberis)—A dwarf plant with evergreen foliage. Adapted to the rock-garden and border.

Sempervirens—Pure White Flowers.

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur)—It is almost impossible to convey anything like an adequate description of the improved Delphiniums. Their greatest charm lies in the wonderful stateliness of growth, and the rich colors and tints of their striking flowers. Nothing in blue can compare with Delphiniums, and for their value in hardy borders they are unsurpassed.

Belladonna—Sky-blue Flowers.

English Hybrids—Colors range from light blue to dark purple.

Chinese Album—White.

DIANTHUS BARBATUS (Sweet Williams)—Certainly one of the most popular old-fashioned garden plants. Their freedom of blooming, striking color and pleasing fragrance make them a favorite of all flowers. Fine for cutting.

Newport Pink—Soft Salmon.

Scarlet Beauty—Vivid Scarlet.

Mixed—An array of the most beautiful colored flowers.

DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS (Hardy Pink)—Dainty fringed flowers of mixed colors. Double mixed. Single mixed.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove)—One of the most popular perennials. Throws a flower spike, tall and stately, to a height of 4 to 6 feet. July-Aug.

Mixed.

GAILLARDIA—The most glorious of our true "Old Fashioned Flowers." Flowering constantly from June till October in many rich and brilliant colors of orange, crimson and red. Unexcelled as a cut flower.

GYPSOPHILLA (Baby's Breath)—Masses of minute flowers produced throughout the summer, very fine for cutting and drying.

Paniculata Grandiflora—Pure White.

HELIANTHUS (Perennial Sunflower)—The usefulness of this beautiful hardy plant can neither by word nor illustration be expressed. Their rich golden color and full formed growth make them wonderfully effective in the hardy border or shrubbery planting. Six feet high. Blooms Aug.-Sept.

HEMEROCALLIS—Lily-like flowers with very ornamental foliage, color pure yellow. Three feet high. Blooms June-July.

Flava—Lemon Lily. Lemon Yellow flowers blooming profusely during June and July.

Thunbergia—Funnelshaped flowers of rich buttercup yellow. July.

HIBISCUS (Mallow)—Very robust growing plant, having large flowers of rich shades of red, pink and white. Height, six feet.

Crimson Eye—Pure white flowers with rich, dark-red centre.

Marvel Mallow—Produces flowers of immense size of colors far surpassing the old types. Red, Pink and White, separate.

HOLLYHOCKS—Our Hollyhocks are produced by a method that insures them **free from rust**. If you buy them elsewhere you may have that trouble.

Double Mixed.

Single Mixed.

LILY OF THE VALLEY—This flower is well known and appreciated by all. We sell field-grown clumps that will give immediate effect. Some of the roots can be taken up and bloomed in pots in the house.

LATHYRUS (Hardy Sweet Pea).

Red, Pink, White, Separate Colors, each.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not)—Beautiful small blue flowers. Through planting in a moist, shady place the flowering period may be much prolonged.

ORIENTAL POPPY—Nothing in the hardy plant line can compare with this for beauty and brilliance of their large fiery scarlet flowers. Three to four feet. May-June.

PHLOX—Beauty and usefulness bring these hardy border plants among those of greatest importance. For massing they are very effective and their greatest varieties of color add a brilliancy to the landscape. Their flowering season begins in July and if the past bloom spikes are removed, the blooming period may be prolonged until fall.

Separate colors—White, Pink, Lavender, Red, each.

PHYSOTEGIA (False Dragonhead or American Heather)—One of the prettiest hardy perennials, gaining in popularity as it becomes better known. It forms dense bushes, 3 to 4 feet high, bearing freely during the summer months, spikes of delicate pink tubular flowers not unlike a gigantic heather.

Virginia—White and lavender.

PHYSALIS FRANCHETTI (Chinese Lantern Plant)—It is not unusual at Xmas time, and many other occasions to be short of proper decorating material. We are, therefore, adding to our list this wonderful hardy plant, which is a very strong grower and throws up numerous stems of two feet high on which is borne a large fruit

Everitt's Hardy Perennials—(Continued)

enclosed in a brilliant scarlet colored bladder-like calyx, which makes an excellent subject for any kind of decorating, especially at Xmas. The plant is of easy culture. Gather and keep in a dry place until you are ready to use them. Do not delay in getting some of these set out.

PYRETHRUM HYBRIDUM—A group of graceful, free-flowering plants that are unequalled for cutting. Colors range from pure white to most brilliant scarlet. Bloom practically all summer.

Single mixed.

Double mixed.

RUDBECKIA (Golden Glow)—An old favorite in the "Old Fashioned Garden." Fine for cutting. Five feet high. Blooms July-Sept.

Lanciniata—Clear yellow flowers.

Pupurea—Extra large flowers of a reddish purple with a large brown cone-shaped center.

Price of all Hardy Perennials: Each 25c; dozen \$2.50; per 100 \$12.00. An order may include one or more varieties. Delivered by express or parcels post paid at these prices up to and including the 4th zone. Beyond that add 10c per dozen.



(Elephant's Ears)

Double Pearl Tuberose

Nearly everyone knows and prizes this beautiful, fragrant flower, that is so easily raised from the bulb, planted in the Spring. By planting some of these bulbs in the house and setting them out about May 1st, and then setting bulbs in open ground at intervals from May 1st to June 25th, a succession of the prized blooms can be had all Summer. **Price**—Each 5c; dozen 50c; 100 for \$2.75; 50 at the 100 rate.

If by parcels post, add 10c per dozen.

Iris

These have appropriately been called the "Orchids of the Hardy Flower Garden." They are of the simplest culture, succeeding in almost any soil or position. The bulbs should

SALVIA AZUREA—Tall spikes of sky-blue flowers in great abundance 3 to 4 feet. Aug.-Sept.

SEDUM SPECTABILIS—A beautiful erect-growing plant with broad, thick light green foliage and immense heads of snowy, soft-rose flowers.

SHASTA DAISY—A much improved hardy daisy, bearing a great profusion of large white flowers from early summer until late in the fall. Fine for cut flowers. Two to two and a half feet high.

STOKESIA (Corn Flower)—A handsome plant bearing from early in June until September. Produces handsome lavender flowers in abundance all summer. Two feet.

TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker)—A beautiful late flowering plant, having handsome reed-like foliage. Flowers are of a rich orange-scarlet color three feet high. Blooms Sept.-Nov.

Caladium (Elephant's Ear)

This is one of the most effective plants for the lawn or flower garden and may be used singly or in groups, rows or beds. To obtain the best results they should be planted on rich ground and where they will have an abundance of water. Under such conditions they will grow 5 to 6 feet high and bear immense leaves 3 to 4 feet long by one-half the width. They must be removed to the cellar in the Fall and replanted the next Spring. Each year they will get larger. **Price**—Medium sized bulbs, postpaid: Each, 20c; 3 for 50c; dozen \$1.50. If not prepaid, deduct 25c per dozen. Select size: Each 25c; 3 for 60c; dozen \$1.75. If not prepaid, deduct 35c per dozen. Extra large: Each 40c; 3 for \$1.00; dozen \$3.00. If not postpaid, deduct 40c per dozen.

be planted two or three inches deep and six inches apart in the autumn when they will bloom in the spring. We offer Iris so cheaply that this is the time to plant a large bed or long border.

If by parcels post, add 15c per dozen.

German Iris Named Varieties

PARINEUSIS—Purple, penciled white.

OTHELLO—Purple and light blue.

INNOCENCE—White and purple.

JOHN DE WITT—Blush white and purple.

FLORENTINA—White, free flowering.

MADAM CHEROU—White and blue.

HONORABILIS—Yellow, rich mahogany brown.

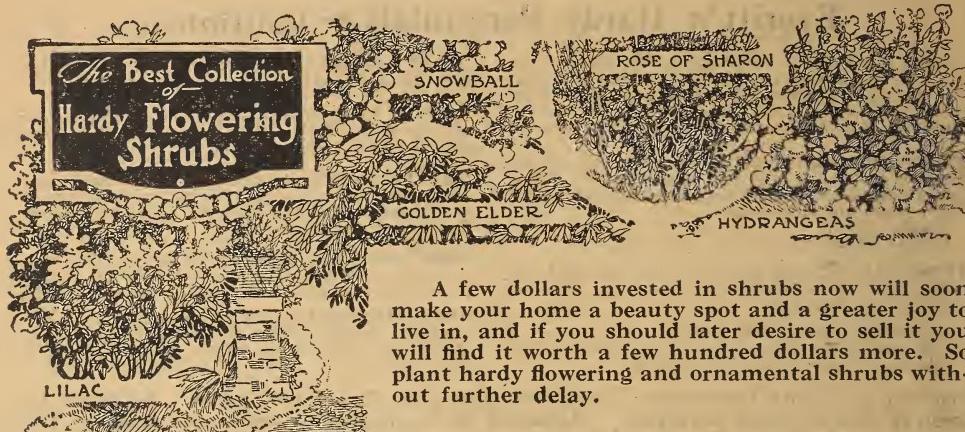
EDITH—Light blue and purple.

PRICE—Any of the above: Dozen 50c; 100 for \$4.00; one of each for 50c.

City Customers

We are proud of our city or "local trade." This more nearly serves as a barometer of a business than the foreign trade. This country is so large that a business may run a number of years before the principles of the house are understood by the great public. Not so with the home trade. You cannot deceive them long. We count the best home gardeners and market gardeners about Indianapolis as our customers.





A few dollars invested in shrubs now will soon make your home a beauty spot and a greater joy to live in, and if you should later desire to sell it you will find it worth a few hundred dollars more. So plant hardy flowering and ornamental shrubs without further delay.

Postage and packing will approximate 15c for one, 25c for three, 50c a dozen.

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon)—2 to 3 feet, each 45c; 3 for \$1.25; 12 for \$4.50.

BARBERRY THUNBERGII—12 to 15 inches, each 45c; 3 for \$1.00. 15 to 18 inches, heavy, each 50c; 3 for \$1.25.

CALYCANTHUS (Sweet Shrub)—Flowers purple, double, deliciously fragrant. Foliage rich, dark green. Very desirable. Each 60c; 3 for \$1.50.

DEUTZIA LEMOINIA—Grows dwarf flowers freely, pure white. Each 60c; 3 for \$1.50.

DEUTZIA, PRIDE OF ROCHESTER—Each 45c; 3 for \$1.00.

DOGWOOD (*Connus*)—Grows 6 to 10 feet tall. Bears clusters of small white flowers in early summer, followed by whitish blue berries. Each 50c; 3 for \$1.25.

GOLDEN BELL OR FORSYTHIA—Each 75c; 3 for \$2.00.

GOLDEN ELDER—2 to 3 feet, each 50c; 3 for \$1.25; dozen \$4.00.

HYDRANGEA, ARBORESCENS—15 to 24 inches, each 75c; 3 for \$2.00.

HYDRANGEA, GRANDIFLORA—18 to 24 inches, each 65c; 3 for \$1.50.

LILAC—18 to 24 inches, each color 60c; 3 for \$1.50; dozen \$6.00.

PHILADELPHIUS (Mock Orange)—8 to 10 feet high. Creamy-white flowers in May. Each 50c; 3 for \$1.25.

PRIVET AMOOR RIVER—This is the hardest of all. Just as pretty as the California, but never winter kills. 12 to 18 inches, dozen \$1.25; 50 for \$4.50; 100 for \$8.00. 18 to 24 inches, dozen \$2.00; 50 for \$6.50; 100 for \$12.00.

PRIVET CALIFORNIA (*Ligustrum*)—12 to 18 inches, dozen 75c; 50 for \$3.50; 100 for \$6.50; 18 to 24 inches, dozen \$1.00; 50 for \$4.00; 100 for \$7.50.

SNOWBALL—18 to 24 inches, each 45c; 3 for \$1.10.

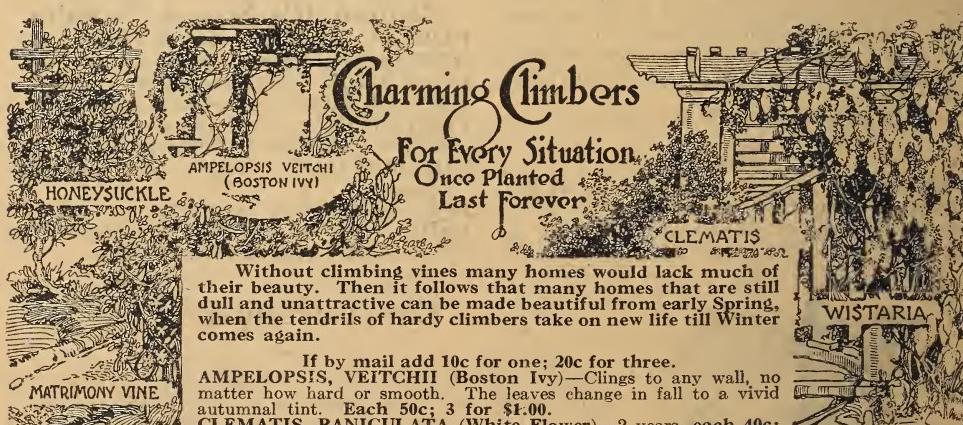
SNOWBERRY (Red)—2 to 3 feet, each 50c; 3 for \$1.25.

SNOWBERRY (White)—2 to 3 feet, each 50c; 3 for \$1.25.

SPIREA, ANTHONY WATERER—Each 75c; 3 for \$1.75; dozen, \$5.50.

SPIREA, VAN HOUTTEI—18 to 24 inches, heavy, 30c. 2 to 3 feet, heavy, 50c; dozen \$4.50. 3 to 4 feet, heavy, 65c; dozen, \$5.50.

WEIGELIA, TALL GROWING—Each 60c; 3 for \$1.50.



Without climbing vines many homes would lack much of their beauty. Then it follows that many homes that are still dull and unattractive can be made beautiful from early Spring, when the tendrils of hardy climbers take on new life till Winter comes again.

If by mail add 10c for one; 20c for three.
AMPELOPSIS, VEITCHII (Boston Ivy)—Climbs to any wall, no matter how hard or smooth. The leaves change in fall to a vivid autumnal tint. Each 50c; 3 for \$1.00.

CLEMATIS, PANICULATA (White Flower)—2 years, each 40c; 3 for \$1.00.

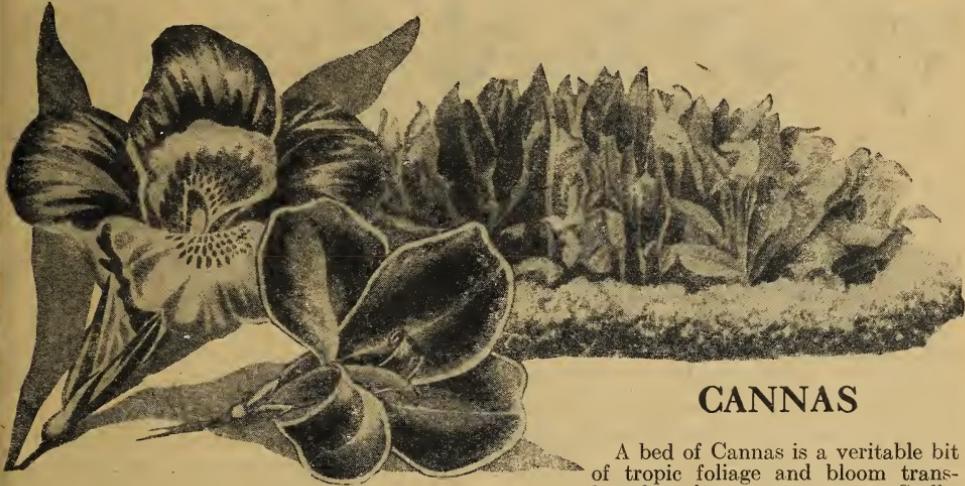
CLEMATIS, JACKMANII (Blue Flower)—2 years, each 75c; 3 for \$2.00.

HONEYSUCKLE, HALLS JAPAN—Pure white and creamy yellow. Very fragrant. Each 50c; 3 for \$1.00.

MATRIMONY VINE—Flowers from June to Septem-

ber. Pink to purple; very fine for trellises and fences. Each 35c; 4 for \$1.00.

CHINESE WISTARIA—Purple flowers are borne in large drooping clusters. Grows to great length and dense foliage. Each 75c; 3 for \$2.00.



CANNAS

A bed of Cannas is a veritable bit of tropic foliage and bloom transferred to the temperate zone. Stalks They bloom early and increasingly until frost,

stiff. Foliage beautiful, with flaming flowers. each week adding to their beauty.

SHENANDOAH—Foliage rich ruby red, varied and tinted bronze. Large trusses of beautiful waxy rose-pink flowers. Each 20c; dozen \$1.25; 25 for \$2.00.

RICHARD WALLACE—Color canary red. Flowers large, $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Each 20c; dozen \$1.25; 25 for \$2.00.

CHAS. HENDERSON—4 feet. Crimson flowers. A fine bedder. Each 20c; dozen \$1.25; 25 for \$2.00.

SPECIAL OFFER! One of each above five varieties, 85c; dozen of each, \$5.50; twenty-five of each for \$8.50.

GLORIOUS GLADIOLUS

Any person who does not plant liberally of Gladioli misses many a Summer treat from a few dimes invested. I think the Gladioli is the peer of all Summer flowers, and there is absolutely no danger of failure. Buy liberally, even by the hundred or one-half thousand and plant at intervals from early Spring till June 15th for a constant succession of blooms. Being of the simplest possible culture, and the bulbs inexpensive, the Gladiolus deserves a place in every garden, small and large.

Choice Named Gladioli

The prices below include delivery charges including 4th zone. Beyond that add 10c per dozen.

AMERICA—Beautiful, soft flesh pink. Magnificent in its coloring. One of the best. Each 5c; dozen 50c; 25 for 75c.

BUTTERCUP—The best yellow. Each 5c; dozen 50c; 25 for 85c.

CRACKERJACK—Odd color, dark red throat, spotted with red and maroon. Each 7c; dozen 65c; 25 for \$1.25.

EMPEROR OF INDIA—Rich dark maroon. Each 8c; dozen 75c; 25 for \$1.35.

HALLEY—Delicate salmon pink, very early and very large. Each 7c; dozen 65c; 25 for \$1.25.

MASTER WIETZKE—Each 8c; dozen 75c; 25 for \$1.25.

MRS. FRANCES KING—By some considered the best of all. Flowers often 5 inches across. Each 7c; dozen 65c; 25 for \$1.25.

PEACE—A grand white flower, with pale violet feathering on lower petals. Very large flowers on a tall graceful spike. Late bloom. Each 8c; dozen 75c; 25 for \$1.35.

PANANIA—Largest spike among pinks. Each 7c; dozen 65c; 25 for \$1.25.

PRINCEPS—Immense trusses of wide-open flowers of rich, dazzling scarlet marked with white. Each 8c; dozen 75c; 25 for \$1.35.

PRIMULINUS HYBRIDS—These all come yellow flowers, but they will not be alike. Very striking in form and color. Very novel. Each 5c; dozen 50c, 25 for 75c.

WAR—Red beloved red. A leader. Each 8c; dozen 75c; 25 for \$1.35.

WILLY WIGMAN—Creamy white. Scarlet blotch. Each 10c; dozen \$1.00; 25 for \$1.75.

Prices above include delivery charges, including the 4th zone. Beyond that add 10c per dozen.

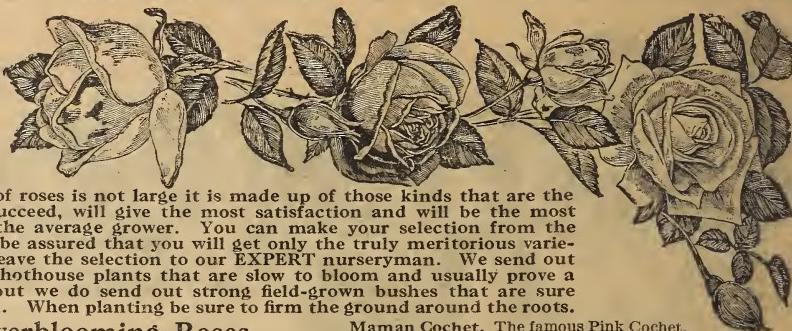
A SPECIAL OFFER!

We will send one dozen of each of the first twelve (12) varieties—144 bulbs for \$6.00, repay the charges and give 6 Willy Wigman bulbs free.



Gladioli

HARDY R O S E S



While our list of roses is not large it is made up of those kinds that are the most certain to succeed, will give the most satisfaction and will be the most highly prized by the average grower. You can make your selection from the following list and be assured that you will get only the truly meritorious varieties; or you may leave the selection to our EXPERT nurseryman. We send out no small, trashy, hothouse plants that are slow to bloom and usually prove a disappointment, but we do send out strong field-grown bushes that are sure to give satisfaction. When planting be sure to firm the ground around the roots.

Hardy Everblooming Roses

Field grown, 2 years old. Price of all delivered—
Each, 60c; 3 for \$1.60.

Paul Neyron. The flowers are beautiful; probably one of the largest Rose; color, clear bright, shining pink. Blooms the first season and all summer.

Franz Karl Druschke's The Ideal Hardy White Rose. Its flowers, which are very large, are perfect in form and snow-white in color, with shell-shaped petals, forming a beautiful flower. The plant is a strong, vigorous, healthy grower and remarkably free blooming.

Magna Charta. Bright deep pink, very large and fragrant. A grand, hardy, popular garden Rose.

Gen. Jacqueminot. One of the most popular of all Roses of the Hybrid Perpetual class. Color, rich crimson; fine shape and exquisite fragrance. Words are inadequate to describe its charms.

Black Prince. One of the darkest colored Roses; of velvety crimson, changing to intense maroon. A very prolific bloomer, flowers are of excellent form and size.

Everblooming Tea Roses

Field grown, 2 years old. Price of all, delivered.
Each 60c; 3 for \$1.60.

White Killarney. A pure white sport from Killarney. Awarded Silver Cup at National Flower Show. Identical with the ever-popular and well-known pink Killarney. A strong, robust grower, flowering very freely throughout the season. The flowers are very large, buds long and pointed; erect stems; a great acquisition.

Pink Killarney. Like the white in form and size, only pink.

Hermosa. A favorite of the old time gardens. Just as popular today, very double and fragrant. Color a beautiful clear rose, a constant bloomer; hardy.

Sunburst. This magnificent, grand, yellow rose is a fine force. Its color ranks in value and grandeur with the American Beauty and Killarney. Long pointed buds, color orange copper or golden orange and golden yellow; extremely brilliant in effect and a desirable rose for all purposes.

La France. Exceedingly sweet and handsome, flowers and buds large size, color a lovely shade of silvery pink, tinged with crimson. One of the sweetest scented roses and a wonderful bloomer.

Yellow Cochet. One of the very best everblooming yellow roses. It is ideal for open ground culture; a typical Cochet rose with gracefully molded buds. A clear sulphur yellow, large, full and perfectly formed.

Maman Cochet. The famous Pink Cochet.

Light pink, shaded with salmon yellow; outer petals splashed with bright rose. Extremely large and full. **Ophelia.** One of the most beautiful and popular sorts for cut flower favorites, with perfect flowers of distinct form; lavishly produced. Exquisitely perfumed. Types, salmon flesh, shaded with rose.

Hardy Climbing Roses

Field grown, 2 years old. Price of each 60c; 3 for \$1.60 delivered.

These are the roses that will add so much to the beauty of your home; especially for porch or trellis or for making an arbor or archway. Perfectly hardy and need little protection. **Climbing American Beauty.** The popular American Beauty Rose, climbing form. Has all the characteristics of its relative including form and fragrance. Often attains a height of 10 to 15 feet in a single season.

Crimson Rambler. Will attain a height of 10 to 20 feet in a season; produce a marvelous profusion of rich and glowing crimson flowers in large clusters during June and July.

White Rambler. Flowers pure white, sometimes with blush.

Yellow Rambler. Flowers deep, golden yellow. Very fragrant.

Pink Dorothy Perkins. A most beautiful deep pink. The flowers are borne in large clusters of small, double bloom and are very sweet scented.

White Dorothy Perkins. Same type as its sister, the pink. Is a strong growing white climber. Planted with Excelsa, Thousand Beauties and Crimson Rambler makes a great showing and is of decided value.

Flower of Fairfield (Everblooming Crimson Rambler). Similar to Crimson Rambler, except that it flowers from early spring until frost falls.

Tausendschön (Thousand Beauties). Hardy and strong variety, good climber, colors of all shades, from white to deep pink. Foliage very beautiful.

Baby Rambler Roses

Field grown, 2-year old. Price, delivered 55c; each, 4 for \$1.75.

Pink Baby Rambler. Original Baby Rambler, dwarf; grows 18 inches tall; blooms all the time in large clusters of crimson. For edging and borders it has no equal.

White Baby Rambler. Its pure white flowers are perfectly double and bloom with the increasing freedom of the Reds and Pinks of this class. All roses 50c each.



DAHLIAS

The Most
Wonderful Flower
Creations ***

GET THE NEWEST
AND BEST FROM
AT LITTLE COST



Well-known Summer and Autumn flowering plants, growing from 2 to 7 feet high and bearing flowers freely of the most beautiful and interesting types. The desirable classes are Cactus, Show and Decorative. Following are some of the best varieties:

Crimson Beauty (Show), bright red.

Dark Beauty (Dec.), dark red.

Mad. Convarine (Show), purple tipped with white.

Prince Charming (Single), dark magenta, petal tips white.

Snowball (Dec.), pure white.

Tricolor (Dec.), yellow, scarlet blotch on petals.

Zulu (Dec.), deep maroon.

J. H. Jackson (Cactus). The largest and best dark Cactus dahlia; almost dark.

Milton Howard (Cactus). Bright pink with white center.

Winsome (Cactus), white.

Price—Any one 25c; 5 for \$1.00. One each of the ten for \$1.75.

FRUIT TREES, GRAPE VINES AND BERRY PLANTS

If Fruit Trees are to be sent by parcel post add 10 cents each for postage and packing.

APPLE TREES Size 4 to 6 feet.

EARLY SUMMER VARIETIES

Early Harvest—Pale yellow.
Red Astrachan—Dark red and yellow.

Yellow Transparent—White to pale yellow.

LATE SUMMER VARIETIES

Maiden Blush—Yellow with red blush.

WINTER VARIETIES

Baldwin—Bright red, sub-acid.

Banana—Golden yellow, sub-acid.

Delicious—Large, bright red, blending to golden yellow.

Grimes Golden—Golden Yellow.

Jonathan—Beautiful, clear light yellow.

Rome Beauty—Large yellow, shaded bright red, juicy.

Winesap—Dark red, sub-acid. Splendid.

PRICE—All Apple Trees, 75c each; 3 for \$2.00; per dozen \$6.00.

CRAB APPLES

Hyslop—Large yellow to crimson.

Yellow Siberian—Medium yellow.

PRICE—Each 75c; 3 for \$2.00; dozen \$6.00.

PEACHES

Beer's Smock—Yellow flesh, fine stone.

Champion—White flesh, free.

Carman—White flesh, free.

Elbertha—Yellow flesh, free.

PRICE—4 to 6 ft. 50c each; 3 for \$1.25; per doz. \$4.50.

PEARS

4 to 6 feet.

SUMMER VARIETIES

Bartlett—Yellow with blush.

Wilder—Very early, small, delicious.

FALL VARIETIES

Seckel—Small, crimson cheek.

Kieffer—Yellow and crimson, with russet.

Duchess—Very large, greenish yellow.

Flemish Beauty—Large, greenish yellow, and brown.

PRICE of all Pear Trees—Each \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75; dozen \$9.00.

CHERRIES

4 to 6 feet.

Black Tartarian—Late, sweet.

Early Richmond—Sour.

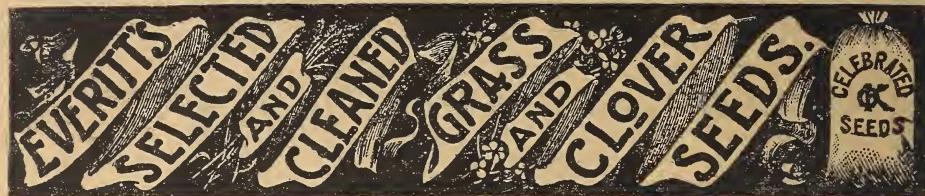
English Morello—Reliable bearer. Dark red, acid.

Dyehouse—Early, sour.

Gov. Wood—Large, yellow with red cheek; sweet.

Large Montmorency—Late, tart.

Windsor—Large, liver color, late; very valuable for



It is not possible to quote prices on farm seeds that will be good during the season. Therefore, when you are ready to buy tell us what you want and get our offers. The prices quoted below were current when the copy for this catalog was prepared.

We ask our customers to inoculate our seeds which will mean bigger crops and better satisfaction.
Bags Cost Extra—40c for Cotton; 20c for Jute

CLOVER SEED

We want the orders of large buyers of CLOVER SEED. Let us know your wants, get our prices and save money. The Red Clovers have justly been called the "Corner Stone of Agriculture" in the Northern and Eastern States.

Medium Red This has long been considered the most valuable member of the clover family. It is beneficial to the soil and valuable for hay and pasture. Ground that has raised a crop of clover is always better for other crops that follow. Per bushel, O. K. Brand, \$14.50; Prime, \$14.00.

Mammoth Red This is similar to the former, except it grows larger. It is not so valuable for hay, but makes more growth for pasture and for enriching the soil. It makes its seed on the first crop. Per bushel, O. K. Brand, \$14.50; Prime, \$14.00.

Alsyke This variety is peculiarly well adapted for growing on wet or low land. For this purpose sow 4 lbs. of this clover with 10 lbs. of red top per acre and it will last for years, making good crops of hay and excellent pasture. It withstands drought very well, rarely Winter kills, and is practically perpetual. For dryer ground sow timothy seed with it. Per bushel, O. K. Brand, \$11.75; Prime, \$11.50.

Crimson This is an annual clover. It grows rapidly, where it succeeds, and can be cut several times in the season. Per bu. \$9.50.

Sweet Clover A few years ago this clover was considered a weed pest, but since then its merits have been recognized and it has sprung into great favor. It is particularly valuable because it will grow and flourish on poor and comparatively barren ground, wet or dry. If you do not succeed with other clover as well as you should, sow the Sweet Clover.

White Blossom—A biennial. The most desirable variety. Per bu. \$8.75.

Hubam Sweet Clover A promising new forage crop. It is an annual. Planted in the spring it has, in many instances, produced in 90 days thick stands of nutritious plants measuring 2 to 5 ft. in height which are relished by all live stock. A rich pasture clover, an emergency hay crop, one of the greatest soil improvers and for some years may be one of the most profitable crops to grow for the seed, to sell. Price by mail—Lb. 75c; 4 lbs. \$2.50. Postpaid, Bu. \$24.00.

White Clover This should always be included in pastures and lawn grass. It is very hardy and will continue always from one sowing. It also makes valuable bee pasture. It should always be used in lawn mixtures. Lb. 80c; 4 lbs. \$3.00; bu. \$36.00.

ALFALFA CLOVER

NOTE—More failures with Alfalfa come from too thick seeding than from all other causes combined.

First let us say that Alfalfa is not the weakling that many people imagine, or have been taught by teachers who did not know what they talked about. Alfalfa seed has been sown in every month of the year with success. Of course there will be failures, but Red Clover fails

sometimes too. Second, let us say that more Alfalfa failures come from over seeding than from all other causes. Look at a developed stalk of Alfalfa. How much room should it have to stand on the field? Then multiply that space by the number of seeds in 20 pounds, the quantity often sown, and what have you? Four Alfalfa plants where there should be one, has the same effect as an Alfalfa plant and three strong weeds. Then what happen? Price, per bu. \$13.50.

Inoculating legumes is like
putting the stamp on a letter.
It furnishes the "go."

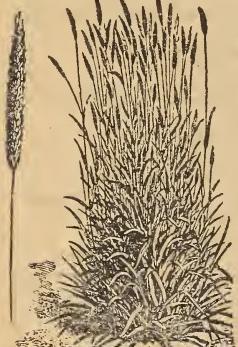
The Approved Self Inoculator, Nitro-Bittern Extract
NITRAGIN
Restores and Maintains Soil Fertility

NITRAGIN causes the root nodules to form in large quantities. This is the sure evidence that plants treated with Nitratin draw a great amount of nitrogen plant food from the air. The result of this is that the plants develop rapidly and grow large and sturdy with a large root system. Understand, inoculating with Nitratin is a sure benefit to the crop it is used on and other crops that follow. You can build up your land with legumes aided by Nitratin.

NITRAGIN price reduced. Instead of selling at \$1.00 per acre, the price is \$1.00 per bushel size. Thus if you sow 10 lbs. of alfalfa on an acre the cost of inoculant will be only about 17c per acre. Full directions with each package.

Use Nitratin on all clovers, field and garden peas, cow peas, soy beans and garden beans, vetch and peanuts. Say what crops wanted for when ordering.

PRICE—Bushel size, \$1.00; $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel size, 60c; Garden size, 15c.



Alyske Clover



Type of Medium Red and
Mammoth Clover

GRASS SEEDS

We want the orders of large buyers of GRASS SEEDS. Let us know your wants, get our prices and save money in cost of seed and transportation. See our central location by the map on third cover page.



Red Top

Canadian Blue

Closely resembles the Kentucky Blue grass, but it is not of as good quality, except while young and tender. As it grows up it becomes more hard and harsh. It thrives on some hard, clay soils, where Kentucky Blue Grass will not succeed. Sow 20 to 25 lbs. to acre. Lb. 40c; 4 lbs. \$1.50; per 100 lbs. \$21.00.



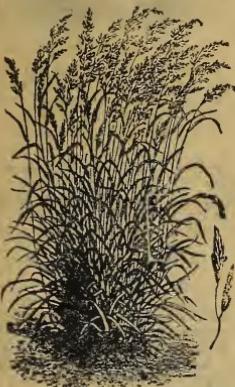
Kentucky Blue

Kentucky Blue

This is also known in some sections as "June" grass. It is the best pasture grass for the middle climate and for a great variety of soil. It succeeds finely on hill land as well as low lands and produces the most nourishing pasture for cattle and other stock. For best results, sow early in the Spring or early in the Fall. 25 lbs. per acre. Fancy Seed per lb. 50c; 4 lbs. \$1.75; per 100 lbs. \$26.00.

Red Top

The most valuable grass for moist soils and low lands on which it produces luxuriant growth. It is a perennial and when once established lasts for many years. It is highly esteemed as a pasture grass, but is not so desirable for hay. In pasturing it should be fed close, as when it grows up stock will refuse it. Sow about 10 lbs. of O. K. seed, in Fall or Spring. O. K. Brand per lb. 45c; 4 lbs. \$1.75; per 100 lbs. \$22.50.



English Blue

Orchard Grass

This is one of the most valuable and widely grown varieties of grass for pasture and hay. It adapts itself to widely different soils and climates, but is not advised for sandy land, nor ground that is very wet. It starts growth very early in the Spring and stays green well in the Winter. It also grows well in woods, pastures and in orchards where the shade would prevent other varieties of grass from succeeding. It can be sown in Spring or Fall. Sow 25 to 30 lbs. per acre. O. K. brand, lb. 35c; 4 lbs. \$1.25; per 100 lbs. \$17.50.

Sudan Grass

A Great Forage Plant. This grass is closely related to the Sorghum family. It was brought to this country from Sudan, Egypt, by the Department of Agriculture. It has succeeded well in almost every section where tried.

It is an annual. Plant same time as corn and up to July 1. The first crop can be cut in 50 to 60 days and it will make two or three crops a year. Prepare ground as for corn. Sow in drills, 8 lbs. to acre, if broadcast, twice as much; depth 1 inch. Yield two to eight tons per acre. 1 lb. 35c; 4 lbs. \$1.25; 100 lbs. \$17.50

"Quick Growing" Lawn Grass

This mixture of grass seed will quickly produce a green lawn, followed by a permanent, tough sod. It is composed of the grasses best adapted to making a velvety lawn and for entire permanency. We make two brands of it, one for ordinary position and the other where the lawn is much shaded. Please, in ordering, say which is wanted. Should be sown thickly in Spring or Fall.

**Sunny Lawn Mixture—Lb. 55c; 4 lbs. \$2.00;
100 lbs. \$32.00.**

**Shady Lawn Mixture—Lb. 65c; 4 lbs. \$2.50;
100 lbs. \$50.00.**

RAPE Dwarf Essex

There are other kinds of Rape, but none of them nearly as valuable as this. The crop will be ready to pasture in 6 to 8 weeks after seeding, from April to August in the Northern States, and in the South, if it is sown in September and October it continues to grow and produce new crops all Summer from one sowing. There is an advantage in having two patches or two fields, so that one may be recuperating while the other is pastured. Hogs may be allowed to eat all of the Rape that they want, but cattle and sheep must be watched so they do not overfeed. It is important to let animals have access to plenty of salt when pasturing on Rape. Sow 4 to 5 lbs. of seed per acre, if broadcast, 2 to 3 lbs sown in drills. Lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00; per 100 lbs. \$10.50.



Sudan Grass

MILLET

Golden Millet This variety of Millet grows 4 to 5 feet high and is one of the best varieties for hay, making a food rich in milk-producing qualities. On rich soil it yields very heavily. Sow about 50 lbs. per acre. This will make the stand thick on the ground and the stalks fine for feed. For seed sow 15 lbs. to acre. **Per bushel \$3.00.**

Hungarian Millet This variety does not grow as large as the Golden millet, is of finer quality in leaf and stalk and is relished by all farm stock. It is about the earliest Millet that can be grown. Sow one bushel per acre if for pasture or hay. **Per bu. \$3.00.**

Japanese Millet This variety of Millet has been sold by some seed men under the name of "Million Dollar Grass." It is a distinct variety of Millet, growing 6 to 8 feet high and produces an enormous crop of green feed, also of cured hay. It is used more for feeding green than making into hay. It is also excellent as a green crop for filling silos. It is improved for the silo if one part of soy beans is mixed with two parts of the millet when filling the silo. Understand, they should not grow together in the same field, but mixed at the same time of putting in the silo. Sow 12 to 15 lbs. per acre. **Bu. \$3.50.**



Japanese Millet

CANE OR SORGHUM

Amber This is grown as a forage crop, also for making sugar, sorghum and molasses. The Early Amber variety is good for any of these purposes. For forage it should be sown 50 to 100 lbs. of seed to the acre, or it may be sown 25 to 50 lbs. to the acre, with an equal quantity of millet seed. Either way it makes a profitable feed for cattle and horses, as it is rich in sugar. It is a great drouth resister. **Per bu. \$3.50.**

Orange This is a later variety, better suited for the South or lower Middle and Western States, if wanted to mature. Requires a longer season to ripen and is a ranker grower than Early Amber. Enormous yielder of silage. **Per bu. \$3.50.**

Honey Drip This variety of cane is especially recommended for molasses. It makes a product light in color and pleasant to the taste. **Per bu. \$3.50.**

SOY BEANS

The cultivation of this crop is increasing rapidly. Wherever it has been introduced it is proving to be one of the most valuable grain and forage for stock. Also a crop of Soy Beans equals a crop of clover for enriching the soil. Soy Beans as a feed take the place of oil or gluten. Fed to milch cows and for fattening hogs, they give wonderful results. Soy Beans do well on light and heavy soil, and from the Gulf coast to the northernmost line of corn growing. They are a great crop for dry weather. A successful farmer sows Soy Beans on all his corn ground before last working. In September he turns hogs in and they eat plants and beans. Then if not taken off they will eat the corn and be ready for the market. If sown alone, sow 1 to 1½ bushels to the acre. If sown for the grain they should be planted in hills 6 inches apart in rows 3 feet apart, ¾ bushel to the acre.

Mammoth Yellow This is the largest grown and most popular of Soy Beans for forage purposes. It matures later than some other varieties. Valuable both in the North and in the South. **Per bu. \$2.50.**

Manchu This variety was obtained from northern Manchuria and has given excellent results in the northern states, both for grain and forage. The plants are stout, erect, and mature in about 110 days. This variety is very popular and is grown extensively. **Per bu. \$2.50.**

Ito San One of the best early varieties. It is probably the best for Michigan and like latitudes and also popular in the Middle States. Medium size yellow seed. Stands erect and a good brancher. **Per bushel \$3.00.**

Midwest (Formerly called Hollybrook or Mongol). Another early variety. Small yellow seed. Erect grower. One of the best for general cultivation. Very prolific of vines and beans. **Per bu. \$2.50.**

HAVE A GARDEN THIS YEAR

Food products are still high, and it seems that, no matter how abundant the crops, vegetables and canned goods are extremely high by the time the consumer can get hold of them. Home gardens are the only solution of the high cost of living that is within the reach of the people. Properly cared for the small garden will supply enough vegetables for an average family. Good seed, proper cultivation, plant food, either in the form of manure or fertilizers and a few garden tools are all that are needed to make a start in the gardening industry. Where the garden is already laid out and the tools at hand there is an added reason for continuing it this year.

COW PEAS

THE GREAT SOIL IMPROVER, THE GREAT ECONOMY CROP FOR FARMERS

Cow Peas, like Clover, Vetch, Soy Beans, etc., have the property of taking nitrogen from the air and storing it in the soil. Whether the whole vine and root are used for fertilizer, or the vine is used for seed, any land that produced a crop of Cow Peas has improved in its contents of fertility. They are all splendid for pasture, or can be cut and fed green and make splendid hay. When grown with corn, they can be cut with the mower and make rich silage. They will grow on almost any soil and are particularly valuable for planting on thin land, where they will make a fair crop and rapidly improve the soil.

To enrich the soil, for pasture or for hay, sow about 50 lbs. of seed to the acre. If raised for seed, they should be planted in rows, 2½ feet by about 6 inches apart, and cultivated until the vines prevent it.

Early Black Matures quickly, best variety for the extreme northern sections of the country. Heavy yielder of vines and seed. Per bu. \$3.50.

New Era This is an early variety of Cow Peas and is particularly valuable in the Northern States where the season is short or for planting late in the season or after harvest. It grows much like the Whippoorwill. Seed is smaller and requires less seed to plant. A very satisfactory kind. Per bu. \$3.25.

Whippoorwill An early variety that matures in about 70 days. It is used more extensively in the North than any other kind. It is very productive. Per bu. \$3.50.

Mixed Cow Peas Some prefer to plant the different varieties together. It is an excellent plan when raised for pasture or hay, as the growing season is prolonged through having the early and late kinds. Prices subject to change. Bags free if two bushels or more are taken. Per bu. \$3.25.

Canada Field Peas As a fertilizer crop, to plow under when coming into bloom, these stand next to Red Clover. They also gather nitrogen from the air and store it in the soil. As a forage crop for dairy cows and hogs they stand well up in the front ranks. They succeed on any soil adapted to oats or corn. A popular way is to sow them with oats, rye or barley, when they make the finest kind of pasture. Two bushels of peas to the acre. Should be sown very early as they do not do well in hot weather. Per bu. \$4.25.

Spring Vetch This belongs to the same family as Alfalfa and Sweet Clover, and is another of those crops that has the ability to gather nitrogen from the air and store it in the soil by its root system. It is a vining plant and should be sown with oats for a support, when they can be harvested with the mower, making a heavy yield of exceedingly rich feed, either green or dry. Sow about 15 lbs. per acre with 1 bushel of oats per acre. Lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$18.00.

Kaffir Corn—White Has a stiff stalk and stands up straight. Very leafy, with a large seed head that is very prolific in yielding grain. Kaffir Corn may be said to be proof against drought, as when drought comes it will wait until growing weather comes again. Drill 5 to 10 lbs. per acre like corn, cultivate like corn, or sow 50 lbs. per acre broadcast. Lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00; per bu. \$1.75.

Sunflower—Mammoth Russian This is usually grown for its seed, which are valuable food for stock, particularly poultry. It is considered about the best egg producing food known. Plant it any time up to the middle of July. The Mammoth Russian sunflower seed is also planted by some gardeners as supports for pole and lima beans. Lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00; per cwt. \$12.00.

Broom Corn The growth of broom corn, in a large way, is confined to a few sections of the country, although it will succeed almost anywhere on good corn ground. Plant 5 to 6 lbs. per acre.

IMPROVED EVERGREEN—This is a strong growing variety, stands up well and is free from crooked brush. The fibre is long and fine. It does not get red in the field before it is cut, but is strictly an evergreen variety and commands the highest prices. Lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00; per bu. \$3.00.

BUCKWHEAT

Japanese An early variety and very productive with grain twice the size of ordinary buckwheat. It is very floury and produces an excellent quality of flour. Sow it 30 lbs. per acre, about mid-summer. Lb. 25c; 4 lbs. 90c; per bu. \$2.50.

Silver Hull An excellent variety with medium sized grain, very solid, producing a good yield of excellent flour. It is a good yielder. Color of grain, light gray. Some millers claim that this makes better quality of flour than any other. Sow 30 lbs. of seed to the acre. Same price as Japanese.



Vetch Growing with Rye

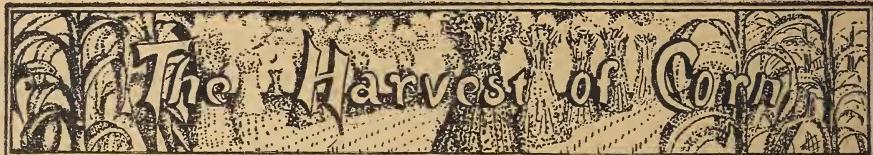


We request you to inoculate all our Cow Peas and Soy Beans with "Nitragin" for the best results and greatest satisfaction. Bu. size \$1.00; ½ bu. size 60c.

Marquis Spring Wheat

From observation and inquiry it appears that this is the best variety to sow in districts away from the regular spring wheat sections. It is also one of the most productive varieties.

Price—Per bushel, \$2.50, bags, each, 20c.



The harvest of corn depends more upon the seed you plant than on all other things combined. Prepare now for the best crop that you can possibly raise by getting your seed from the Nation's breeding center. CENTRAL INDIANA SEED CORN is the best grown in the country and suited to growers over a wide territory.

We are Headquar-
ters for the Best

SEED CORN

FARMERS' INTEREST CORN WORLD'S GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS

25 Years Since Introduced
⋮
25 Years of Continuous Breeding
⋮
25 Years of Success

Has Been Awarded More Gold and Silver Medals and Cash Prizes Than Any Other Corn That Ever Existed



Ear of Farmers' Interest Corn and Silver Cup Awarded at Purdue University (Ind.)

PARTICULARS OF FARMER'S INTEREST CORN

This world-famous white corn originated in Central Indiana and was named and introduced by us 25 years ago. It is the variety, more than all others, that made this section famous as a corn growing and corn breeding district, and for "Corn Kings." This is because this variety has almost invariably been awarded the GRAND PRIZE at corn shows and expositions, over all competition by all varieties and against entries from all over the world.

Farmers cannot all be breeders of corn. They have not the time. But all of them can buy the famous FARMERS' INTEREST Seed Corn and plant it and get the benefit of the careful breeder's work after many years. Good crops never grew from poor seed. A scrub crop of corn will produce a scrub crop, if seed is selected from it and planted. The wise thing to do is to sell enough of your common corn to buy one bushel of well bred corn. This is the cheapest way to improve

your crop and the benefits will be immediate and lasting.

Farmer's Interest is a white corn on a white cob. It is a very strong, vigorous grower and stands droughts remarkably well. The root development is very strong. The stalks grow medium to large and more leafy than ordinary corn. The ear grows large and it often bears two good ears on a stalk. The cob is medium size with very deep grains. In the important matter of productiveness it yields GREAT CROPS. The FARMER'S INTEREST Corn is quite certain to make you a bigger yield than any other corn you can plant. Adapted to the latitude of Indianapolis, about 50 miles North, in an average season, and all South. We want to emphasize that this is the variety par excellence, for raising in the Southern States like Virginia, Tennessee, Missouri and South, but get your seed from Indiana each 3 or 4 years for the greatest vigor.

A Few Representative Testimonials Follow

If space permitted we could publish hundreds of testimonials just as strong. Originals are on file in our office, where they can be seen.

ARKANSAS (N. Western)—Beats everything we ever saw.
S. C. WATSON (19)

ILLINOIS (Southern)—It outyields our native corn from 25 to 33 per cent. I have raised it about 20 years.
J. M. SHOEMAKER (8)

INDIANA (Southern)—I got it 15 years ago and have raised it ever since. I estimate that it yielded 30 to 40 bushels more than other corn. I urge every farmer to

plant this variety. Farmer's Interest outyields all others.
EPH. COLBERT (11)

KENTUCKY (Northern)—I first planted it in 1913 and have grown it ever since. It is the best corn that was ever in our neighborhood.
J. D. MOORE (27)

WEST VIRGINIA (N. Western)—1914, I started with it and have grown it each year since. It has yielded nearly twice as much as other white corn. One year 100 bushels per acre; another, 125 bushels and another, 100 bushels.
R. D. WANZER (21)

PRICE—By mail postpaid: Select ear 30c; 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.75; 1 bu. \$3.00; 5 bu. or more @ \$2.75. Bags included. Select ears not tipped or butted at same price whenever we can furnish them.

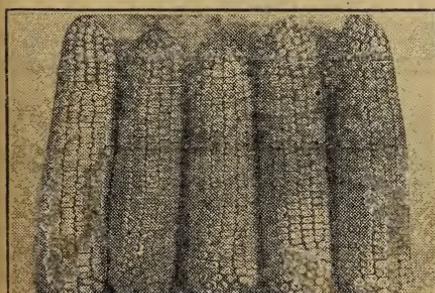
FIGURES AND ACTS Prove that the expense of planting our improved varieties of Corn is about 35 cents per acre and your own seed is saved. The value per acre will be many times as much. If you want to grow the most bushels and the most dollars per acre, plant our seed corn. If you don't want to, then plant some other kind.

Mortgage Lifter Corn MAKES MONEY GROW

Do you take pride in your corn crop?
Do you want to grow the biggest yellow corn in the country?
Do you want to grow the largest crop that your land is capable of producing?
In short, do you want to make more money, through growing more corn?

MORTGAGE LIFTER CORN

is the corn that will do these things for you. It is a thoroughbred corn that you will take pride in growing. We know Mortgage Lifter Corn will do all that seed can do for you and give you the maximum crop your land is capable of producing. It is a strong grower and on rich soil makes yields 80 to over 100 bu. to the acre. We have introduced several varieties of corn, chief among which is the great white corn, Farmer's Interest. Mortgage Lifter is destined to take a place amongst yellow corn that the Farmer's Interest occupies amongst whites—the most productive, hence the most profitable variety to grow.



Mortgage Lifter is a strong grower and delights in a rich soil where it can feed to its heart's content. Under such conditions it may stand three stalks to a hill and each stalk will bear one or two good ears. On ground of moderate fertility it should stand two stalks to a hill, when the stalks will not be so large but the ears will be nearly as large. Ears grow from 8 to 10 inches long 16 to 18 rows to the ear. Medium size cob. Very deep grains and season about 110 days.

A FIELD OF MORTGAGE LIFTER ON EACH FARM

We want to sell enough of this corn to each corn grower who receives this catalogue to plant at least one field, where our claims will be proved and favorable comparisons made with the varieties you are now growing.

PRICE—By parcel post, sample ear, 30c; 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.75; 1 bu. \$3.00; 5 bu. or more @ \$2.75 a bu.

Ten-to-One (10-2-1) White Dent

THE NAME MEANS 10 LBS. OF CORN TO 1 LB. OF COB



This variety was originated by a careful farmer, and one of the **CORN BREEDERS** in central Indiana who have made this district famous. The one purpose of the originator of this corn was to produce an **EXTRA EARLY WHITE DENT CORN THAT WOULD YIELD AS MUCH, OR APPROXIMATELY AS MUCH, AS THE LATER VARIETIES.**

We Enumerate the Strong Points for this Corn as Follows:

The largest-eared, extra early, White Dent corn.

The heaviest yielding early field corn.

A variety that matures in 90 to 100 days and produces more actual corn than many larger and later kinds. It will produce more corn on thin soil than other white corns.

It is very fine for feeding cattle. This is partly because of the small cob.

It is probably the best kind to plant early for early maturity and feed.

It is the best kind to plant late, because of short time to mature.

It is splendid as a milling corn for meal and flour.

It is adapted to grow in Southern Michigan and all latitudes South.

There is a place on nearly every farm for this valuable corn. Some farmers now plant no other kind. While it is early maturing, it is not exactly a small-eared variety. Ears frequently grow 10 inches long and weigh 12 to 14 ounces. The illustration above, from a photograph, but reduced in size, shows very well the appearance of an ear, the shelled corn and the cob.

Following are a few examples of the satisfaction **TEN-TO-ONE** Corn gives to growers:

"Finest I Ever Saw"

(1) I planted **Ten-to-One** Seed Corn. My son entered some of it in the contest in Wood County and was awarded first prize two years and two prizes three years. I think it is the finest corn I have ever grown. I can sell all the seed of it that I can grow.—W. F. Hopkins, Northwestern W. Va.

Ten to Thirty Bushels More

(2) I began growing **Ten-to-One** Corn in 1914 or 1915. As far as I have been able to determine it is much purer and better than corn raised about here. It has yielded from 10 to 30 bushels more per acre than our native corn. I like it better than any other corn I ever raised. The reason I like it is because it matures so early, also because it is so well suited to my bottom land, where I can plant it after the flood.—C. C. Patterson, Northwestern Ky.

Most Wonderful Varieties

(3) I first got **Ten-to-One** Corn in 1913 and have grown it every year since. It has made the best crops that I ever raised. I have three varieties of corn, they are **Ten-to-One**, Reid's Early Yellow Dent and Farmer's Interest. These varieties are the most wonderful varieties of corn that I have ever grown. I am 74

years old and never as yet grew such corn in my life. This year was my first year for the Farmer's Interest and I have fallen in love with it.—Frank Marcum, Southwestern W. Va.

Better Than Others

(4) I got **Ten-to-One** Corn in 1915 and have grown it since. I found it better than other corn grown in this section. It did well for me the first year and is well suited to this place and climate.—Arthur Sayers, Southwestern Va.

Early and Does Well

(6) The **Ten-to-One** Corn is early and does well here. All of my plantings on the upland this year was of this variety. I did not plant until after the middle of June and it got hard before frost.—Jacob E. Hale, Northern Mo.

Best in the Neighborhood

(14) In 1914 I purchased one quart of **Ten-to-One** Seed Corn. From that I raised 15 bushels of corn. The next year I planted a field of six acres and raised 360 bushels of corn. This year I planted 3 acres and raised 210 bushels. I raised the best corn in this neighborhood both years that I planted **Ten-to-One**.—H. M. Ford, Central Ohio.

PRICE—By mail postpaid: Sample ear, 30c; 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. \$1.00; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.75; 1 bu. \$3.00; 5 bu. or more @ \$2.75. Bags and packages free.

OTHER VARIETIES OF SEED CORN

Improved Reid's Yellow Dent This fine yellow corn was originated by a Mr. Robert Reid, of Illinois, about the year 1850. In recent years it has been, deservedly, the most popular and most largely grown yellow corn in the country. To all FRIENDS of the variety we offer the IMPROVED REID'S EARLY YELLOW DENT. This strain possesses practically every merit that a general-purpose, yellow corn should possess.

DESCRIPTION—In growth, our strain is vigorous, producing a medium-sized stalk that is only moderately leafy. It is more intent on making good ears than in the development of a heavy stalk. Therefore, this variety is not recommended for ensilage. In season it is medium

PRICE—By mail postpaid: Select ear 30c; 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.50; 1 bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. or more @ \$2.25.

Boone County White This valuable white corn took its name from a county in Indiana, where it originated, about the year 1886. Since then it has been the subject of continuous, systematic breeding to maintain or improve its type. The county referred to is one of four counties in Central Indiana that are famous for CORN BREEDING and fine corn crops. Previous to 1918, which witnessed the seed corn famine, this fine corn was one of the most widely grown white varieties, many farmers placing their main dependence on it. To all such, and others, who lost their seed and who want to begin to grow this variety again, we offer our high grade seed.

PRICE—By mail postpaid: Select ear 30c; 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.50; 1 bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. or more @ \$2.25.

Improved Leaming EARLY YELLOW DENT. This variety was produced in Ohio many years ago. The original corn was peculiar in the shape of the ears, having a rather large butt and an acute taper towards tip with grains diminishing in size. This quality is not so pronounced in the Leaming Corn of the present day, but a good strain of the corn still possesses that sturdiness which also characterized the original and which made it the surest yellow corn to grow. It produces very

PRICE—By mail postpaid: 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.50; 1 bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. @ \$2.25.

Pride of the North EXTRA EARLY LOW DENT. This is frequently called "90 Day" Corn because of its rapid growth and early maturity. It is a variety that is suited right up to the Northern border of the corn belt and to

PRICE—By mail postpaid: 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.50; 1 bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. @ \$2.25.

Bloody Butcher OR CALICO. This is a very early mixed-colored corn that is not so good to market as the straight yellow and white varieties, but for feeding it is scarcely approached by any other. The grains are variegated and blotched in colors, white and red stripes and shades. It matures

PRICE—By mail postpaid: 1 lb. 30c; 5 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.50; 1 bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. @ \$2.25.

Bags Included in Prices of Seed Corn.

ENSILAGE AND FODDER CORN

The ever increasing demand for more live stock for meat, milk and butter calls for more and more silos and then the crops to fill them. Corn is the staple ensilage crop. As the number of silos increases, they make the need for the silage to fill them. Corn for that purpose should be a strong-growing, although not coarse, leafy, nutritious variety. Also, a variety should be selected that will, at least, closely approach full maturity in the latitude where grown. The nearer the corn is to maturity, but not dry and hard, the greater will be its food value. We offer varieties that will meet the season's requirements over practically the entire corn belt.

St. Charles White THE FAMOUS RED COB ENSILAGE CORN. This is a double standard or double purpose corn. While it is probably planted more extensively for ensilage than any other corn, its value as a grain-cropping corn should be kept in mind. It is a white corn on a red cob. The grains are clear white—so white that it is much used for meal, notwithstanding it grows on a red cob. It is early

early. It is suited to grow in all that section south of a latitude about 75 miles north of Springfield (Ill.), Indianapolis, Columbus and Harrisburg. The ear is good size to large, growing 8 to 11 inches long. No other variety of yellow corn equals the IMP. R. E. Y. DENT for filling out at the butts and tips. The color is lemon-yellow, grains very deep and cob medium diameter, red, with a slender shank, which makes it easy to harvest.

The IMPROVED REID'S EARLY YELLOW DENT Corn has been winning nearly all the high awards for yellow corn at shows and expositions for years, and such awards quite uniformly have been to breeders and farmers of this—Central—part of Indiana. Our Reid's Dent occupies as high a place among yellow corns as our Farmer's Interest does among white varieties.

DESCRIPTION—It is a strong grower, and a drought resister. It grows large ears with deep grains, on a medium to large white cob. On good ground, which this variety delights in, the ears grow 7 to 11 inches long and 7 to 8 inches in circumference, holding their size well to the tip. The ears run from 16 to 18 rows and frequently weigh a pound, when dry. The ears from our seed will round out finely at butts and tips, as a result of its breeding. Its adapted territory is from latitude about 50 miles north of a line passing through Harrisburg (Pa.), Columbus (O.), Indianapolis (Ind.), and Springfield (Ill.), and all places south of it.

PRICE—By mail postpaid: Select ear 30c; 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.50; 1 bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. or more @ \$2.25.

well on thin soils where it would not pay to plant other kinds. The stalk is only medium size and grain always sound. In season it is a 100 day corn and succeeds in Southern Michigan and Wisconsin and Southern Canada. It is highly recommended for late planting farther South. Extensively grown for fodder and ensilage, particularly in the North. This variety can be planted earlier than others as the grains will endure more cold and wet weather.

PRICE—By mail postpaid: 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.50; 1 bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. @ \$2.25.

very late planting in Southern latitudes. The stalks grow small and the ears are small, 6 to 8 inches long but grains have good depth. It is a sure grower as the grain is firm in texture with a strong germ. Cob red.

PRICE—By mail postpaid: 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.50; 1 bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. @ \$2.25.

early, is a vigorous grower of medium size, leafy stalks. Ears are medium size, 8 to 10 inches long. Grains good depth on a small cob. We do not urge its planting for shipping trade but for home and neighborhood feeding where color is not a consideration, we cannot recommend it too highly.

PRICE—By mail postpaid: 1 lb. 30c; 5 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.50; 1 bu. \$2.50; 5 bu. @ \$2.25.

Bags Included in Prices of Seed Corn.

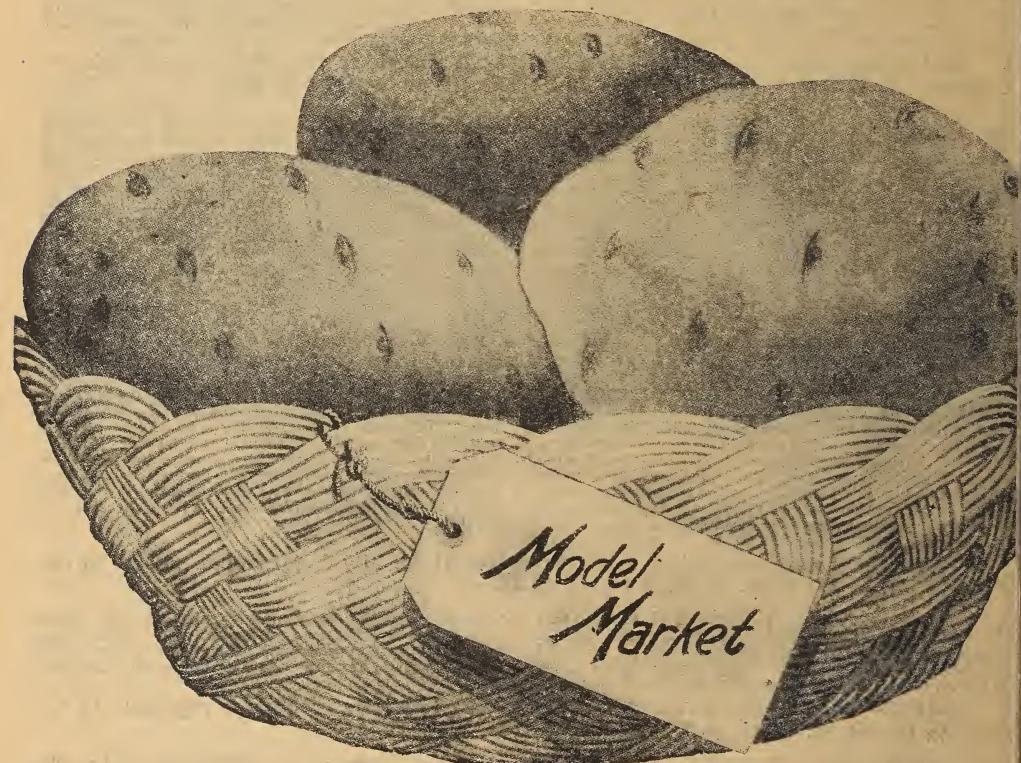
enough to mature 75 to 100 miles north of Indianapolis and yields splendid crops of grain. But its chief value lies in its leafiness and the broad succulent leaves which makes it peculiarly valuable for fodder and ensilage. We recommend it everywhere, North, South, East and West for this purpose. Even Canadian farmers have found it meets their needs. Its yield of green ensilage is 50 to 75 tons per acre.

PRICE—By mail postpaid: 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express: $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.25; 1 bu. \$2.00; 5 bu. @ \$1.50.

**EVERITT'S CHOICE SEED
Are Famous Wherever
Known. They are Leaders**

POTATOES

Why send to far North or East for seed potatoes? Our seed is grown in the North and some in the East, when better seed of a variety is produced there. We pay the freight to Indianapolis the center of American farming, and can deliver to you CHEAPLY from this center. We have always specialized in seed potatoes, and some of the best kinds now in cultivation are of our introduction.



MODEL MARKET

If every potato grower who receives this catalogue could only know the merits of this potato in advance our moderate supply would not last any time. You should not let this year go by without getting acquainted with it.

Two years ago we distributed this potato free and offered \$10.00 to the person who grew it and suggested the best name. The prize was paid to Mr. F. M. Dean of Parker's Landing, Pa. In reporting Mr. Dean wrote this:

"I made ten pieces from the pound of the new, unnamed potatoes and planted them on May 14th in a seven foot row in my garden, with five pounds of potato phosphate. I also planted equal seed and space with three other varieties fertilized the same. The new potato was the strongest growing and remained healthy through a severe cold spell, while the others blighted severely. In about thirty-five days I examined your new potato and found tubers large enough to put on the market. On Sept. 5th I dug all the potatoes. The new potato made a heaped bushel, the next best three pecks and the other two less than one-half bushel. The

new potatoes were all about the same size and averaged almost a pound each. There were no small ones. A neighbor who saw them offered me fifty cents a pound for all I have. I will plant them all. I consider it the best main crop potato ever saw."

MODEL MARKET is a white potato, round to oblong, snowy-white flesh, grows large and yields very heavy. The cooking qualities are as fine as you can ask. This is a potato that will surprise growers in its yield, appearance and taste and market qualities. Notwithstanding it is a new variety the price we ask is very moderate. We wish that what Mr. Dean have said would persuade each potato grower who reads this to not put off a year starting with **MODEL MARKET**.

PRICE—By mail postpaid, 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.25; 1 bu. \$2.25; per bag $2\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$5.00.

EVERITT'S EARLY 6-WEEKS MARKET

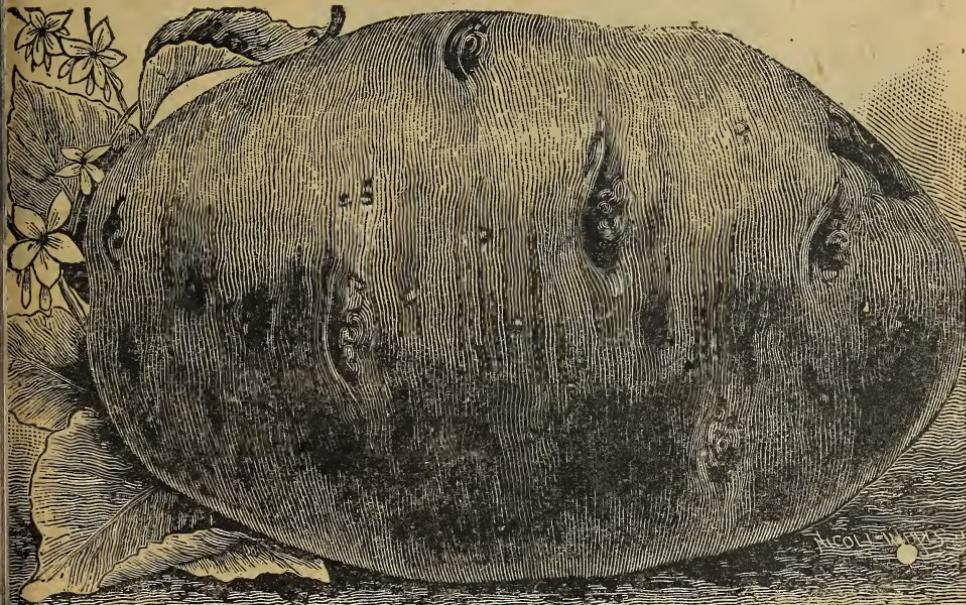
P O T A T O

Under favorable soil and weather conditions has been ready for market or table in six weeks from planting. Others may equal it in size, productiveness and quality, but in earliness the 6-Weeks Market is unapproached.

Market gardeners and others who want the best extra early potato should not fail to plant this variety. Besides being so early it is a great yielder, having yielded for one grower 420 bu. per acre, the next year 380 bu. and two years later over 600 bu. It is also a better Winter keeper than any other early potato. For Winter it should be planted late.



The product of 40 hills of 6-Weeks Market Potatoes raised by John L. Samm, in Paulding Co., Ohio



R E A D HOW 6-WEEKS MARKET Is Liked by All Who Grow It

6 Weeks, 5 Days, Fine Tubers

'Tis now six weeks and five days since I planted the Six-Weeks Market Potatoes. They did not sprout very quickly but they have nice, large tubers on them. Are the earliest potato for this climate I ever saw.—C. L. RICEL, Armstrong Co., Pa.

Fine in Six Weeks

The Early Six-Weeks are grand. We had fine potatoes in six weeks from planting; dry and mealy as old potatoes. Early Ohio came three weeks later.—L. S. JOHNSON, Clearfield Co., Pa.

Twenty Hills a Bushel

Twenty hills of Early Six-Weeks Market Potatoes yielded a heaped bushel. They bear out your claims for earliness, quality and productiveness.—EMIL LAURANCE, Worcester Co., Mass.

Two Weeks Ahead

I would give hundreds of dollars to control the growing of the Early Six-Weeks Market Potato for this market, as they can be put on the market two weeks ahead of any other sort, which means hundreds of dollars profit to a large grower.

W. H. MORRIS, Cuyahoga Co., Ohio.

PRICE—Everybody knows the very early potatoes bring the high prices. You can afford to pay the moderate prices we ask for the 6-WEEKS MARKET. By mail, postpaid, 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express, ¼ bu. 75c; ½ bu. \$1.25; 1 bu. \$2.25; 2½ bu. \$5.00. Packages Free.

EARLY EVERITT POTATO

The Most Productive Medium Early Potato in America—Every Potato Grower Needs a Medium, or Second Early Potato to Fill Out the Succession—This is the One to Plant.



We have always made a great specialty of seed potatoes and we sell an immense quantity of seed every year. We are well acquainted with nearly all the varieties now in cultivation and for the guidance of our customers we do not hesitate to say that our Early Everitt Potato is the most productive medium early potato. It is so productive that it can well be planted for both medium and late crop. Its shape and smoothness is shown by the illustration. Color of skin is light pink. It is a beautiful potato in shape and color. Flesh is very white and of superior dryness and flavor. Growth is strong, sets tubers very early and they develop rapidly. The yields are astonishing old potato growers, who admit they have not had so productive an early potato since the first years of the Early Rose.

Following are some reports from growers. They should convince even the most skeptical:

From 1 lb. of Early Everitt Potatoes I raised 63 lbs. of fine tubers, some weighing over 1 lb. each. I am much pleased with them.—HIRAM PRESELEY, St. Clair Co., Mich.

The peck of Early Everitt Potatoes yielded 15 bu. My Green Mountains took first premium at our fair over ten kinds.—R. E. CHAMBERS, Owen Co., Ind.

I raised seven kinds of potatoes and the Early Everitt was the best of all. Twenty hills made a bushel. Some weighed more than a pound each.—N. NYDAM, Marion Co., Ind.

The E. Everitt has proved to be a very fine potato, yielding for me as high as a bu. from 15 eyes of seed, a bu. to the rod of row or 800 bu. per acre. I dug specimens weighing 2 lbs.—S. R. MUTH, Juneau Co., Wis.

E. Everitt is a good potato. It yielded at the rate of 352 bu. per acre.—L. H. REED, Washington Co., Vt.

From $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. E. Everitt Potatoes I raised 35 lbs. of such nice smooth potatoes as are seldom seen. My common kinds were almost a failure on account of dry weather. Yours yielded four times as much and of better quality.—G. A. PHILLIPPI, Outagamie Co., Wis.

PRICE—By mail postpaid, 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00; By freight or express, $\frac{1}{4}$ bu. 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$1.25; 1 bu. \$2.25; $2\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$5.00.

GREEN MOUNTAIN

THE KING OF MAIN CROP POTATOES

The greatest yield ever known, at the rate of 1,391½ bu. per acre, was grown of this variety. Also we paid probably the highest price for the original seed that was ever paid for any potato—\$300 for one SUGAR barrel full.



Green Mountain Potato—Introduced by us in 1885

NOTWITHSTANDING that this great potato has been grown for 38 years there are still tens of thousands of growers who do not now, and never did, realize its extreme beauty, goodness and productiveness. We sell large quantities each year both to customers of former years, who want to get a change of seed, and new ones. It is a medium late potato. A very strong grower and is extraordinary in productiveness. The skin is inclined to green color, making it very beautiful. Covered with a netting which usually denotes good table qualities. In the Green Mountain it certainly does, because there is no main crop variety that equals it. As a variety for Fall, Winter & Spring it is without a peer.

We know that if one one-hundredth of the people who receive this catalogue and who have not already owned this potato could talk with some of our customers who have, the demand would immediately be great that we could not supply it.

PRICE By mail postpaid, 1 lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. By freight or express, ¼ bu. 75c; ½ bu. \$1.25; 1 bu. \$2.00; 2½ bu. \$4.50.

RISH COBBLER—(Medium Early)

This is also an excellent variety that follows the Six Weeks in about a week or two. One of its good qualities is that it is not apt to set on more tubers than it needs to marketable size. Vines grow short and upright, permitting of close planting. Skin is white and sh is white. Superior quality. In many sections is referred to all other early kinds. Price the same as Green Mountain.

EARLY OHIO—(Early)

The best known early potato. Skin light pink, with all white blotches. It is a good yielder of shapely tubers of splendid quality. Makes a good Fall and early Winter potato if planted late.

RED RIVER GROWN—Early Ohio.

HOME GROWN—Early Ohio.

Prices the same as Green Mountain.

BLISS TRIUMPH—(Extra Early)

This is the standard variety in most of the Southern producing sections to ship to Northern markets and has

numerous warm friends in the North. The plant grows rapidly and the tubers are medium size, light red color, with whitest flesh. Its extra earliness, productiveness and handsome appearance and fine table qualities make it a favorite with growers and buyers.—Price the same as Green Mountain.

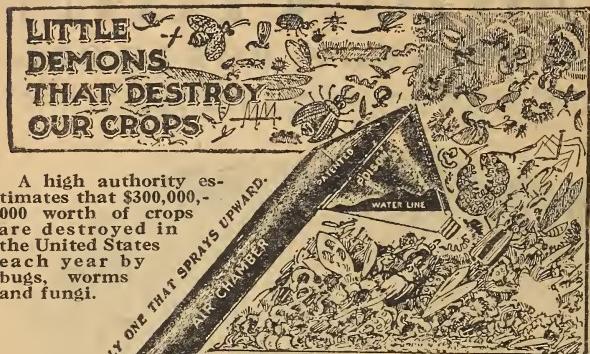
EARLY ROSE—(Early)

This is the good old favorite, known by everybody. Our seed is Northern grown and is superior to seed as frequently sold.—Price the same as Green Mountain.

RURAL NEW YORKER, No. 2—(Late)

A main crop potato remarkable for its heavy yields, good keeping and eating qualities and the esteem in which it is held on all markets. The tubers are white, large, oval, many of them flattened, with few eyes even with the surface. Flesh white and of excellent quality. A very heavy yielder on good ground.—Price the same as Green Mountain.

SPRAYERS AND ATOMIZERS



THE NEW WRINKLE SPRAYER

Agents wanted to sell this, the best low-priced sprayer

This is the best of the small machines for spraying all liquid poison and fungicides to destroy or chase Potato Bugs, Cabbage, Currant, Tomato, Tobacco and Cotton Worms; Plum Curculios, Aphis, Codling Moth and Canker Worms; Raspberry Strawberry, Pear and Rose Slug Striped Flea Beetle; Cucumber and Melon Beetle; Cattle, Horse, Hog and Hen Lice; Clothes Moth and Dog

Fleas. There are similar machines on the market, but none other that will do your work so well. All the hard work of spraying is removed, as the machine weighs only a pound and about a pound more when filled ready for use. Any liquid poison can be used in the New Wrinkle Sprayer. The operation is so exceedingly simple as to recommend itself to every person. Simply put the powder in little packages of $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoonful each, and dump one in the can; fill with water and shake and you are ready. No extra vessels are required. There is no danger if the machine is left lying around. Stock cannot get at the poison and it will not spill out if left in any position. Plants are never burned or damaged if sprayed with this machine. The spray is so fine and it covers so evenly that no damage can result.

PRICE—One 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen \$2.50; per dozen \$4.50

For 25c each extra we will deliver by parcel post to and including 4th zone; 35c to 6th zone
40c to 8th zone.

THE DR. ROBERTSON COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYERS



This is different and superior in some respects to all other compressed air sprayers. It sprays faster and is more economical of spraying material than some others made. Also it has a range of work not approached by others. The superiority of the Dr. Robertson sprayer is also assured for the future because the vital parts, that give it

its superiority, are covered by patents. Others have tried to imitate it but without success, and those who may have been lured, perhaps by lower prices, soon came back to this always satisfactory type.

CONSTRUCTION—A pump, a galvanized iron tank for the liquid and also has an air chamber, two nozzles, for spraying straight ahead, or at right angles. The air chamber makes it a continuous spray. This is the best sprayer if you ever want to spray the under side of the leaves.

PRICE—One \$1.00; $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen \$5.00; per dozen \$9.00

Delivery terms same as for "The New Wrinkle" Sprayer.

WE ARE LOOKING FOR YOUR ORDER



spare no effort to execute it to your satisfaction. Remember, the U. S. mail brings our seed store right to your door.

Farmers and Gardeners, when preparing to order their seeds, do not confine their investigations to one seed catalogue, but they examine several. We know this. So we have made a catalogue that for MODERATE PRICES we believe will appeal to the reader. We feel, in sending this catalogue, that we stand a good chance of receiving your order. If you do send it to us we will

EVERITT'S (O. K.) SEED STORE

Department of Insecticides and Fungicides

We solicit the orders of large users of
know your needs, get our prices

The cost of spraying material and the time to
apply it represents the smallest part of the whole
expense of growing a crop. Labor, seeds, fertilizer
and everything that enters into the production of
fruits, vegetables and potatoes are high; therefore,
after the heavy investments are made, no wise
person will abandon his crops to the numerous
insects and fungi and blight to destroy. But he

PARIS GREEN

For Leaf Eating Insects

Paris Green is the old standard and reliable poison
that has been used for years by potato, tobacco, cotton
and fruit growers and others. PRICE— $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c;
2 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 65c; 14, 28 or 50 lbs. @ 55c a lb.

ARSENATE OF LEAD (Powder)

For Leaf Eating Insects

This is one of the most efficient forms of lead in
powder form that has ever been offered for the control
of plant, vine and tree insects. This lead has high
oison value and is absolutely safe for use in the
orchard or on vegetables, flowers, etc., as far as
injury to the plant is concerned. It can be applied in
the form of a spray or mixed with lime or plaster or
other bases or can even be applied in its original form
without fear of injury. The fact that it never "burns"
the foliage and has extraordinary adhesive qualities
accounts for it being preferred by many to Paris Green.
It adheres a long time to the foliage. PRICE—1 lb.
5c; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10, 25 or 50 lbs. @ 35c.

BORDO MIXTURE (Powder)

For Blight and is a Plant Stimulant

The use of this preparation will stimulate plant life
and prevent blight or rust on any kind of plants during
the growing season and the rot of potatoes in the field
after storing. It is also valuable in repelling the
little flea-beetles which give leaves the appearance of
having been shot full of holes with fine bird shot. Merely
by the addition of water it is made ready. It is coming
into demand all over the country. If you need one
ound or 1,000 pounds of concentrated Bordo Mixture,
let us supply it. PRICE—1 lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.50;
0, 25 or 50 lbs. @ 30c.

LIME-SULPHUR (POWDER)

For Scale Insects and Fungicide

One lb. to 12 to 15 gal. hot or cold water as a Winter
spray, 30 to 50 gallons as a Summer Spray. PRICE—
1 lb. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.30; 25 lbs. @ 18c; 100 lbs. or
more @ 16c.

PYROX (Liquid)

ILLS Leaf Eating Insects, Prevents Blight, Keeps Plants Healthy

This is an insecticide, also a fungicide. Pyrox kills
all leaf-chewing insects and at the same time protects
the crop against fungus diseases, such as potato blights,
apple scabs, etc. By preventing and curing fungus
diseases, it keeps the foliage of the plants healthy and
green throughout the growing season. Some growers
use more from plant diseases than they do from the
destruction wrought by bugs and worms. Wetting
seed corn with Pyrox before planting will prevent crows
and blackbirds from pulling it up and will prevent moles
and field mice from eating it. Full directions for use
with each package. PRICE—1 lb. 45c; 5 lbs. \$1.65;
0, 25 or 50 lbs. @ 25c; 100 lbs. @ 20c.

BLACK LEAF 40. (Nicotine-Sulphate)

For Sucking Insects

This is the most generally used remedy for all sucking
insects, such as Aphis, on apples, pears, peaches,
currants, strawberries, melons, cucumbers, peas, beans,
peppers, potatoes, cabbage, egg plant, cauliflower,
russell sprouts, tomatoes, flowers and shrubs. To kill
these insects their body must be wetted by the spray
made from Black Leaf 40. It is also widely used for
ipping sheep, cattle, hogs, etc., to rid them of vermin.
oz. makes 6 gallons of spray, 35c; 8 ozs. makes 50
gallons of spray, \$1.25.

SLUG SHOT (Powder)

For Leaf Eating Insects

This is the old, standard preparation for the eradication
of insects injurious to house, and garden plants,
eas, vines, potatoes, melons, cabbage, currants, fruits
and vegetables generally. It is a combination of the
best potent insecticides and soluble plant foods. The
reparation does not injure the foliage. PRICE—5 lbs.
5c; 10 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lbs. \$2.00.

LIME

Fine lime for gardens, whitewashing, etc. 10 lbs.

INSECTICIDES and FUNGICIDES. Let us
and we'll try to save you money.

will send his order for what he needs of the following
insecticides and fungicides and exterminate
them off the earth. The preparations and the
spraying machine we offer are unexcelled.

All powders and dust should be applied when
the foliage is wet.

Poisons are not admissible to the mails, so they
must be sent by freight or express.

25c; 25 lbs. 50c; 50 lbs. 75c; 100 lbs. \$1.25.

INSECTO-FUNGO (Powder)

For Leaf-Eating Insects

This is an inexpensive powder,
as fine as flour. Dusted
on plants; it kills leaf-eating
insects such as potato, melon,
squash and pumpkin bugs;
currant worms, etc. While
death to insects, it is not poisonous
to humans and domestic
animals, unless taken in such
quantities as is altogether unlikely.
It will not injure the
plants. It can be applied in any
of the usual ways that powder
is dusted. A good way is to
take a muslin bag, or even a
closely woven gunny bag, and
dust through it. The lightest
cover is sufficient so no need to
waste it. PRICE—5 lbs. 35c;
10 lbs. 60c; 50 lbs. \$2.75; 100 lbs. @ 5½c.

TOBACCO DUST (Dust)

For Leaf-Eating Insects

This dust destroys some kind of leaf-eating insects.
It is particularly valuable against rose slug, lice, cut
worms, vine bugs, tomato worms, current worms and
cabbage worms. Tobacco dust will not burn or injure
the plants. PRICE—1 lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 40c; 10, 25 or
50 lbs. @ 8c.

HELLEBORE

For the destruction of slugs, worms, caterpillars, etc.
Loses its strength when exposed to the air a few days,
making it safe for use when vegetables or fruit are about
ripe. ½ lb. 35c; 1 lb. 65c.

CARBOLA

A disinfecting whitewash paint. Kills lice, mites and
prevents spread of contagious diseases. It dries a clean
snow white and is used wherever whitewash can be
used. Just the thing for Poultry Houses, Barns, Hog
Pens. 1 lb. makes 1 gal. paint. 10 lbs. \$1.00, 20 lbs.
\$2.00, 50 lbs. \$4.00.

TREE TANGLEFOOT

A paste preparation for painting around the trunks
of trees, in the form of a band. Caterpillars and other
crawling pests cannot get over it. 1 lb. 50c; 5 lb. can
\$2.25; 10 lb. can \$4.25.

WHALE OR FISH OIL SOAP

For Sucking Insects

For mild forms of scale, and is an excellent summer
spray, when something stronger cannot be used, where
the San Jose Scale exists. Good for washing off ferns,
plants, lemon trees, oleanders and almost anything
that would be infected with a soft-shelled or in fact
almost any kind of insect. Dissolve in water according
to directions. ½ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 30c; 5 lbs. \$1.10.

FERTILIZERS (Not Postpaid)

NITRATE OF SODA

If you want to see your garden and lawn at their
very best, top dress with this fertilizer. It makes grass
and crops hump themselves, or can be applied in liquid
17oz. to 1 gal. of water. 1 lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs.
75c.

SHEEP MANURE

The most popular garden and lawn fertilizer. 10 lbs.
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results on lawns and in gardens. 10 lbs. 45c; 25 lbs.
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OR EXPRESS.**



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it is a plant.

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| " 4 | 4c per lb., plus 3c. |
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Determine from this map what zone your post office is in. Then with the weight of what you order known, you can easily calculate the cost by the table to the right. Remember, a fraction of one pound counts as one pound. Also that $70 - 20 \times 4c = 80c + 3c = 83c$. Larger quantities can be put in 50-pound packages. Example: 20 pounds in Zone 4— $20 \times 4c = 80c + 3c = 83c$.

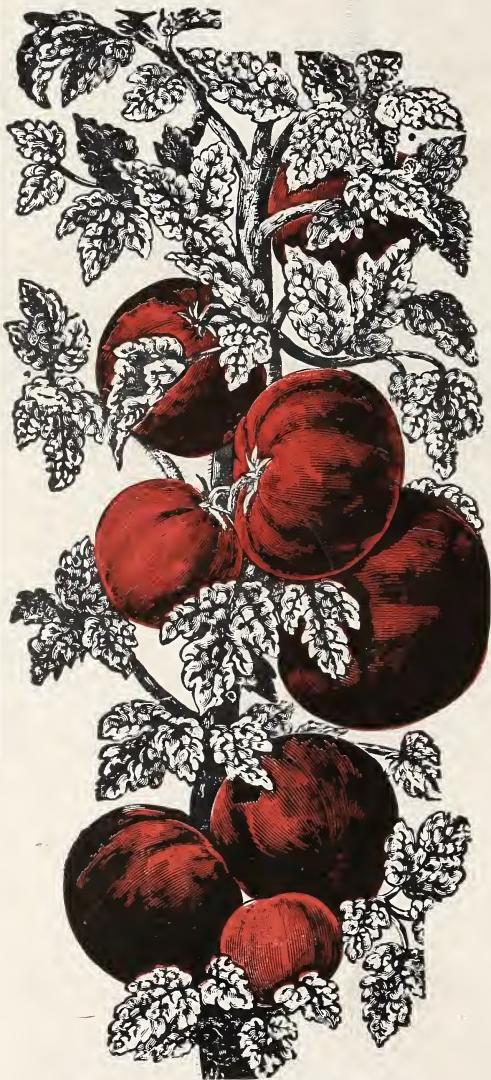
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BELL'S COLOSSAL
TOMATO
Is Praised by Growers in Every State

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Section of Vine of Bell's Colossal Tomato

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BELL'S COLOSSAL TOMATO has been grown successfully and satisfactorily in the home gardens in nearly all states. The reports received have been, without exception, full of appreciation and praise of its good qualities. It already has thousands of friends and is making new ones as rapidly as its merits become known.

PRICE—Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. for 25c; 7 pkts. 50c.

WHEN we say that BELL'S COLOSSAL TOMATO is the very best tomato for the home garden we are only emphasizing what our customers have found to be true, and stating the consensus of reports sent in for this tomato. It is not a freak, but an improved tomato of the greatest USEFULNESS and combining the best QUALITIES—great SIZE, great PRODUCTIVENESS, great SOLIDITY OF FLESH and DELICIOUS FLAVOR when eaten raw or cooked or canned. It is a tomato that wins on exhibition or in the kitchen. So if you want a tomato to exhibit in your garden, or at a fair, or just for use, by all means have some plants of BELL'S COLOSSAL. Read what growers say:

J. H. NICHOLAS, Indianapolis, Ind., said: Bell's Colossal is better than you claimed. When I bought the seed I did not expect it to come near up to your representations. But I was surprised and for once found the tomato even better than represented. You do not recommend it high enough.

W. A. SOLOMON, Modesta, Ill., wrote: We have just picked our first ripe Colossal Tomato and it weighed 3 lbs. and measured 16½ inches in circumference. There are several more larger ones on the vine.

R. T. SMITH, Murfreesboro, Tenn., wrote: I pulled 4 Colossal Tomatoes that weighed 10¼ lbs. The largest one weighed 3 lbs.

D. J. HUMBERT, Gans, Pa., wrote: Colossal is all claimed for it, large, smooth and excellent flavor. I raised one that weighed 3 lbs. Plenty of them that weighed 2 to 2½ lbs. I have grown nice tomatoes, but Colossal is the finest I ever raised. I gave a few to our postmaster and he said they were the finest he had ever seen. If the Colossal does as well for others as it does for me, I don't think the people would want to raise any other.

A. T. GROAT, Gowanda, N. Y., wrote: The COLOSSAL TOMATO grew fruit of enormous size. There were no small ones. The majority of them ran 1½ to 3 lbs. each. They were almost seedless and as solid as old cheese.

J. M. ACKER, Aberdeen, Miss., wrote: From one packet of COLOSSAL I raised more large tomatoes than I ever saw before from an equal amount of seed. I pulled four off of one stem that weighed 9 lbs. I did not prune or tie up the vine as I should have done, but with bad treatment it is a wonder.

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